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Victoria Daily Times.

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VOL. 46. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1908. No. 199

SEA OF FLAMES IN ONTARIO

SETTLERS ENDANGERED IN WHITEFISH VALLEY

Large Area of Timber Lands Destroyed—Serious Fires in Quebec District.

(Special to the Times).

Fort William, Sept. 12.—This morning the whole country along the line of the Duluth extension of the Canadian Northern railway, running to the United States border from Arrow river to Hymers appears to be on fire. Already thousands of dollars' worth of damage has been done to timber.

Reports from the Whitefish valley and Silver mountain are very discouraging. The bush fires are now almost up to the settlement at O'Connor and Gilles, and only a heavy rain can save the communities from destruction. There are several hundred people situated in these districts.

John Menne, a provincial land inspector, came in from a trip over this section last night, and he says that there is a sea of flames along both sides of the road.

Johnson, a settler in the vicinity of Silver mountain, was burned out, losing practically everything he possessed in the world.

Pulp Wood Destroyed.

Sherbrooke, Que., Sept. 12.—Reports from St. Camille state that serious forest fires have been raging since Sunday. The situation is serious. Pulp wood to the value of $50,000 has been destroyed, owned mostly by farmers.

The village of St. Camille was threatened, but escaped destruction. The fires approached within a few hundred yards.

In the township of Wotton hundreds of acres of timber land have been swept bare. Large quantities of cut pulp have been destroyed. The estimated damage is $5,000.

What makes the situation more serious is that no water is available. The springs, wells and brooks are all dried up.

Disarell also reports severe losses of pulp wood and several house have been destroyed.

Kirkdale, near Richmond, also reports serious losses. The Windsor mills are surrounded by fires.

INQUIRY REVEALS ONLY HONEST DEALINGS

Marine Department of Government Bought Reasonably in Every Case.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 12.—The marine inquiry was resumed to-day.

J. McDuff, an accountant, testified that he had examined the entries relating to the sale of silverware, cutlery and china by the firm of B. J. Coughlan & Co., for the steamers Montcalm and Champlain. He had seen the original records of the purchase, and had found them correct. Prior to a refund of $1,100 he found the firm's profit had been about fifty per cent., but after that refund, there seemed to be no profit.

Lyon Cohen, of the coal firm, L. Cohen & Son, had sold coal to the government, but the prices charged were current rates. Mr. Cohen was a member of the firm of W. R. Cuthbert & Co., brass foundry work which had sold the government castings.

Another witness testified to having dealings with the government but declared that the government bought reasonably.

FINE WHEAT SAMPLES.

Calgary, Alberta, Sept. 12.—Nine cars of new winter wheat of the Alberta red variety passed through the city yesterday from the south, bound for Fort William. The wheat, of various grades, are all fine samples and the number one weighs 66½ pounds to the bushel.

DETECTIVES SEARCH FOR EX-BANK MANAGER

Alleged False Returns of Sovereign Institution Said to Reach $1,000,000.

(Special to the Times)

Montreal, Sept. 12.—Duncan M. Stewart, former general manager of the Sovereign Bank, is still at liberty. The detectives believe he is not in the city. The general impression when he left two weeks ago was that he went to New York.

The extent of the amounts involved in the alleged false returns can only be approximated at a million dollars, and perhaps they may amount to more.

TYPHOID VICTIM SUICIDES.

London, Ont., Sept. 12.—Charles Judge, 25 years old, suffering from typhoid fever, jumped from a window of the Victoria hospital yesterday, sustaining injuries which caused death.

MYSTERIOUS FIRE.

Toronto Boat House is Destroyed—Man Drowns While Making His Escape.

Toronto, Sept. 12.—The boat house belonging to Housie, at the foot of Bathurst street, was destroyed by fire yesterday together with nearly seventy boats, canoes and launches.

Joseph Passome, Gerrard street east, was in the building at the time and was drowned in making his escape. Mystery surrounds the whole affair, and an inquest will be held.

The boat house was a fine structure, part of it used for storing launches and boats, while in the other part was a large worshop containing thousands of dollars worth of machinery for boat building.

THE SITUATION IN NANAIMO

FRANK SHEPHERD URGED TO STAND ASIDE

Preceding Famous Conference Efforts Were Made in Matter

Greater interest attaches to the conferencee recently held in Premier McBride's office, when J. H. Hawthornthwaite, the Socialist candidate for the Nanaimo riding, and Frank Shepherd, the Conservative nominee, met with the premier, in view of the fact that preceding this gathering, Mr. Shepherd was urged by friends to stand aside.

An embassy from the ranks of the Provincial Conservative Association spent a few days with Mr. Shepherd, and urged him to leave the field to Mr. Hawthornthwaite. But Mr. Shepherd demurred at thus being unceremoniously removed and for various reasons could not be made to see the situation in the light represented. About two days were spent in negotiations by the embassy and dispairing of a final solution he left for Victoria.

Following this move closely came the now famous "conference in Mr. McBride's office to "discuss the Hoggan case."

In view of the facts, Ralph Smith, M. P., can truly be said to have a wonderful combination lined up against him. In spite of all these efforts, however, Mr. Smith will be able to show that he still retains the confidence of the electorate.

TO ORGANIZE JAPANESE.

Winnipeg, Sept. 12.—R. P. Pettipiece, of British Columbia, who is in the city at present assisting the executive committee of the C. P. R. strikers, in an interview expressed his intention of organizing the Japanese. He states the Orientals in British Columbia are well armed and ready to prevent further attacks from the exclusionists.

He has a great opinion of the Japanese, stating that they recently struck on the coast for higher wages and even appealed to the Trades and Labor council against white labor acting as strike breakers. His avowed intention on his return to British Columbia is to organize the Japanese, and as he puts it, "clean up the country with them."

WANT ANTI-GAMBLING LAW IN CANADA

Methodist Moral Reform League to Ask for Race-track Legislation.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 12.—The reorganization of the provincial police system, the demand for the better enforcement of the liquor law, a protest against the manner in which infractions of that law, punishable by imprisonment, are withdrawn or amended, and the resolution condemning "Thriller" acts in amusement programmes. These were the subjects of resolutions passed at the annual meeting of the Temperance and Moral Reform board of the Methodist church of Canada, held yesterday.

The reports of General Secretary Chown and Field Secretary Magee were encouraging. They commented strongly, however, on the amount of liquor illegally sold to Indians, and steps will be taken to have this state of affairs brought to the attention of the authorities. It was decided to ask for legislation to prevent race track gambling.

ORVILLE WRIGHT IS STILL RECORD BREAKING

Washington, Sept. 12.—In a flight lasting one hour ten minutes and twenty-six seconds, Orville Wright late yesterday surpassed all his previous exploits for a time and distance flight for a heavier-than-air machine.

Two flights were made at Fort Myer, Va., yesterday, the first being of ten minutes fifty seconds duration, for the purpose of showing what rate of speed he had been travelling during his long flights of the past three days.

Yesterday's test demonstrated, according to the aviator's calculations, that the speed of the aeroplane during the record-breaking flights of Wednesday and Thursday was 32.5 miles an hour.

STACKING THE CARDS FOR SMITH

NEW YORK'S NEED IS PUBLIC BATHS

City School Superintendent Says Usefulness Would Outweigh Carnegie Libraries.

New York, Sept. 12.—Dr. A. H. Maxwell, city superintendent of schools, speaking at the American Museum of Natural History last night, before the Playgrounds Association of America, declared that the usefulness to the city on the point of morale of the Carnegie public libraries was small compared with that which would accrue from a comprehensive system of public baths.

"As I draw books for myself from a Carnegie library and watch the children of the public schools go there for reading matter," said he, "I bless the great ironmaster for what he has done for the intellectual improvement and recreation for this city, and yet the usefulness from a moral and hygienic point of view of the Carnegie libraries is small compared with the advantages that would flow from the benevolence of him who shall increase the number of public school baths.

"I know of no better way for philanthropists to promote the physical and moral welfare of the rising generation, their health, cleanliness, and comfort, than by placing say $250,000 at the disposal of the board of education for the installation of shower baths in all our school buildings in the poorer neighborhoods."

WILL TAKE MONTHS TO PROVE "UNWRITTEN LAW"

Trial in Yacht Club Murder Case is Further Delayed.

New York, Sept. 12.—The anticipation that a speedy trial for Capt. Peter C. Hains, jr., and his brother, T. J. Hains, in the Queen's county jail, charged with killing W. E. Annis at the Bayside yacht club on August 15th, would be acceptable to both the defence and prosecution has been dispelled by Lawyer Shay, of the defence, who now says he will not be ready to proceed at the opening of the fall term of the Queen's county supreme court on Monday, October 5th, despite the preparations made by District Attorney Ira D. Darrin.

Mr. Shay says it will take months for the defence to get into shape for the trial.

TORONTO GETS MORE POLICE.

Toronto, Ont., Sept. 12.—Thirty new policemen were added to the Toronto force yesterday, bringing the total strength up to 410.

C. P. R. LOCATING LINE THROUGH PINE PASS

(Special to the Times).

Winnipeg, Sept. 12.—The Canadian Pacific has at present two large survey parties locating a railway line through Pine Pass in the Rockies; also a line to Dunvegan on the Peace River.

Pine Pass has been twice surveyed, once by the Great Northern. It is next to Yellow Head Pass, where the Grand Trunk Pacific is going through, the easiest route to the Pacific coast.

HAVE BIG FISHING RIGHTS IN CANADIAN WEST

Failure of Chicago's Company Throws Many Manitobans Out of Work.

(Special to the Times).

Winnipeg, Sept. 12.—The failure of the Booth Fish Trust Company has caused consternation in Western Canada.

They controlled all the fisheries of Lakes Winnipeg, Manitoba, Winnipegosis, Lake of the Woods and Lake Superior. They employed a thousand people in the winter and in the summer a large fleet of boats.

Hugh Armstrong, M. P. P., of Portage, was the Canadian manager, Capt. Robinson was managing director, and they are heavy losers.

Mr. Armstrong, it is stated, felt the failure coming, and it is understood he will resign his seat, and take the chairmanship of the telephone commission, at a salary of $6,000. He defeated the Liberal leader Brown in the last election.

ACROSS CONTINENT ON FOOT FOR A WAGER

Charles King is Nearing Vancouver After His 3,000-mile Trip.

(Special to the Times.)

Vancouver, Sept. 12.—Charles King, who left Montreal on a wager of a thousand dollars that he could walk to Vancouver in 150 days, arrived at Harrison, 60 miles east of here last night. His time will expire on Sept. 25th, but he still lacks $30 of the $150 he must earn on the trip, so the chanecs are he will not loiter.

CONDITION OF CEREALS THROUGHOUT CANADA

High Temperature and Little Rain Affects Eastern Crops.

Ottawa, Ont., Sept. 12.—The census and statistics reports on the crops and live stock of Canada for the month ending August 31st shows that the rainfall of the month has been scant and the temperature high, and the condition of the later ripening cereals somewhat lowered as compared with June and July.

A fairly constant uniformity has been maintained in the maritime provinces excepting in the case of spring wheat in Prince Edward Island, where the condition fell from 94 in June to 84 in August. In Quebec the outlook continued favorable and in Ontario also in spite of drought conditions it has been fairly maintained. West of the Great Lakes the cereals were considerably affected by hot winds in August, but less in Alberta than elsewhere, owing to the earlier ripening conditions there.

PRICE OF COHOES.

(Special to the Times).

Vancouver, Sept. 12.—At a meeting yesterday the canners fixed the price at 20 cents for cohoes this season.

At Westminster to-day the Fraser river fishermen who pointed a rifle at the officers signed an apology and payed the costs of court.

IOWA COLLEGE DRAWS COLOR LINE

Resentment Among Thousands of Negroes in State—Setback to Race.

Chicago, Ills., Sept. 12.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Des Moines, Iowa, says that the Highland Park college of Des Moines, has drawn the color line. This is the first Iowa education-al institution to exclude negroes, and the action has caused resentment among the thousands of negroes in the state. The Negro Baptists Association of Iowa and Nebraska, in session here, yesterday condemned the college's action and declared it was the greatest setback the race has had in Iowa.

Highland Park college has an enrolment of 2,500 students and several negroes have been in the classes.

President Longwell, in announcing the drawing of the color line, declared he had nothing personally against the blacks, that they had conducted themselves well, but that the white students compelled the action by refusing to attend chapel or to walk into classes with the negroes.

LIBERAL NOMINEE.

Montreal, Que., Sept. 12.—Roch Lanctot, M. P., has been re-nominated for the Commons for La Prairie, by the Napierville Liberals.

SOUTH RENFREW TORIES.

Renfrew, Ont., Sept. 12.—South Renfrew Conservatives have nominated John Mackay of this place for the Commons.

BRAKEMAN'S AWFUL DEATH.

Winnipeg, Sept. 12.—Chas. Porter, a Canadian Northern brakeman, was killed at Oak Bluff, Man., this morning. He had been crushed terribly between two cars.

DREYFUS AFFAIR FINALLY BURIED

ACQUITTAL OF GREGORI COMES AS ANTI-CLIMAX

Verdict in Pantheon Outrage Received With Mingled Hoots and Hisses.

Paris, Sept. 12.—With the acquittal last night by a jury in the Assize court of Louis A. Gregori, who fired upon Major Dreyfus during the ceremonies last June, incident to the placing of the body of Emile Zola in the Pantheon, the Dreyfus affair, which has divided France into two parties for the last 12 years, may be said to have been buried beyond all possibility of resurrection.

The government, it was evident from the remarks of the advocate-general in summing up, did not want a severe sentence, which would allow the matter to die out. It was generally anticipated that the court would condemn Gregori to six months' imprisonment, and his complete acquittal partook of the nature of an anti-climax.

Those present in the court room gave vent to their feelings according to their political views, and the court resounded with mingled hoots and cheers. The president of the court, however, soon quieted the disturbance by ordering the court cleared. An attempt was made to start a manifestation outside the building, but this was frustrated by the police.

FRANCE DISAPPOINTED.

Emperor William Decides Not to Cross the Frontier.

Altenberg, Alsace, Lorraine, Sept. 12.—Emperor William disappointed the general expectation that he would set foot on French territory yesterday in the course of a sight-seeing trip along the Vosges range. French authorities forwarded His Majesty a hearty invitation to do so, and had made every preparation to welcome the Imperial visitor, nad he intended to ascend the Hohenck the highest point in this vicinity which is situated in French territory. From it a splendid view may be had of Remiremont and the valley of the Moselle river.

Emperor William arrived late yesterday afternoon and decided not to proceed across the frontier, but he sent his thanks to the French officials for the courtesy shown him.

GRAND TRUNK OFFICIALS TO VISIT VICTORIA

Party to Tour Over Route of Construction—Going to Prince Rupert.

Montreal, Sept. 12.—One of the biggest parties of Grand Trunk Railway officials which has yet gone to western Canada left yesterday in special cars attached to the International Limited for Chicago. The party included F. W. Smithers, vice president of the Grand Trunk, who has come out from London, Eng., to make the annual inspection of the system in place of Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, the president; C. M. Hays, general manager; W. E. Davis, passenger manager; J. W. Loud, freight traffic manager and D. F. Kelly, chief engineer, and others.

The party will go direct to Chicago and proceed thence to Winnipeg, where General Manager Morse, of the G. T. P. will be met.

Although the itinerary of the party has not definitely been completed it is the intention to go over the whole of the route of construction from Fort William to Edmonton. It is the intention of the party to also visit Prince Rupert, traveling via Victoria and thence by one of the coast steamers.

G. T. P. WANTS MORE MEN AT PRINCE RUPERT

Vancouver, Sept. 12.—Collingwood Schrieber, government engineer, who returned to-day from Prince Rupert, says that the labor problem still hampers the contractors on the Grand Trunk Pacific. Mr. Schrieber says there is steady work for at least six hundred additional men. The railway company has come to an amicable settlement with the various canning companies respecting the right of way across the property of the various canneries.

SLOOP FOUNDERS WITH ALL HANDS

TERRIFIC HURRICANE SWEEPS WEST INDIES

Streets of Grand Turk Are Mass of Wreckage—Many Lives Lost.

Grand Turk, Turks Island, B. W. I., Sept. 12.—A hurricane of great fury swept over Turk's Island on Thursday night and yesterday morning, and at daybreak the town of Grand Turk was devastated. A number of lives have been lost, but just how many cannot yet be said.

Grave anxiety is felt for the safety of Dr. R. T. Robertson, district commissioner of Caicos, who was making a tour of the islands when the storm broke.

The hurricane reached here at 9 o'clock on Thursday night, the wind blowing from the northeast. At 4 o'clock this morning the wind had reached a velocity of nearly 200 miles an hour and was blowing from the northeast.

Much damage has been done to property here and the streets of Grand Turk are a mass of wreckage. Trees have been uprooted, portions of buildings blown away, and many houses have been partially wrecked.

The Haytien sloop, Telegraph, which had taken shelter at Hawk's Nest, foundered with all hands. The schooner Don Leon, belonging to the East Caicos Fibre Company, broke away from her anchorage and has not been seen since. All the salt lighters which were moored at the riding grounds and the Hawk's Nest are missing.

WRIT AGAINST C. P. R.

Vancouver, Sept. 12.—Joseph Martin, K. C., has issued a writ against the C. P. R. for unstated damages, arising out of a fight he had with a policeman a short time ago on the company's property here.

RURAL MAIL DELIVERY.

Ottawa, Sept. 12.—Postmaster General Lemieux and Dr. Coulter, his deputy, are now engaged in making a study of the system of rural mail delivery in the United States with a view to informing themselves as to the feasibility of its introduction to Canada.

OFFICIALS OBJECT TO SCHOOL FRATERNITIES

Deadlock in Chicago Institutions—Pupils Refuse to Obey Orders.

Chicago, Ills., Sept. 12.—Open warfare was declared on Friday between the Chicago school officials and the high school fraternities and societies on which the Board of Education has placed its ban. At the Lake View High school, three boys were suspended for refusing to withdraw from the fraternity, to which they belonged. At each of the city high schools the board's ultimatum was served on the boys and girls who have not signed the anti-fraternity pledge. As the pupils entered the classrooms they were handed a card announcing that if the pledges are not returned on Monday with the signatures of both parent and pupil suspension for one month will become effective automatically in each case. Only withdrawal from the secret societies and a special appeal to the Board of Education, the pupils were told, will obtain re-instatement.

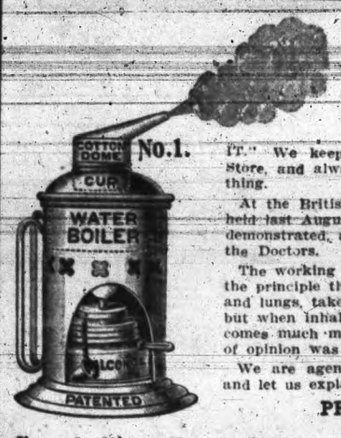
It seems probable that several hundred pupils will be suspended on Monday. Just how far the fraternities will carry their fight will be decided at a conference to-day. According to present plans, arrangements will be made to obtain either a court injunction preventing the board from enforcing its rule until a test case is decided, or a writ of mandamus restoring those who are suspended. It is possible that the injunction will be applied for to-day to forstall the wholesale suspensions provided for Monday.

UNITED STATES AT EARL'S COURT

Exhibition in London Will Typify Progress of North America.

New York, Sept. 12.—For the first time in more than twenty years a purely American exposition will be held in England next year according to an announcement made yesterday. It is to be known as the Golden West and American Industries exhibition, and will be held in the buildings and grounds of Earl's court, London, from May to October. All the exhibits will be taken to London from this country.

The exhibition will typify the great development of the states of the Golden West since the discovery of gold in California in 1849. It will also commemorate the bicentennial of the completion of the first Atlantic cable. Elaborate preparations have been made for the exhibition and an ample fund provided for the purpose.



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Steam Atomizer
No. 1.

You have often heard the expression, "CAMPBELL HAS IT." We keep an up-to-date Prescription Store, and always have the latest in everything.

At the British Columbia Medical Convention, held last August, this Steam Atomizer was demonstrated, and proved of much interest to the Doctors.

The working of the Atomizer is based upon the principle that medicine for throat, nose and lungs, taken cold, closes the membranes, but when inhaled in the form of vapor, becomes much more efficacious. The consensus of opinion was much in favor of the invention.

We are agents for this Atomizer. Call in and let us explain it to you.

PRICE $2.50 EACH

Campbell's Prescription Store.

We are prompt. We are careful and our prices are reasonable.

Look for the sign of the Camel.

Plenty of Water

EIGHT ACRES
Of good land,
Mostly all cultivated,
Two acres in strawberries and other small fruits,
Good income from crop this year,
Six-roomed cottage and outbuildings,
Six miles from town,
At Parsons Bridge,
Near railway station.

$4,750

Very easy terms.

Pemberton AND SON
625 Fort Street

ACCIDENT TO-DAY ON GOVERNMENT STREET

Dr. McCussan Thrown From Carriage This Afternoon.

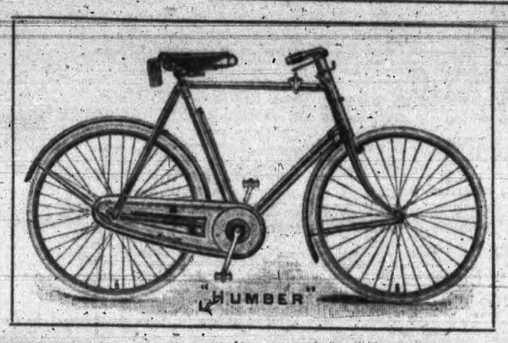
A serious driving accident occurred at half-past one to-day on Government street, as a result of which Rev. Dr. McCrossan, a son-in-law of David Spencer, was badly injured, and at the time of going to press was still in an unconscious condition.

Dr. McCrossan was driving, and at the corner of Belleville street and Government stret the buggy was collided with by a two-horse carriage and badly damaged, one shaft being smashed and every wheel twisted. The horse swerved, struck a trolley pole and upset the rig, throwing Dr. McCrossan out on the road immediately in front of an outer wharf car. The motorman brought his car to a stop promptly within a couple of feet of the body.

Dr. Stanier was hurriedly sent for, while the car crew and passengers lifted the injured man, who was lying on his back, his face covered with blood from deep cuts on his temple and the side of his head. He was placed on the cushions of the buggy and carried into the home of Chris. Spencer.

MOVING SALE BICYCLES

English and Canadian



New and Second Hand

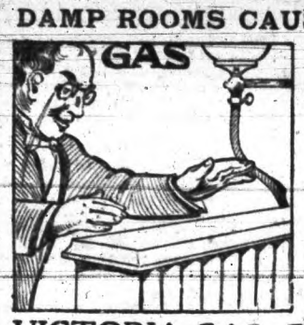
GENUINE BARGAINS WHILE THEY LAST

Being compelled to move from our present premises in a short time, we have decided to dispose of our present and coming stock of NEW BICYCLES AT SLAUGHTER PRICES. This sale will afford an opportunity to get a high-grade wheel at a bargain.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

813 GOV'T ST. VICTORIA, B.C. PLIMLEY AUTO CO. 813 GOV'T ST. VICTORIA, B.C.

DAMP ROOMS CAUSE RHEUMATISM



And other ills that human flesh is heir to. These chilly days a good

GAS RADIATOR

in parlor or "den" may save you many a large doctor's bill. Call here and see our special values in gas radiators, heaters, stoves and cooking ranges.

VICTORIA GAS COMPANY, LTD.
FORT AND LANGLEY STS.

SATURDAY BARGAINS

SALMON, 4 tins for	25¢
FORCE, 6 packages for	25¢
CEYLON TEA, 5-lb. box for	$1.50
PLUMS, per basket	15¢
PEACHES, per box	$1.00

Windsor Grocery Company,
OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE GOVT. ST.

To the Public

We Have Not Joined the Combine and DON'T Intend to.

If it should ever come so that we are cornered, we will close our doors with our colors flying, but so long as we have the support of the people they can depend that nothing of the sort will happen, and our motto, LOW PRICES, combined with GOODS OF QUALITY, will rule here.

PRICES BELOW SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES.

Freestone Peaches, box	$1	Pineapples, each	25¢
Pears, per box	$1	Alberta Dairy Butter, per lb.	25¢
Independent Creamery Butter, lb., 35c, or 3 lbs. for	$1	Trophy Jelly Powder, 4 pkts for	25¢
None nicer.		Reindeer Milk, per tin	15¢
Cox's Gelatine per pkt	10¢	Keiller's Marmalade, 4-lb. tin	50¢
New Zealand Jam, 4-lb tin for	50¢	Pineapple, 2 tins for	25¢
Apple Jelly, per jar	10¢	Dutch Cleanser, per tin	10¢
Pearline, 2 packets for	25¢		

SEE OUR WINDOWS.

COPAS & YOUNG
Anti-Combine Grocers
633 FORT STREET Prompt Attention Phone 94

YES, WE ADVERTISE
BUT THE BEST ADVERTISEMENT OF OUR WORK IS:
OUR WORK

We guarantee satisfaction in Saw Filing, Tool Sharpening, Grinding of Lawn Mowers, Scissors and Knives, Grinding and Honing of Razors, Repairing of Go-Carts, Repairing or Replacing of Locks, New Burglar-proof Locks put on, Keys Fitted Accurately by up-to-date Machinery, and All Work Done Promptly. No Tedious Delays.

H. M. WILSON
Locksmith and Saw Specialist.
1002 BROAD ST. Phone 1718

In the police court this morning only one drunk was called.

—St. Mark's church, Cloverdale, will hold a harvest thanksgiving service on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

—The streets, bridges and sewers committee, at their meeting last night, authorized the laying of a sewer on Moss street, almost its entire length, as far as Richardson street.

—The funeral of the late Captain Murray Thain will take place to-morrow afternoon from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Langley, Quebec street. The services will be conducted by Rev. Finnes Clinton, of St. James church, Vancouver, who was a very intimate friend of the deceased.

FIRE INSURANCE
HEISTERMAN & CO.
1207 Government St.
PHONE 55.

WONDERFUL DISPLAY BY AURORA BOREALIS

Lights Enable Astronomer to Measure Immense Sun Spot.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 12.—Attracted by probably the most remarkable aurora borealis ever witnessed in this section of the country, Dr. John A. Brashear, the well-known scientist and astronomer, last night made a measurement of an immense sun spot he had just photographed. This spot covers 2,250 million square miles of the surface of the sun and its temperature was estimated at 6,000 degrees above zero.

The aurora borealis flashed in brilliant shafts from the west to the north. The display lasted nearly six hours.

Dr. Brashear believes there is a close connection between the aurora borealis and the sun spots.

INFERNAL MACHINE IS SENT BY POST

How Attempt to Assassinate New Jersey's Governor Was Frustrated.

Seagirt, N. J., Sept. 12.—An attempt to assassinate Governor Fort, of New Jersey, has been thwarted by the watchfulness of the post office employees, who discovered in the mails an infernal machine addressed to the governor, the package was a cleverly contrived combination of powder, bullets and matches, which had been so arranged that had the governor opened it in the ordinary way there is little doubt it would have killed him.

That the death-dealing package was intercepted before it had reached its destination was due to the vigilance of the postal officials, who have scanned the governor's mail with unusual care since the executive's recent crusade against the violation of the law at Atlantic City. The attitude taken by the governor when he directed that the excise and other similar laws at the great seaside resort be strictly enforced, and even threatened to order out the militia if necessary, aroused resentment in some quarters, and as it was thought necessary to guard the governor, as much as possible from any annoyance arising from the affair, so an unusual watch was put on his mail.

That the sender of the machine had a grim sense of humor became apparent from an examination of the contents of the package. On a bit of paper he had written a message to the governor which read:

"Please notify us promptly of any change in your post office address."

Another read: "You will know me better after we are acquainted."

—The Grecian ambassador at Washington, M. Coromilas, arrived in the city at noon to-day from Seattle. He is being taken for a run about the city by his fellow countrymen in Victoria. The committee is headed by Denny Haracop, whose father, when mayor of Cephalonia, was acquainted with the ambassador.

RING UP 606
FIRST CLASS SERVICE IN
HACKS, BUGGIES and EXPRESS WORK
Also Wood and Coal orders.
SPECIALTY.
BOARDING HORSES
Loose Boxes, $20 per Month
ISLAND TRANSFER CO.
741 FORT STREET

UNITED STATES HAS BIG NAVAL PROGRAMME

Twenty War Vessels of Different Types Now Under Construction.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—An official statement issued at the navy department shows that naval vessels now under construction number 20. Of these four are battleships, five torpedo boat destroyers, seven submarine torpedo boats, two colliers and two tugboats.

With the exception of the colliers and tugboats, all the work is being done in private shipyards. These figures soon will be increased by the addition of the battleship Florida and three colliers, ten torpedo boat destroyers and submarines.

AIRSHIPS HAVE DEADLY FUTURE IN WARFARE

Orville Wright Discusses Their Possibilities—Battleships Will Be Helpless.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—The chance remark of a sergeant of artillery at Fort Myer, during the aeroplane flights of Orville Wright, was the basis for a discussion of one of the important features of the United States government's interest in the aerial craft for war purposes.

The discussion took place at a dinner tendered to Mr. Wright by naval officers. Said the sergeant: "Airships are no good to launch a shell from, because you cannot get the centrifugal force that is necessary to hit an object." The idea which the non-commissioned officer intended to convey was that the whirling motion given by a modern steel bore gun could not be accomplished in dropping an explosive shell from an airship. The main facts brought out in the discussion of the aeroplane as an instrument of war were that a machine such as that of the Wright Brothers would be practically invulnerable as a target for the enemies' guns; that with a little target practice an explosive could be dropped on a war vessel with damaging results, and that the aerial war craft could be launched from the deck of a battleship. Mr. Wright said that he had made experiences with a swinging weight to see how closely he could hit objects over which he was flying.

"I found that after a little practice it became comparatively easy to put the weight just where I wanted it," said Mr. Wright.

"An allowance which must be made of the effect of a wind striking the course of the airship at right angles.

"On your present machine, how much weight could be added in the shape of a gun?" Mr. Wright was asked by Lt. Sweet, the naval officer detailed to observe the Fort Myer aeronautical tests.

"One hundred and fifty pounds," replied Mr. Wright.

The merits of launching an explosive from a gun was then discussed. Mr. Wright said there would not be a sufficient "kick" to cause the aeroplane to diverge from its course. A shell dropped into the funnel of a warship would cause terrible damage to the machinery and completing its work of destruction by bursting the boilers.

It was suggested by one of the officers present that attacks could be made by a number of aeroplanes as is now done by the torpedo boats. It was pointed out that the greater cheapness of the aeroplane and the fact that but one life for each ship would be sacrificed, would make those attacks much more economical from both a humanitarian and a monetary view point.

DROWNS IN NARROWS.

(Special to the Times).

Vancouver, Sept. 12.—E. Hutchinson, aged 40, was drowned this morning in the narrows. With a friend he was trolling when the steamer Manhattan, going out, created a swell and the boat capsized. Hutchinson's companion clung to the boat and was rescued.

HINDUS TO BE DEPORTED.

(Special to the Times).

Vancouver, Sept. 12.—Twelve indigent Hindus were rounded up during the past few days and will be deported to Hongkong on the next Empress liner by order of Dr. Monroe. A number of them voluntarily asked to be shipped across the Pacific.

SHOT BY "HIGHWAYMAN" ON PITTSBURG AVENUE

Grandson of Carnegie's Partner in Critical Condition—Mysterious Occurrence.

Pittsburg, Sept. 12.—Andrew Kloman, aged 24 years, a grandson of Andrew Kloman, a partner of Andrew Carnegie in the Pioneer Iron and Steel business, was found shot through the head and shoulder on the Grant boulevard, near Centre avenue, early today. The young man was hurried to a hospital in a critical condition and members of his family were summoned to his bedside.

Relatives of young Kloman, who is employed at the Carnegie Steel company, claim he was the victim of a highwayman, and declare that a sum of money, his watch and several papers are missing from his pocket. The police are puzzled over the mysterious shooting and are not ready to accept the theory that Kloman was held up, robbed and shot.

The place where Kloman was held up borders on a fashionable residential district of the city, and the affair has caused considerable excitement.

TWENTY-SEVEN FAMILIES WITH RABIES.

Hydrophobia is raging in the village of Bielskly, in the Yenisei district, Siberia. The village possesses a large number of dogs, which during the hot summer were attacked with rabies and bit many of the horned cattle. The owners of the cattle, noticing that some of them were ailing, killed them for food.

Many of the peasants afterwards developed hydrophobia, says the London Mail. The disease was communicated to the domestic poultry, and even some horses showed signs of it. In the village twenty-seven families are now infected.

Battersea's birth rate for 1907 was 25.1 per thousand, the lowest ever recorded there.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET—First-class, large, pleasant room, bath and light, very central. 641 Superior street.

WILL RENT concession of tea room at Assembly Skating Rink to reliable parties. Apply at Rink.

TO LET—Three unfurnished housekeeping rooms, with sink and water. 87 Fort street, in rear, between Douglas and Blanchard streets.

OSTEOPATHY—Drugless science. Imperial Hotel, Room V.

ORGAN RECITAL—Next Tuesday evening, at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, commencing at 8.15 prompt. Chorus of 40 voices and miscellaneous programme. A great musical treat for all. Tickets 50c.

LOST—At Gorge Park, on Friday, Sept. 11th, old-fashioned gold brooch. Finder please return to Victoria Theatre and receive reward.

WANTED—A young woman for family; plain cooking, good wages. Apply 1130 Broad street.

TO LET—Board and rooms. 926 Fort St., near the Rink.

WANTED—To hire, a tent, size 20x40, or its equivalent. Box 100, Times Office.

FOR SALE—Automobile, for $350. I purchased this car brand new of the Plimley Automobile Co., Ltd., of Victoria, less than fifteen months ago. Apply for particulars to David Hammond, 2302 Douglas street, Victoria, B. C.

SALESMEN WANTED—For the fall and winter rush; no former experience required; we have hundreds of good positions open; travelling salesmen earn from $1,000 to $20,000 a year and expenses. If you desire to enter this highly lucrative profession, our free book, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you the way. Write for it to-day. Address Dept. 779, National Salesman's Training Association, Monadnock Block, Chicago, Ill.; Scarritt Bldg., Kansas City, Mo., or Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn., U. S. A.

SALESMEN WANTED—If you are ambitious and want to earn a good salary our free catalogue, "A Knight of the Grip," will show you how to do it. Travelling salesmen earn from $1,000 to $30,000 a year and expenses. Hundreds of positions open. You can easily secure one of them. We place our graduates with the best firms in the United States and Canada. Write (or call) for particulars to-day. Address Dept. 779, National Salesman's Training Association, Monadnock Block, Chicago, Ill., Scarritt Bldg., Kansas City, Lumber Exchange, Minneapolis, Minn., U. S. A.

DON'T GO TO TOWN!
HERE ARE YOUR SATURDAY BARGAINS

SALMON, 1 1-2 lb. tin	10¢
PINEAPPLE, large tins, 2 for	25¢
TOASTED CORN FLAKES, per pkg.	10¢
MARMALADE, per jar	15¢

BAKER & JOHN
Phone 224 GROCERS YATES ST., Cor. Vancouver
GIVE US A CALL.

NEW LIVERY—The undersigned begs to announce that he has opened a Livery, Board and Sales Stables AT 15-16 DOUGLAS ST., OPPOSITE CITY HALL.
Board by month, and all kinds of equipages at reasonable rates.
B. B. WELLS, Proprietor.

PEDEN'S TAILORING PARLORS 611 Fort Street

Fall Goods Arrived
See Them!

New Wellington COAL

This Celebrated Domestic Fuel—the best House Coal on the Market

LARGE LUMP COAL, per ton	$7.00
LUMP SACK COAL, per ton	$7.00
EGG COAL, per ton	$6.75
WASHED NUT COAL, per ton	$6.50

2,000 LBS. WEIGHT GUARANTEED DELIVERED
FOR ONE WEEK 5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT
ON ORDERS OF THREE TONS AND UPWARDS. CASH TO ACCOMPANY ORDER.

J. Kingham & Co.
Telephone 647. 1210 BROAD ST.

FOR SALE—A cosy seven roomed cottage, having all modern conveniences, good cellar, two pantries, bathroom, etc., with ¼ acre of ground and forty fruit trees, as well as shrubbery. Apply 2858 Douglas street.

DIED.

THAIN—In this city, on the 10th inst., at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Jas. Langley, 225 Quebec street, cor. St. John, (Capt.) Murray Wilson Thain, aged 74 years, a native of St. John, N. B.

The funeral will take place from the address as above on Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, and 2.30 at Christ Church Cathedral.

Friends will please accept this intimation.

Granite and Marble Works

Monuments, Tablets, Granite Copings, etc., at lowest prices consistent with first-class stock and workmanship.

A. STEWART,
COR. YATES AND BLANCHARD STREETS.

Victoria Waterworks

Tenders For Water Meters

TENDERS sealed, endorsed and addressed to W. W. Northcott, Purchasing Agent, will be received up to 4 p.m. on Monday, the 26th October, for the supplying of 3,500 Water Meters for the Victoria Water Works, as per specification, copies of which can be obtained at this Office.

WM. SCOWCROFT,
Acting Purchasing Agent.
City Hall, 12th September, 1908.

INVESTMENT—We are authorized to offer an opportunity for investment for a few days, which will appeal to persons with ready money. It represents profits, in addition to good interest, backed by security of 10 times amount required. If you have money, communicate with the undersigned. (No agents). H. H. Jones & Co., Promis Block.

SATURDAY'S SPECIALS
Fine Flawless Fruit

ONE BASKET MIXED FRUIT
Consisting of fine Grapes, Pears, Peaches and Bananas. Only ..... 25¢
NICE BANANAS, per dozen, only ..... 25¢

BUTTER BARGAIN
Three lbs. Table Butter for $1.00

W. O. WALLACE
The Family Cash Grocery
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts. Phone 312

TIME SPENT
IN LOOKING OVER OUR STOCK IS WELL SPENT

It is easy to select suitable presents from our large showing of SILVERWARE, CUT GLASS, OAK-WARE, ETC., and a few minutes so spent will solve the question of the WEDDING PRESENT.

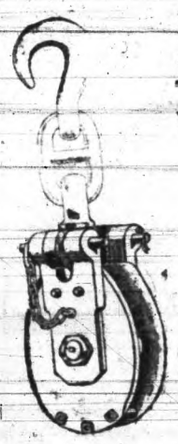
ALL ARE WELCOME, WHETHER INTENDING TO PURCHASE OR NOT

Redfern's Government Street VICTORIA

Money to Loan
Upon Improved Property
At Current Rates

Robert Ward & Co., Ltd.
521 Fort Street VICTORIA, B. C.

BLOCKS



We Carry a Complete line of Blocks for all purposes

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E. B. MARVIN & CO.
THE SHIP CHANDLERS 1206 WHARF ST.

To Make Good Concrete Work
YOU SHOULD USE WASHED AND GRADED MATERIAL
WE SELL IT
B. C. Sand and Gravel Co., Ltd.
Office and Bunkers, FOOT OF JOHNSON STREET
Phone 1388

WARLEE & CO., IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
All Kinds of Grass Linen, Cotton Crepe and Silk
Ladies' and Children's Underwear Made to Order. Oriental Art, Ebony and Rattan Furniture.
707 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C. Bet. Douglas and Blanchard Sts.

HORSES FOR SALE
A CARLOAD OF HORSES
NOW ON VIEW
At
OUR STABLES, RICHMOND ROAD
Near Jubilee Hospital
Rattray & Graham
VICTORIA, B. C.

MARDI GRAS AT THE SEASHORE.

The big annual Coney Island Mardi Gras takes place next week, and the king and queen who are elected each year by a ballot through the New York Evening World will reign supreme. Coney Island's Mardi Gras is the biggest event of the summer anywhere on the Atlantic Coast. . . . Admirers of George McManus' work will be glad to know that there will be a Pan Handle Pete song given with next Sunday's World.

SOME MINIATURE ISLANDS.

That very latest addition to the British Empire, Coetivy Island, in the Indian ocean, is not the smallest single bit of territory reigned over by King Edward. It is, for instance, at least ten times as big as Pudding Island, in the Tonga group, which is less than a mile in circumference. The area of this latter, too, is gradually diminishing, owing to the disintegration and subsidence of the coral base on which it stands. It derives it curious name from its striking resemblance to the top half of a pudding, the barrier reef which entirely surrounds it standing for the rim of the basin.

Then, again, there is Beehive Island, in the South Pacific, which rises from the centre of a perfectly circular platform to a height of 400 feet, in a smooth dome-shaped hill of polished basalt, exactly resembling a beehive. Its area altogether is less than 1,000 acres. Nevertheless, on the ledge surrounding the inaccessible central dome are some 200 natives, who support themselves by fishing.

Conway Island is another curiosity in smallness. It is only six feet above water, and measures barely 150 yards in one direction by about 20 in another.

CITY CHURCHES

(Notices for this column must reach the Times Office not later than 10 o'clock on Saturday morning in order to insure insertion.)

ANGLICAN.

Christ Church Cathedral, Burdette avenue. The services for the day are: Holy communion, 8 a. m.; morning service and litany, 11 a. m.; children's service, 2.30 p. m.; evening service, 7 p. m. The preachers for the day will be: Morning, the Archdeacon; evening, Canon Beanlands. The music set for the day follows:

Morning.

Voluntary—Andante ..... Smart
Venite and Psalms for 13th Day ..... Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum ..... Field-Gauntlett
Benedictus ..... Barnby
Hymns ..... 303, 257 and 271
Voluntary—Allegro ..... Guilmant

Evening.

Voluntary—Eventide ..... Thome
Processional Hymn 240
Psalms for 13th Day ..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat ..... Marchant
Nunc Dimittis ..... Marchant
Hymns ..... 180, 236 and 216
Vesper Hymn ..... Armitage
Recessional Hymn 222
Voluntary—March ..... Merbecke

St. John's, Douglas street, corner of Fisguard. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Percival Jenns, the rector, will preach in the morning, and the Rev. A. J. Stanley Ald in the evening, subject, "A Question and an Answer." The music follows:

Matins.

Organ Voluntary ..... Turle
Venite ..... Cathedral Psalter
Psalms for the 13th Morning ..... Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum ..... Burnett in G
Benedictus ..... Troutbeck
Hymn 3
Litany ..... Barnby
Hymns ..... 176 and 178
Organ—Chorus ..... Handel

Evensong.

Organ Voluntary ....
Processional Hymn 179
Psalms for 13th Evening ..... Cathedral Psalter
Cantate ..... Lawes
Deus Misereatur ..... Goss
Anthem—Thou Wilt Keep Him in Perfect Peace ..... Lee Williams
Hymns ..... 195 and 271
Amen ..... Threefold
Vesper ..... Burnett
Organ—Postlude ..... Lemmens

St. Barnabas', corner of Cook street and Caledonia avenue. Rev. E. G. Miller, rector. There will be a celebration of the holy eucharist at 8 a. m.; choral matins and litany at 11 a. m.; choral evensong at 7 p. m. The Rev. J. Grundy will be the preacher for the day. All seats are free. The musical arrangements are as follows:

Morning.

Organ—Romance in F ..... Richmond
Venite and Psalms .... Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum ..... Lawes
Benedictus ..... Barnby
Hymns ..... 247, 219 and 595
Offertory Anthem ..... Fitzgerald
Organ—Postlude ..... Merkel

Evening.

Organ—Angels Ever Bright and Fair, ... Handel
Psalms ..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat ..... Battishill
Nunc Dimittis ..... Dr. Monk
Hymns ..... 290, 518 and 370
Vesper—I Will Lay Me Down in Peace
Organ—O, Father, Whose Almighty Power ..... Handel

Anglican Mission Sunday school, Oak Bay district, held in Foul Bay road schoolhouse every Sunday at 3 p. m., under the auspices of the Brotherhood of St. Andrew.

St. James', Quebec street, corner of St. John. Rector, Rev. J. H. S. Sweet. Holy communion at 8; matins, litany and sermon at 11; evensong and sermon at 7. The music follows:

Morning.

Organ Voluntary—Andante ..... Turle
Venite and Psalms .... Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum—2nd Alternative ..... Cathedral Psalter
Benedictus ..... Barnby
Hymns ..... 184, 215 and 633
Organ Voluntary—Lieder Ohne Worte, No. 48 ..... Mendelssohn

Evening.

Organ Voluntary—Andante ..... Spinny
Psalms ..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat ..... Smart
Nunc Dimittis ..... Foster
Hymns ..... 290, 439 and 26
Vesper Hymn ..... Sullivan
Organ Voluntary—March of Israelites ..... Costa

REFORMED EPISCOPAL.

Church of Our Lord, Humboldt street. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sermon in the morning by Rt. Rev. Bishop Cridge, D. D., on "The Happiness of Being at Peace With God"; evening, Rev. T. W. Gladstone, "A Legion of Demons Cast Out." The music follows:

Morning.

Organ—Prelude ..... Ernest H. Smith
Venite and Psalms—As set ..... Cathedral Psalter
Te Deum—XI. ..... Mercer
Benedictus—I. ..... Mercer
Hymn—Art Thou Weary .....
Hymn—The Church's One Foundation.
Hymn—Jesus Calls Us O'er the Tumult
Organ—Fughetta ..... Merkel

Evening.

Organ—Air ..... Haydn
Opening Hymn—All People That on Earth Do Dwell .....
Psalms—As set ..... Cathedral Psalter
Magnificat—II. ..... Mercer
Nunc Dimittis—VI. ..... Mercer
Hymn—Sinful, Sighing to Be Blest ...
Hymn—Weary of Wandering From My God .....
Hymn—Glory to Thee, My God, This Night ....
Organ—March ..... J. W. Elliott

PRESBYTERIAN.

First, Pandora avenue. Rev. Dr. Campbell, minister. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Christian Endeavor on Monday evening. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening. On Sunday morning the Rev. E. D. McLaren, D. D., of Toronto, will preach and assist the pastor in dispensing the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper.

St. Andrew's, Douglas street, corner of Broughton. Pastor, Rev. W. Leslie Clay, B. A. Services will be held at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 9.45 a. m. The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the morning service. The pastor will preach in the morning, and the Rev. E. D. McLaren, D. D., general secretary for home missions, of Toronto, in the evening. Strangers cordially invited. The musical selections follow:

Morning.

Voluntary—Communion Lied ..... Mendelssohn
Psalm 65
Hymns ..... 198, 219, 423 and 421

Evening.

Voluntary—Andante (Corillon) ..... Hardebeck
Psalm 34
Anthem—Let Not Your Heart Be Troubled ..... Trembath
Hymns ..... 193 and 503
Solo—Come, Jesus, Redeemer ..... Bartlett
Mr. F. Waddington.
Voluntary—Postlude, Impromptu ..... Jeboult

St. Paul's, Henry street, Victoria West. Rev. D. MacRae, pastor. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sabbath school at 2.30, and Y. P. S. C. E. at 8.15 p. m.

Knox, Stanley avenue. Rev. Joseph McCoy, M. A., minister. Services at 11 a. m., conducted by the pastor. Sabbath school at 2.30 p. m. The music for the morning service is as follows:

Hymn 1
Psalm 23
Tenor Solo—I Stood Outside the Gate ..... H. P. Main
Mr. J. Scott Ross.
Psalm 99
Hymn 175

The service is short and bright, with good singing. A hearty welcome given to all.

CONGREGATIONAL.

First, corner Pandora and Blanchard avenues. Public worship at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. The pastor, Rev. Hermon A. Carson, B. A., will conduct the services and preach. Morning theme, "A Sane Presentation of Unemphasized Truths"; evening subject, "Striking Contrasts in the Development of Human Life." Bible school and Men's Own Brotherhood at 2.30 p. m. Y. P. S. of W. W.'s on Monday at 8 p. m. Prayer meeting at 8 p. m. on Thursday. Miss Little, of Vancouver, will render a solo at the evening service. All seats are free. Strangers and visitors are cordially welcomed at any and all of the services.

METHODIST.

Metropolitan, corner of Pandora and Quadra streets. Pastor, T. E. Holling, B. A. The services for to-morrow follow: 10 a. m., class meetings; 11 a. m., special service for aged and infirm. An invitation is given to all who cannot ordinarily attend divine service and for whom carriages will be sent if the pastor is notified in time. Friends with conveyances are also invited to bring any aged friends they know of. The service is intended as a tribute to the aged, and it is hoped there will be a large gathering of younger people to pay their tribute to those who have reached the evening of life. A letter from Bishop Cridge will be read at the service, and the pastor will preach a sermon appropriate to the occasion; 2.30 p. m., Metropolitan Sabbath school; 2.45 p. m., Spring Ridge Sabbath school; 7.30 p. m., the pastor will continue his series of addresses on the Life of David, subject, "Lights and Shadows of David's Reign." All cordially invited. Strangers, visitors and tourists specially welcome.

Victoria West, corner of Catherine and Wilson streets. Divine service at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday school at 2.30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday, 8 p. m. The Rev. W. P. Ewing, of Nanaimo, will preach to-morrow both morning and evening. Subscriptions will be received on behalf of Columbian College. A. E. Roberts, pastor.

Centennial, Gorge road. To-morrow the pastor, Rev. S. J. Thompson, will conduct both services. In the morning the subject of the sermon will be the "Unjust Steward," and in the evening Mr. Thompson will conclude the series on the Lord's Prayer, the subject being "Deliver Us From Evil." Sunday school at 2.30 p. m.

BAPTIST.

Emmanuel, Spring Ridge. Rev. Dr. Spencer will preach at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Morning subject, "A Threefold Creation"; evening, "Little Things in Nature, History and People." Everybody made welcome.

First, A. O. U. W. hall, Yates street. Rev. Christopher Burnett, pastor, will reame work on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday school at Burnside, Victoria West and Victoria hall at 2.30 p.m.; also men's Baraca class at same hour in A. O. U. W. hall. B. Y. P. U. on Monday at 8 p. m. in Victoria hall. Prayer meeting on Thursday at 8 p. m. in Victoria hall. Strangers cordially welcomed at all these services.

OTHER DENOMINATIONS.

Christian Science services are held in the K. of P. hall, corner of Pandora and Douglas streets, Sunday mornings at 11 o'clock. Subject to-morrow, "Substance." All are welcome.

Psychic Research, main hall, K. of P. building, corner Pandora avenue and Douglas street, at 8 p. m. Mrs. Nagel Foster, inspirational speaker and psychic medium, will lecture under the auspices of the Psychic Research Society. Spirit messages and clairvoyant descriptions after lecture. All are cordially invited.

Salvation Army hall. Services will be held as follows: Sunday at 11 a. m., holiness meeting; 3 p. m., praise meeting; 7.30 p. m., salvation meting. Monday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, public meetings at 8 p. m. All are invited.

Christadelphians. Bible lecture, Labor hall, Douglas street, 7 p. m. Subject, "After Death, What Then?" All welcome.

Harmony Hall Mission, View street. Sunday school, 10 a. m.; meeting for worship and Bible study, 11 a. m., when Mr. West, of Woodford, Essex, will be present; Gospel service, 7 p. m., to be addressed by Miss McKinney, missionary, from Benares, India, who will give a strong missionary address.

THE ANCIENT GOOD WIVES.

Good wives should resemble three things, which three things they should not resemble.

Good wives to snails should be akin,
And always their houses keep within;
Yet not like snails by fashion's hacks
Take all they're worth upon their backs.

Good wives like city clocks should be,
Exact with regularity;
Yet not like city clocks, so loud
Be heard by all the vulgar crowd.

Good wives like echo should be true
And speak but when they're spoken to;
Yet not like echo, so absurd
To have for ever the last word.

—Bear in mind the island's annual exhibition at Ganges, Salt Spring Island, on Wednesday, Sept. 16th. Good programme of sports and attractions. A splendid day's outing for everybody, old and young. Take the V. & S. railway and steamer Iroquois for the round trip.

—See opening announcement of Rink in amusement column.

GIRLS' ACADEMY IS MAKING REPUTATION

Dr. Pope's Institution Fills a Long Felt Want

One of the first things which strikes an eastern newcomer to Victoria is the lack—or apparent lack—of a Ladies' College. In all eastern cities one finds institutions of this sort of every denomination, and the fact that they are always well patronized proves that they fill an ever-present want.

In Victoria there are abundant facilities for educating boys and young men, but girls, as they outgrow the public, and it may be, high schools, are sent to Portland, Yale, Winnipeg, or it may be Toronto, to finish their education. This should not be; apart from the expense and pain of separation, there are very many reasons why mothers should keep their daughters under their own eyes as they grow to womanhood, and an institution which has been—in a quiet, unpretentious way — for four years making this possible, and exerting a refining and elevating educational influence among the young girls of our city, is Queen's Acadamy, conducted by Dr. Pope, on the corner of Rock Bay and Hillside avenues.

The Doctor, himself a man of well-known Christian character and educational attainments, personally superintends the work of all the pupils, and conducts many of the senior classes himself. He is ably assisted by two lady teachers and a specialist in music.

The pupils are divided into three divisions, primary, intermediate and senior, that is to say, they may begin at the Alpha of education and end with Omega, or in other words, they may begin as kindergartners and be steadily and thoroughly instructed in learning in all its branches until their education is finished. There is no need to send them out of the city and away from home to become highly educated young ladies fit to adorn the highest circles of society.

Queen's Academy is no ill lighted, microbic, unsanitary old building only fit to be torn down, but a thoroughly modern, up-to-date structure, fitted with the latest improvements in the way of desks, seats, blackboards, etc., and standing in commodious grounds with ample room for playgrounds in the open and delightful recesses among thick growing trees where the children can eat their lunches and enjoy all sorts of delightful hide and seek games unobserved and undisturbed by street traffic.

For parents who do not care to send their girls to the public schools and yet do not wish to send them out of the city, Queen's Academy cannot be too highly recommended. It is situated in the heart of the city, easily accessible from the outskirts by car line, and yet, remote from noise and street traffic.

Besides the regular commercial branches, Latin, French, the higher mathematics, Roman history, drawing, painting, and music are taught by properly qualified teachers and no pains are spared to develop any special talent which a pupil may display.

Last year seventy pupils were enrolled; on September 3rd of this year the school opened with fifty, but every day adds to the number. The attendance, once the school is properly known, should run up into hundreds, and in that case the teaching staff could be increased, more accommodation provided, and the institution develop into what it should be, a Ladies' College known throughout the length and breadth of the province, and one which would not only keep Victoria young ladies at home, but attract to the city students from all the western provinces.

DR. POPE'S ACADEMY FOR GIRLS.

THE O. K. RANGE.

Will our readers kindly note the series of advertisements now appearing for the O. K. range in this paper.

The Gurney-Oxford people have a record of over half a century of successful stove making behind them.

Their business has had a wonderful growth in this province, due largely to the fact that they have studied B. C. conditions, and have built to suit the B. C. people.

LETTERS FROM WOMEN
About Pe-ru-na.

MRS. CLARA L. MILLER. MRS. S. L. JEWELL. MRS. MAHALA REID.

The following testimonials represent actual experience of every-day life. They are the truthful utterances of women who have been ill and have found a reliable remedy in Peruna.

It means a great deal to the women of America to have at hand a remedy capable of giving such relief. Constipation, rheumatism, kidney trouble, bronchitis and a host of other catarrhal conditions are relieved by Peruna. At least this is what the women say. They have no object in saying such things, except to render truthful testimony to their suffering sisters.

Peruna is making such friends every day. It is the testimony of the people that has made Peruna so justly famous

Chronic Bronchitis.

Mrs. Clara L. Miller, Box 71, Columbia Sta., Seattle, Wash., formerly vice president of Skoogay Country Club, writes: "Nine bottles of Peruna cured me of a protracted case of bronchitis. There is no superior remedy that I know of, as the action of Peruna on the vasa motor system of nerves is very beneficial. It increases the tone of the system and aids nature to perform her functions.

"I have recommended it to a number of my friends, who speak in the same high terms of it. I have certainly found it a most efficacious medicine."

Nervous, Tired and Weak.

Mrs. Christina Smukalla, 490 Winslow Ave., Buffalo, N. Y., writes: "I trust every one suffering from systemic catarrh will read this and profit by it.

"I was in a very bad condition indeed, when I began to take Peruna, and my friends as well as myself were very much alarmed over my condition. I was always nervous, could not sleep at night, my food did me no good, and I was always tired and weak. I tried several doctors, but found no relief.

"Finally I took two bottles of Peruna and felt like a different woman. However, I did not stop there, but kept on with it until I had taken several bottles, when I felt completely cured, and have remained so ever since. I can eat and sleep now."

A Good Word for Pe-ru-na.

Mrs. S. L. Jewell, R. F. D. 1, Freeport, Pa., writes:

"Having used Peruna myself for many years with beneficial effects, and observing the good it has done others of my acquaintance, I cannot but say a good word in behalf of Peruna."

Keeps Pe-ru-na in the House.

Mrs. Maria Goertz, Orienta, Oklahoma, writes: "My husband, children and myself have used your medicines, and we always keep them in the house in case of necessity. I was restored to health by this medicine, and Dr. Hartman's invaluable advice and books. People ask about me from different places, and are surprised that I can do all of my housework alone, and that I was cured by the doctor of chronic catarrh. My husband was cured of asthma, my daughter of earache and catarrh of the stomach, and my son of catarrh of the throat. When I was sick I weighed 100 pounds; now I weigh 140.

"Dr. Hartman's remedies have proven to be reliable and wonderful. Their effect upon the system is remarkable. Peruna quiets the nerves, and is a great specific for all forms of chronic catarrh.

"I am very glad to say that I can write you that I am cured in every way of catarrh, with which I had suffered terribly for ten years. I cannot thank you enough for your advice."

Constipation, Kidney Trouble.

Mrs. Mahala Reid, Corbyville, Ont., Canada, writes:

"Your celebrated remedies have been a wonderful boon to me in my old age. I have not been in so good health for several years as now.

"I was troubled with constipation, rheumatism and kidney trouble. A little over two years ago I completely lost my health, becoming almost helpless, when a dear friend sent me your remedies, Peruna and Manalin.

"I began to take them, following the directions on the bottles. I very soon began to feel benefited by their use, and continued to take them.

"I am now completely recovered from the above ailments, in fact, better than I have been for years past.

"I cannot praise the remedies too highly and will always recommend them to others."

A Well-Known Remedy.

Peruna is a catarrh remedy that has been in the field for many years. Other catarrh remedies have come and gone, but the reputation of Peruna has outlived them all.

Peruna is a combination of efficient herbal remedies that wields a powerful influence on all the mucous membranes of the body, and hence reaches catarrh wherever it is located.

The Daily Times

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A NOBLE MISSIONARY.

Bowser the mighty, the invincible—yea, even Bowser is going to "carry the message East" and deliver it to the eager, expectant multitude. This is the Attorney-General's own announcement. He is going to help Mr. Borden in Ontario and elsewhere, while his ungifted and uninspired colleagues—plain, common, brown political birds compared with the gorgeous-hued Bowser—will be left to do the mere dull, routine work of routing the solid seven of British Columbia. A riotous imagination is not necessary to conceive of the sensation Bowser's oratory will create in the Maritime Provinces, in Quebec and in Ontario, whose unfortunate inhabitants have not had the privilege of listening to the thunderous periods, the mighty Niagara roar, of, Bowserian eloquence. When Bowser's "torrents of fiery indignation" break loose in the east, it is an easy matter to understand what will happen to such oratorical weaklings as Sifton of Manitoba, Graham and Aylesworth and Guthrie of Ontario, Fielding and Macdonald of Nova Scotia, Pugsley of New Brunswick, Laurier, Lemieux and Marcil of Quebec, and all the other Grit creatures of the lower orders. We doubt not that having heard the first rumblings of that glorious "Voice of the West" they are already all preparing to flee from the political wrath to come and take refuge in the woods. There is no question about it: Bowser will be the sensation of the campaign in the East. And, if we mistake not, our Western Big Thunder will have the time of his political life when the gentlemen of the press, who alone fear the face of no man, not even a man of the acknowledged prowess of Bowser, get after him, place him in the crucible, and proceed to search for the secret of his greatness.

But, disturbing thought, is it possible that the lion-hearted, jungle-voiced Bowser is going to run away? Is he going to take his friend Gotoh with him? Is he afarid lest some of the contracts between his Oriental client and the greatest of the corporations of British Columbia should be brought out in judgment against him? Is he not going to keep his promise and follow Duncan Ross, M. P., from one end of his constituency to the other, compelling the member to eat his words at every city, town, village and settlement? That is what Bowser, the friend, adviser and agent of M. Gotoh, said he would do. Now he is off for the East, shirking the duty he owes to his reputation—if he has any reputation worthy of vindication. It really does appear that after all Bowser is nothing more than a Big Noise.

A WORD WITH DR. YOUNG.

Our good but somewhat erratic friend, Dr. Young, Minister of Education of British Columbia, has asked the people of Vancouver what Templeman has ever done for Victoria. Why should the doctor ask the people such an irrelevant question? It would be very much more to the point if the Minister and his chief, accompanied by the Attorney-General, should take the stump here and ask the question. Are they all afraid that some one might ask them what the McBride government, whose leader has the honor of being our representative, has done for Victoria? That would be a pertinent question put in a pertinent place. Mr. McBride told the people of this city that if they chose him as their representative he would do something for the city. It is doubtless important that constituencies should be above such paltry considerations as self-interest. They should consider the duties of their representatives as far above mere sordid localisms. But when appeals for support are based upon sordid considerations, the people thus appealed to have a right to look for the redemption of such pledges. So we ask again, what has McBride done for Victoria? Has he implemented his pledges? Templeman in appealing to the constituency for support based his request for consideration upon the broad ground of public policy. He did not say that if elected he would see that Victoria was accorded preferences to which she was not entitled by reason of her position and prospects. But after a short period of service in a government which has accomplished wonders for Canada as a whole, he can point to the accomplishment of designs in connection with the statesmanlike policy which have not been without influence upon the fortunes of his constituency. The results are tangible. They consist of something more than vague generalizations which have not been, and never were intended to be, carried out. Dr. Young in his campaign as Minister of Education in the McBride government, and as might have been expected from a member of such a government of chicanery and humbug, told the people that if the government was sustained it would give them free school books. The parents of Victoria know, if the parents of other portions of the province do not, the manner in which that pledge has been redeemed. The free school book plank in the McBride government's platform was as rotten as the political character of the men who constructed the platform.

Will Dr. Young, Minister of Education, have the goodness and the courage to mount a platform in Victoria and ask the people here what Templeman has done for Victoria?

THE GRAND TRUNK PACIFIC.

The Conservative press assures us that it could not make any difference in general results if Mr. Borden were entrusted with the task of carrying out the Liberal Grand Trunk Pacific policy.

Though Mr. Borden opposed the Grand Trunk Pacific from its inception, though he criticized its general design and its every detail, though he denounced it as ruinous and extravagant, he would like to be permitted to carry it out now. If he were allowed to do so he could do but one of two things: he would either let it be a success, claim it as his own, and live in a reflected and stolen glory, or he would make it a failure and say, "I told you so."

When the government propounded its Grand Trunk Pacific policy Mr. Borden, in his usual vacillating way, wobbled and wavered and swerved and swung from one alternative to another in an endeavor to light upon a policy of his own. Yet he never evolved anything save a foolish and ineffective opposition to the G. T. P. which culminated in the wail of a futile election cry: "Better a government owned railway than a railway owned government."

If Mr. Borden has even now any affection for the G. T. P. he has "never told his love, but let concealment, like a worm in the bud, feed on his damask cheek." And such a cheek.

Consider for a moment what Mr. Borden would be likely to do if the people were weak enough to entrust him with a work which he has opposed, barassed and obstructed at every step. He would virtually be in the hands of his friend Mr. Osler, member for Centre Toronto, who is the railway man of the opposition. Mr. Osler is a man of ability of a kind—the kind that sees and seizes brokers' opportunities. He is a director of the Canadian Pacific, which is the great rival and business enemy of the Grand Trunk and of its bigger and better self, the Grand Trunk Pacific. Does any sane man believe that Mr. Osler would help to make the Grand Trunk Pacific a success; that he would hesitate (to use his more famous brother's phrase) to chloroform it?

Does British Columbia, does Canada, wish the Grand Trunk Pacific to be put to sleep?

Canada will not allow the mere detractor to supplant the designer of its greatest works.

The terse sentence which follows, taken from the columns of the Colonist, may be fairly classed as one of the modern curiosities of literature. In times gone by school children were daily commanded to "parse the following sentences." We wonder if Dr. Young, or Mr. E. B. Paul, or Mr. Willis, would shiver in their shoes if some great headmaster from somewhere ordered them to parse this sentence: "It is also unscientific, because it contraverts the doctrine of the conversation of energy, for all the mental and physical labor requisite for the production of the articles in question, not to speak of the mental wear and tear involved therein, and the strain upon our contemporary's conscience, if it has any, will become mere nothingness, and like a melancholy pageant ended, leave not a wrack behind which words, we may remind our contemporary, are somewhat slightly altered from those used by another master mind in fiction variously supposed to have been the possession of one William Shakespeare and Lord Bacon, of which we shall not endeavor to say at present, although it would be quite as apropos of anything in which the people of this mundane sphere are interested, as are the speculations of our contemporary as to what may or may not have occurred at a business meeting in the Premier's office, which appears to have been prolonged to a greater duration than was necessary in the opinion of our esteemed contemporary, although this probably only means that its spy upon the Premier's door "got hungry for his lunch before the interview was ended."

* * *

We are really sorry for the poor people of the East. They will probably never know what they are going to miss. Premier McBride cannot address them upon "the political issues of the day." He has more important duties to perform. The combination with his friend Comrade Hawthornthwaite might get out of order if he were not on hand to oil it and keep it in prime condition.

* * *

The Police Magistrate—Prisoner, the charge against you is that you were drunk. Do you plead guilty or not guilty? Prisoner—Not guilty, Your Honor. I hadn't a thing all day yesterday, but one of those Colchester choice tomatoes."

—Special attention is drawn to the reduced price of coal in the advertisement of J. Kingham & Co. on page 2.

What Other People Think

DEER HUNTING.

To the Editor:—Under the sporting items of recent date the somewhat timely subject of using dogs for the purpose of hunting deer is arraigned for a first hearing, as it were, in the open courts of the newspapers. The value of our game animals and their prominence as an asset, both from a provincial and an individual point of view, has only been recognized with any seriousness during recent years; is not yet fully recognized, and will not be until their decrease is so marked as to call for sterner protective measures than we are presently prepared to accept. With game still in fair abundance on the present accessible hunting grounds, and a still larger game producing territory adjoining—as yet inaccessible to the average hunter and therefore protected in the highest degree, but available as a future field—it has not yet been brought home to the hunting fraternity as a whole that the extreme and rigidly enforced protective enactments, covering all descriptions of game, now in force in parts of the American continent, are object lessons worthy of present and earnest attention, lest we ourselves are too late with the proper measures now found so necessary elsewhere to prevent extermination.

There is, however, one clause in our existing game laws which, in effect, neutralizes the object in view. I refer to that clause wherein it is made unlawful to hunt deer with dogs, and, Mr. Editor, it is against the drift of the present interpretation of that clause and the suggested enforcement of it that this letter is addressed.

It cannot be denied that the form of deer hunting known as "hounding," and usually planned to drive deer to certain spots from which the harassed, terror-stricken animals are shot down as they pass, is an offence to the sense of fair play of any sportsman, even as meted out to the dumb creation. On the other hand, the law-abiding deer hunter is forced to admit that his day's pleasure is often marred by the regretful memories of the deer that was shot, but that got away. For in the dense undergrowth the deer is usually lost without the aid of a trained dog, unless it falls at the crack of the rifle or within the range of vision, which is of necessity extremely limited in this heavily timbered country. The plea for the poor wounded brute, escaping only to linger, is a strong one. Moreover a lost deer means freedom for further hunting, and possibly even more wounded "getaways," before the hunter returns satisfied by the accomplishment of his object, and here I would lay stress upon the ability of the law to defeat the end in view, viz., the preservation of the game, for in most cases the first deer would be found if a trained dog were used to track it. It is possible that the aim of the particular clause under review was to prevent "hounding," and that the merits of the trained dog, used under proper restrictions, were lost sight of as a factor in the prevention of undue killing. Hounding as a practice, naturally fell into disrepute with the march of events, as well from its cruelty as from its wanton slaughter.

One of the best charms of the day for the bird hunter is that gained from the observation of his dog; its sagacity and intelligence at work calls for his unstinted praise; this, too, is claimed for the deer dog. A trained bird dog should not wilfully "break," neither should a deer dog hound or run deer. The legitimate purpose of both is to lead the hunter in the direction of his game, and, in the case of the deer dog, to track it down step by step if, wounded, it gets away. Even the reputation of the bird dog is not unsullied; it has been known to run deer, and, under the present division of the game seasons, it will be possible to hunt deer with shotguns and bird dogs in the bird season without restraint. This is not as it was intended, neither is it desirable. The game act should permit the deer hunter to have the same rights and privileges as the bird hunter in the use of dogs, provided always that hounding is eliminated. This is possibly the spirit of the act, but its present wording gives our game guardians an unpleasant and almost fruitless task.

While on this subject I would voice my protest with that of many others against the use of shotguns to kill deer. I venture to say that on the whole more deer are wounded and escape in misery by the use of this weapon than are ever bagged. It would be well if our deer season opened earlier and closed before the mating season commenced, with the bird season to follow; the use of shotguns in the bush could then be regulated so as to prevent much of this useless wounding, and would also have the effect of preventing much of the killing of game birds out of season that is now going on despite the active work of the game wardens.

JAMES TAYLOR.

THE CONSERVATIVE CONVENTION.

To the Editor:—I attended the Conservative convention the other evening, partly because I wanted to cast a ballot for Mr. Beckwith, and partly because I believe it to be the duty of every loyal citizen to attend such party conventions and use such influence as he may possess in favor of the selection of the right kind of men as candidates. Various ideas suggested themselves to my mind as I sat in the hall and took in the proceedings. The gathering itself, as I looked over it, suggested to me that other one which the good book describes, where messengers were ordered to go out into the highways and hedges and bid them to come in that the house might be filled, and where were brought the lame, the halt and the blind to partake of the feast—only in this instance the messengers seemed to have been sent not so much into the highways and hedges as into the saloons and bars of the city, for those who gathered to that feast seemed to have been largely recruited from that source. I have attended a good many political conventions in my day, but never before one like that. It was an unorganized mob. Nobody seemed to know or care whether those depositing ballots were voters or non-voters, whether they had come from the city, Oak Bay, Esquimalt, Saanich or the uttermost parts of the earth. There were no delegates, no proper representation of the different wards of the city, and no care was taken that one particular section should not swamp the others. The whole meeting might have been, and probably was, recruited and drummed up by the hired workers of one particular candidate or interest. It was a great night for the political bosses. They were all there, and they wore smiles of satisfaction which probably won't come off—until the votes are counted on election night.

While waiting for the meeting to open, I fell into conversation with the gentleman who occupied the seat beside me, whom I did not know. "Who is going to be nominated?" I asked. "Oh! Barnard," he replied. "You see Barnard stands in with the saloon people and Beckwith don't," he explained, "so the boys have all turned out to vote for Barnard tonight. Look around at this crowd—see what it is composed of. What do you think these people are here for—to vote for a man like Beckwith? Not much! Besides," he explained, "Barnard and his family connections will put up a lot of money and Beckwith won't, and the boys want the man who will supply plenty of the needful." "Then Barnard is to be nominated because he is expected to catch the saloon vote and because he will furnish the sinews of war to fight bribery and corruption?" I asked.

"Yes, that is about the size of it," he replied.

Then the meeting opened and our conversation ended. That my neighbor had sized up the situation about right was made evident a little later, when the result of the balloting was announced.

I was reminded, too, of what he had told me when Mr. Barnard soon after made a pathetic appeal to the audience to run an honest and clean election. Just think of the colossal nerve of a man, who owed his selection as a candidate to the methods and the influences which he did, looking down into the faces of the bosses who sat together in the front seat, and with pious unction declaring for a clean and honorable election. It would take the pen of a Charles Dickens to do justice to such a scene. I cannot, and so for the present, at least, I leave that feature of the case. If you will permit me, I may at another time attempt to show cause why the Christian men and women of this city should rise in their might and with righteous indignation bury this man under such an overwhelming majority as to put an end for all time to all such methods as characterized that convention.

The Conservative party in this city needs to be rescued from the baneful influences which now seem to dominate it; it needs to be cleansed and purified as with fire. The alliance between its leaders and the saloon which now prevails in this city should not be any longer tolerated. That there is a host of good men and true in the Conservative party who will not tolerate this condition of things was clearly seen the other evening when more than a hundred men immediately got up and left the hall in disgust as soon as the result of the balloting was announced. It seems evident, therefore, that the refining process has already begun. May it continue until the bosses are taught a much needed lesson.

INDEPENDENT CONSERVATIVE.

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An Important Sale of Hosiery for To-day

This sale will help you in making your hosiery purchases to-day. A lot of different makes and kinds will be closed out at decided reductions. Only small quantities in some, but enough in all to make a good sale, and the savings are good.

Boys' 15c and 25c Hose To-day 10c

BOYS' HOSE, 4-1 rib, three kinds in the lot of 15c and 25c hose that will sell to-day at 10c

Children's 25c and 35c Hose To-day 15c

CHILDREN'S HOSE, 1-1 ribbed lisle, 1-1 ribbed cotton, 1-1 ribbed cotton, heavy knee. Regular prices 25c and 35c. To-day 15c

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WOMEN'S HOSE, 4-1 ribbed cashmere, 2-1 ribbed cashmere and plain cashmere. Regular price 50c. To-day 33c

Women's Ribbed Hose To-day 25c

WOMEN'S HOSE, an extra good quality of 2-1 ribbed cashmere, in size 9 1-2 only. A splendid bargain to-day at 25c

Women's 65c Lisle Hose for 50c

WOMEN'S HOSE, plain lisle thread, an extra fine quality that sells at 65c. To-day at 50c

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WOMEN'S HOSE, from nice patterns, in lace lisle hose, pretty designs, good qualities. Regular 50c. To-day 35c

Men's Footwear Specially Priced

MEN'S LACED BOOTS, a fine quality Dongola Kid Boot. Medium weight, extension edge soles; neat but comfortable, machine toe last. These boots are exceptional value at this price. For to-day..... $2.50

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This is one of the biggest, if not the biggest, book values we have had for a long time. These books are the best works of some of the best authors. They are well bound in cloth, very neat and attractive bindings. Printed in a large type, easy to read, on good quality paper. The list of titles is very large indeed and contains some of the world's best fiction. The regular selling price is 75c. The special price for to-day is 25c

Regular 15c Paper Novels. To-day at 10c

Just think of buying books with these titles at this price. The works of some of the very best authors, as can be seen by the following list: Dorothy Foster, by Besant; God and the Man, by Buchanan; Red Spider, by Baring Gould; Chandos, by Ouida; Parie, by Emil Zola; A Terrible Temptation, by Charles Reade; The Tents of Shem, by Grant Allen; For Faith and Freedom, by Walter Besant; The Shadow of the Sword, by Robert Buchanan; A Son of Hagar, by Hall Caine; The Woman in White, by Wilkie Collins; Griffith Gaunt, by Charles Reade; The Convict Ship, by Clarke Russell; the Downfall, by Emile Zola; Short History of Our Times, by Justine McCarthy; The Golden Butterfly, by Besant and Rice; The Shadow of a Crime, by Hall Caine, and very many others. Regular selling price 15c. To-day 10c

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In this library we have three hundred and forty different titles, covering practically every branch of literature, fiction, science, poetry, drama, classics, history, oratory, philosophy, romance, travels, Essays—every possible subject treated by the world greatest writers. Special prices, leather bound, 50c, cloth bound 25c

A Few of To-night's 7.30 Specials

Men's Colored Shirts, $1 and $1.25 Qualities for 50c

This is a splendid bargain. You cannot have too many shirts, especially when you can buy them for less than the cost of the material alone. These shirts are made of excellent qualities of print and percale, in a large variety of neat and handsome designs, in checks, stripes and other patterns, in colored; also plain white. Some plain bosoms, others pleated. Some of these shirts sold at $1.00. The majority at $1.25. The choice of the entire lot to-night, 7:30 ..... 50c

$1.75 Ceylon Flannel Shirts for $1.25

CEYLON FLANNEL SHIRTS, a good range of patterns in fawns and greys, different designs. Soft lounge, separate collar and soft cuffs. A very nice weight of shirt for wearing from now on. Regular value $1.75. To-night, 7:30 ..... $1.25

$1.75 and $2.00 School Footwear at $1.25

Boys' and Youths', Misses' and Children's Boots at prices enough below the regular to make it is well worth your while to be on hand promptly at 7:30 to-night.

BOYS' AND YOUTH'S BOOTS, grain leather school boots, sizes 11 to 5, worth $1.75 and $2.00. 7:30 to-night $1.25

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S BOOTS, Dongola kid, laced, sizes 8 to 2, worth $1.75 and $2. 7:30 to-night $1.25

DAVID SPENCER, LIMITED

Thorpe's English Ginger Beer

"The Best Yet."

—Yesterday E. Jacobs, secretary of the Western branch of the Canadian Mining Institute, received a telegram notifying him that the burning of a railway bridge near Schreiber, Ont., had delayed the Institute excursion party two days, and that it would probably be one day late in arriving at Victoria. This morning a telegram from H. Mortimer Lamb, secretary of the Institute, sent from Winnipeg, asked Mr. Jacobs to definitely arrange that the party's visit to Nanaimo shall be made on Thursday, 24th inst., according to programme, so it would appear that the lost time is to be made up before the party shall arrive at Victoria. According to the published itinerary, this city is to be reached on the evening of Monday, 21st inst.

—The first regular meeting of the executive of the Local Council of Women of Victoria and Vancouver Island, after the summer vacation, will take place on Monday at 2.30 p.m. at the city hall. All delegates are reminded to give in the replies of their affiliated societies to the questions sent out recently by the president, together with all resolutions to be placed upon the agenda for the annual meeting. This being an especially important meeting it is incumbent upon all delegates to be present.

—The Methodist church in this city is still having trouble in trying to take possession of a house which they bought many months ago. The house, which is situated on Pandora avenue, near the Metropolitan church, is occupied by Mrs. Roache as a monthly tenant, at least the courts have so decided, and she has been given the usual notice to vacate, but she is determined to remain as long as possible. Proceedings have therefore been again taken in the County court to have forcible means used to clear the premises, and the case will be tried on Tuesday next before Judge Lampman. A. E. McPhillips, K. C., is appearing on behalf of the church and R. T. Elliott, K. C., for Mrs. Roache.

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Prevents and heals chaps, roughness, sunburn, etc., counteracts the bad effects of dust-laden winds on the complexion. Keeps the skin soft and smooth; makes the hands delicately white. Does not promote hair-growth. Is neither greasy nor sticky. Excellent for gentlemen's use after shaving. Always fresh; always pure. Made from an especially fine formula, from the best and purest ingredients.

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HEYWOOD AVENUE
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OF SIX ROOMS
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$3,150
EASY TERMS
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To tone up your health during the fall. The purest and most nourishing malt beverage on the market.

A large shipment of this matchless Porter just received in exceptionally fine condition. Sold by all licensed grocers.

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We are offering the finest value on record in good soap, equally valuable for the toilet or best laundry use—for delicate lace, etc.

CASTILE SOAP
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The largest bar of Castile Soap ever offered, and the finest quality at this minimum price.

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CLOSE TO GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS

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This residence is just completed, and is

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—Liberal Rooms. Phone 1704.

—Beautiful new designs in wall paper are being shown at C. H. Tite & Co., 632 Yates St.

—"New Life," prepared in Nature's laboratory, an infallible cure for the most obstinate cases of indigestion. Ask your druggist for it.

—Don't forget the Excursion to Ganges Harbor, Sept. 16th.

—We are showing some beautiful designs in artificial flowers at Phillips Bros., 826 View street. Phone B1207.

—Grand results achieved with the small Vacuum Cleaner as sold by E. Kroeger, 733 Fort street. Phone 1148. Hotels, clubs, hospitals and private residences.

—See opening announcement of Rink in amusement column.

—Good underwear for fall wear. Ladies', men's and children's underwear in all the best makes and styles at popular prices.—Robinson's Cash Store, 642 Yates street.

—Excursion to Ganges Harbor exhibition Wednesday, Sept. 16th, by V. & S. railway and steamer Iroquois. Train leaves Victoria 7:45 a. m., returning at 10 p. m. Single fare for the round trip. This will be a delightful outing. A good programme of sports has been arranged for the afternoon.

—What was wanted in Victoria: Ringshaw's delicatessen store. This is what the public say. If you want genuine home-cooked food try us and We guarantee you will be satisfied. We make a specialty of our B. C. cooked ham, which is the best to be had. We also serve cooked beef, veal, pork and pies of all kinds. If you want a real good cup of tea or coffee try us. A branch of the Fairview Greenhouses has been opened here, and wreaths, sprays, bouquets of all kinds can be had on short notice. Phone 1424.

—See opening announcement of Rink in amusement column.

—The Ministerial Association of this city will meet on Monday morning in the Congregational church parlor. This is the first meeting since the summer vacation, and a very interesting session will be held. Rev. Leslie Clay will give an address upon "Impressions of Church Work Abroad." It is hoped that there will be a full attendance of members.

FOUND DEAD.

Many people have been found dead from heart failure caused by worry. Ring up 249 if you want an express wagon for your baggage, one or two trucks for hauling your furniture, freight, etc. You can secure one at all hours. We have the only Hardy Patent Piano Lifter in the city; keeps the piano from scratching and otherwise damaging. See it before you move your piano. We have given satisfaction for 17 years and can give it to you. You pay no more to have things done right by us. If you are a stranger on arriving here phone 249. We come for your baggage or furniture and store it for two weeks free, and if you go away we will ship it to any part of the world. Pacific Transfer Co., 506 and 508 Fort street. Phone 249.

—In the article on Bygone Days of British Columbia, printed in last week's issue, it was inadvertently stated that Fort Langley was founded in 1847, and Old Fort Hope in 1827. These dates should have been reversed, reading Fort Langley 1827 and Old Fort Hope 1847.

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—An announcement has been made that September 26th the first number of the People's Press, a weekly publication, will make its initial appearance in the city. Phil. R. Smith is managing editor. The directors of the company are as follows: Arngrimur Johnson, Daniel C. Spencer, Ormund Lee Charlton, Catherine Chapman, Alfred James Morley, Maria H. Grant, Samuel J. Thompson, John Meston, Edward G. Lendrum, Archibald E. MacEachern, Bertha A. Andrews, Ada L. A. Murcutt, Thomas W. Gladstone, Cecelia Spofford and W. A. Gleason.

—The owners of property along Wharf street, from Government to Johnson streets, are taking up the matter of the permanent paving of that thoroughfare. The city proposed to lay vitrified brick, but nothing can be done for some months as the water mains and high pressure fire mains have first to be put in. The owners had a meeting this week in the office of J. Stuart Yates, and talked the question over. It is proposed that a couple of them should visit Seattle and Portland and find out what the experience of those cities has been with macadam and vitrified brick.

—The fire brigade had several calls yesterday afternoon for small fires. Workmen clearing land on Burnside road allowed the blaze to get beyond their control. The flames swept along rapidly through the dry grass and things looked so threatening that the brigade was called. It brought the fire under, but it was thought well to leave watchers to prevent any possible outbreak. Another fire from burning grass on the Indian reserve required the presence of the firemen. Late in the afternoon burning rubbish in the rear of the Lighthouse saloon was the cause of an alarm being sent in, but the blaze was got out before the brigade arrived.

HARMONY HALL.

Arrangements For Services to Be Held To-Morrow.

At the morning meeting at Harmony hall mission, View street, at 11 o'clock, Mr. West, of Woodford, Essex, will be present and give an address. Mr. West has been associated for many years with forward movements of religious work in England in general, and his address is looked forward to as being likely to stimulate the work of the mission.

At the evening meeting at 7 o'clock, Miss McKinney will again speak on her experiences as a missionary in India. She has been in India over 30 years, and a very warm invitation is extended to those who are in anyway interested in missionary work. One of Victoria's young ladies is going out to India to work with Miss McKinney, and it is hoped that as the outcome of Miss McKinney's visit here sufficient funds will be raised for the support of Victoria's representative in the mission fields of India.

Last evening at the Y. M. C. A. Miss McKinney gave an illustrate address on her work, showing about 80 views of different departments of the work. As to-morrow evening will be the last opportunity of hearing Miss McKinney in Victoria a large gathering is looked for.

Mrs. W. West Wilson, 430 Quebec street, will not receive until the third Wednesday in November.

MISS McKILLIGAN MADE HER DEBUT

Fashionable Audience Heard Local Singer Last Evening.

That Miss McKilligan's fellow-citizens take a lively interest in her professional career was shown last night by the large and fashionable audience which greeted her first appearance on the professional stage, and by the well deserved and sustained applause which greeted her every effort.

Miss McKilligan is the fortunate possessor of a well trained mezzo soprano voice and sings easily and naturally, enunciating every word with perfect distinctness. Her voice wavered slightly at times on the higher notes, but that might be easily attributed to nervousness attendant upon her first appearance before a home audience.

Her first number, "The Years at the Spring," was well received, and was followed by another operatic spring song, at the conclusion of which she was presented with two beautiful bouquets. Her second numbers, a serende from Schubert, which she sang with great feeling, and a song from Faust, with violin obligato by Herr Moritz Rosen, were deservedly encored and she was again presented with two bouquets. But it was in her third numbers that she appeared to best advantage, singing as a bird sings without the slightest effort all sorts of trills. In a selection from Samson et Deliah, she displayed more operatic talent than in any of the others and one is safe in predicting for the young artist a brilliant and successful career on the operatic stage if she continues to work and study along the lines in which she has already achieved such a pronounced success. But the watch-word of all artists is work, work, always work.

Although the interest of the concert centred largely in the local artist, the rest of the programme was well sustained despite the fact that the other vocalist, Herr Karl Schwerdtleger, was too ill to appear on the platform. Herr Heinrich Bosse, the pianist, displays remarkable technique and plays brilliantly and with feeling; his number given with the left hand alone was a marvellous display of what can be done in that line. The violinist, Herr Rosen, was also well received, but in some of his numbers seemed a trifle monotonous. Mrss J. Morrison, who accompanied the violinist, did so with a skill and taste which left nothing to be desired by the most critical.

It would seem as if most of Victoria's four hundred were present at the Jessie McKilligan concert last night. The lieutenant-governor's box was well filled and Mrs. R. Dunsmuir looked particularly well in a beautiful gown of blue satin with yoke and sleeves of tulle and large corsage bouquet. Others occupying boxes were Hon. W. Templeman, Mrs. Templeman and party, Mr. John Arbuthnot and party, Mr. Carlin, Hon. E. Dewdney, W. H. Cuthbert Holmes, Mrs. H. Munsen, of Winnipeg, and F. B. Warren.

Miss McKilligan wore a beautiful gown of heavy cream satin with lace overdress, and was the recipient of six bouquets. Mrs. Morrison, the accompanist, wore a handsome dress of white rep silk with long train, and many beautiful toilettes were noticed in the audience.

—The First Baptist church will hold their first congregational reunion since the reorganization, on Wednesday evening next in the Victoria hall on Blanchard street. There will be an interesting programme of music, etc., and refreshments will be served. The officials of the church are looking forward to a large attendance of all friends of the church.

PERSONAL.

W. Staley Spark, one of the judges of the coming forty-eighth annual Victoria agricultural show, arrived in the city last night from London. He is staying at the Empress hotel.

* * *

A. S. White leaves on Monday on a trip to San Francisco by the overland route.

THE PRICE OF BEST
WELLINGTON COAL
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LAND GRANTS FOR S. AFRICAN VOLUNTEERS

Two Adjoining Quarter-sections as Bounty to Those Who Served the Crown.

The following indicates the scope of an act to authorize a bounty to volunteers who served the crown in South Africa. It was assented to on July 20, 1908:

His Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate and House of Commons of Canada, enacts as follows:

1. This act may be cited as the Volunteer Bounty Act, 1908.

2. This act shall apply to all volunteers then domiciled in Canada who served with the British forces in South Africa during the years 1899 to 1902, both inclusive, or who, being so domiciled, enlisted with or were appointed to Canadian corps and arrived in South Africa for the purpose of so serving, but, owing to the close of the war, were not on active service. Volunteers shall be deemed to include female nurses.

3. The governor-in-council may grant to every such volunteer, or, in the event of his death between the date of his enlistment or appointment and the 31st day of December, 1910, to his legal representative, two adjoining quarter-sections of Dominion lands, available for homestead entry, subject to the conditions herein specified.

4. Every such grant shall be subject to the conditions that the grantee, or his substitute duly qualified in that behalf as provided in the next succeeding section, shall select and enter for the said two quarter-sections in the Dominion lands office for the land district in which they are situated on or before the thirty-first day of December, nineteen hundred and ten; that he shall perfect his entry by commencing actually to reside upon and cultivate the land within six months after the said day; and that he shall thereafter reside upon and cultivate the land for the period, and in accordance with the terms and conditions, prescribed by the homestead provisions of the Dominion Lands act.

5. No person shall be accepted as a substitute unless he is a British subject, or declares his intention of becoming a British subject, and is of the age of eighteen years, and until he has filed in the department of the interior, at Ottawa, an instrument executed in his favor by the grantee, in the form A in the schedule to this act, the execution of which had been duly proved by an affidavit, in the form B in the said schedule, to be made by a subscribing witness to the execution of such instrument, before some one authorized to administer an oath under the provisions of section 25 of The Interpretation act.

In the case of a substitute the land shall be entered, and the patent therefor shall issue in his name; but no patent shall issue to any such person until he has become a British subject.

No such instrument shall be accepted or recognized by the department which is not executed and dated after the date of the warrant of the minister of militia and defence provided for in section 7 of this act.

6. Any person entitled, under the foregoing provisions, to select and enter for either by himself or by his substitute, land as a homestead, may, in lieu thereof, if he or his substitute so chooses, receive scrip for one hundred and sixty dollars, which shall be received from the bearer at its face value in payment of any Dominion lands open for sale: Provided that any person choosing to take scrip shall notify the minister of the interior of his choice on or before the thirty-first day of December, nineteen hundred and ten.

7. Every grant of land or scrip under this act shall be made by the minister of the interior, upon a warrant issued in favor of the person entitled thereto, by the minister of militia and defence, which shall be recorded in the department of the interior, under section 94 of the Dominion Lands Act; and all scrip issued under section 6 of this act shall be subject in all respects to the provisions of sections 94, 96, 97 and 98 of the Dominion Lands act.

8. The entries made and the patents issued under this act shall be exempt from all fees and charges exacted in the case of an ordinary homestead entry.

—To-morrow envelopes for subscriptions in aid of the building fund for the addition to the Old Women's Home will be placed in the pews in the Anglican churches, when it is hoped there will be a liberal response.

If you are thinking of buying, call and
SEE
OUR PIANOS
First or Last
IT MAKES NO DIFFERENCE
As we know that once having seen a GERHARD HEINTZMAN Upright Grand you will never be satisfied with any other.

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MRS. M. A. VIGOR begs to announce the opening of AUTUMN MILLINERY
Wednesday, Sept. 9th
All the Latest Creations for Fall Wearing can be seen here. A Cordial Invitation is extended to all.
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WE HAVE DECIDED TO SELL THE WHOLE OF OUR FINE SELECTED STOCK AT PRICES THAT MUST CLEAR, VIZ:
33⅓ Per Cent. Reduction
Being less than first cost, to make room for large importations, this store being overcrowded with goods.
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653 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.
Two Doors from Douglas Street

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We are sole agents for HENRY HEATH & CO. Beside this, we are showing a very fine assortment of AUTUMN HEADWEAR, just the becoming up-to-date blocks choice dressers appreciate.

STIFF HATS—Heath's Stetson's and Christy's, in black and the new browns. Prices.....$5.00, $3.50 and $3.00

SOFT HATS—"Alpine," Telescope" and "Dip Front," in black, grey, fawn, the latest browns and new acorn shades. Prices .....$5.00, $3.50, $3.00, and $2.50

ENGLISH CAPS—Fresh consignments just to hand. All the swell creations in "Golf" shapes and two very latest ideas, "Homburg" and "Ravenscroft," stylish flat top caps—some lined with silk, others unlined, with good sweatband. Shades of these are the new Lovat mixture, this season's browns and greens, with ultra-smart overcheck to match or harmonize with all the new fall suitings. Price $1.50, $1.25, $1, 75¢

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To-day's News in the Times

Bygone Days of British Columbia

To Cariboo and Back

BY R. E. GOSNELL (Copyrighted)

IT is an old theme now, but the story of Cariboo never grows stale. It was only a year or two before Cariboo eclipsed the Fraser river and became in a very special sense British Columbia to the outside world. Very few of the old timers but have spent some of their first days in this province in that district. The tales told of Cariboo experiences would fill several volumes. Newspapers and magazines in the United States, Eastern Canada and Great Britain contained many a description of the then "New Eldorado," and if we could but collect them all they would to the pioneers, read like "letters from home." Among such reminiscences unfortunately, too rarely met with, I came across a series of articles in an old copy of "Leisure Hour," written from rough notes and sketches sent from Victoria by W. Champness, and so far as I know, have never been reproduced.* The particular volume containing these reminiscences is the property of Robt. W. Partridge of the Terminal City. The first chapter relates to the voyage from England in 1862, by the old well-travelled route of those days, via St. Thomas (W.I.), Aspinwall, Panama, and San Francisco, and is not particularly noteworthy. There are the usual incidents of the voyage, and the usual notes of interest about the various stopping places. Our story opens at Victoria. There is nothing particularly new in it to readers of literature on the subject, but the interest and value attaching to it lie in the fact that there are related the impressions of an Englishman of British Columbia written at the period to which it refers. There is a vital difference in the point of view of a man new to the country, recorded on the spot, so to speak, and that of a man who speaks from recollections of things which happened forty or fifty years ago. We get the actual photograph, not the sketch, from memory dimmed by intervening years. What will be still more interesting on the reproductions of those "rough sketches," they are not only decidedly freehand, but they are decidedly quaint as well, and yet they appear to convey a more or less accurate idea of the scenes, more accurate and realistic than artistic. One or two are priceless in affording a glimpse of early life nowhere else to be had. I have divided the series into two parts, the second part to appear in next Saturday's issue:

"Leaving San Francisco by the steamer Sierra Nevada, in four days we reached Vancouver's Island and landed at Esquimalt, a port about four miles from the capital, Victoria. Leaving our luggage in charge of a black porter, to be brought on by cart, we walked to Victoria, which place we found crowded with emigrants on their way to British Columbia. On arriving at night at the Colonial hotel, we were glad to have a billiard room allotted us for our lodging place, as all the bedchambers were filled. However, wrapping ourselves in blankets, we slept soundly on the floor, and so took our first repose in her Majesty's dominions on the Pacific.

"The next day we spent in

Walking About Victoria.

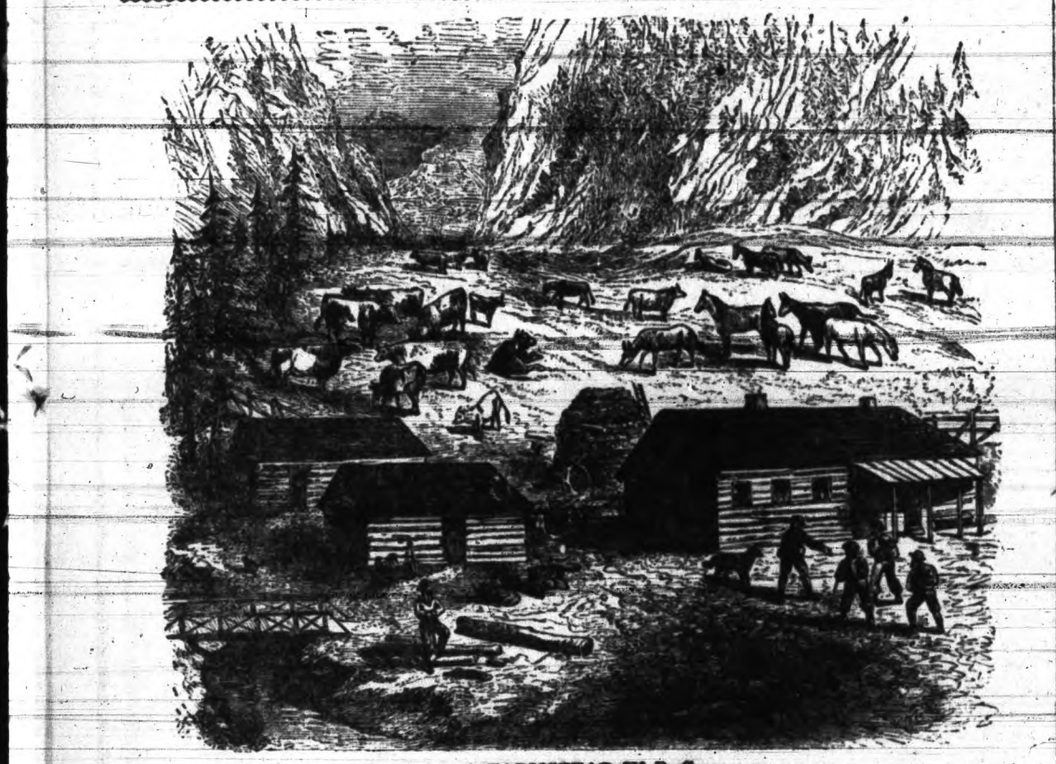
It is a rapidly increasing town, of about five thousand inhabitants. Its appearance is not very prepossessing, as the houses are built in the most irregular manner, some being erected with their sides and gable-ends to the street, others at some distance back, and small log cottages side by side, promiscuously, with large hotels and government offices. Most structures are of wood. The position of Victoria, close to the Straits of Juan de Fuca, and on the route to the Fraser's river settlements, indicates a prospect of permanent and increasing importance. Its port of Esquimalt has recently been selected as the naval station for British ships of war in the Pacific, in lieu of Valparaiso. Most of the land 'lots' in the vicinity of the town have been bought by speculators, especially from San Francisco, and remain for the present 'locked,' till a great rise in value tempts their owners to sell out to parties really wishing to build upon them and settle there. But many bona fide emigrants have purchased land from ten to twenty miles distant from Victoria, and are generally prospering in their operations, the soil hereabouts being rich and fertile, and its price at present cheap. Bullock teams are in great demand for clearing the newly-bought land of timber and stumps; to draw the latter, eight or ten pair of beasts are often used.

"After a few days' stay at Victoria we re-embarked on a steamer for the concluding portion of our long voyage from England to British Columbia. This part of it was, however, of short duration, as we reached our destination, New Westminster, the capital of British Columbia, the evening of the same day on which we left Vancouver's Island; the distance being only about eighty miles.

"On our way we passed the celebrated island of San Juan, which is claimed both by the British and American governments, and is, for the present, jointly held by soldiers of the two nations. A few years ago this disputed territory very nearly led to a war between them. Indeed, the avoidance of such a terrible calamity was owing, under Providence, to the courteous but firm refusal of Admiral Baynes and Captain Hornby to comply with the orders issued by Governor Douglas for commencing war. The latter has ceased to exercise ruling functions in these regions. A blessing it is for all concerned, when the military and naval representatives of Great Britain, in her distant dependencies, are so temperate and judicious as the two officers just alluded to, acting as dignitaries fully able to maintain her power, without compromising her honor, or plunging her into the horrors of bloodshed.

Fraser's River.

"New Westminster at present consists mainly of one very broad street. Like Victoria, its houses are mostly of wood, but with many temporary tents interspersed. Our party erected one of the latter forthwith, on landing. The first night under it was very comfortless, as heavy rain poured down and trickled through the canvas in streams.



A FARMSTEAD IN B. C.

As we were bound 'up country' to the diggings, our stay in the capital was of the shortest possible duration, and we were speedily again on board a river boat for Douglas. The Fraser's river is a noble stream, flowing seven hundred miles, from the Rocky mountains to the Gulf of Georgia, and, for the most part, through scenery of wild grandeur. New Westminster is fifteen miles from its mouth, and situated above a wide extent of fertile but low-lying land on the estuary shores. In its neighborhood promising mines of coal have been discovered.

"As we steamed up the Fraser we had fine views on our right of the Cascade ranges and Mount Baker, in the adjacent United States territory. Our intended route was by the line of lakes, for there are two ways of proceeding from New Westminster to the upper mining regions of the Fraser. One is by the direct line of the river for the whole distance, by way of Hope, Lytton and Fort Berens, a point one hundred and eighty-eight miles from the sea, but, as the river is not navigable higher than Fort Yale, and as its valley beyond that point is of the most rugged and precipitous nature, the generally adopted route to the upper country is by a detour of lakes, rivers and portages, to the westward of the Fraser. Travellers by this line leave the latter river at the town of Carnarvon, and pass by the eight-mile-long Harrison lake (thirty-seven miles in length), and so to Douglas; thence by Hot Springs, Lillooet, lake, Anderson river, and lakes Anderson and Seton, to Fort Berens, where the Fraser valley is again entered. The latter point is 212 miles from the mouth of the river, by the route just indicated. Following the Fraser river above Fort Alexander, or taking a more direct route across the mountains and branching up the Quesnelle (a tributary from the east), the Cariboo diggings are reached. These lie north of Lake Cariboo, which is itself north of Lake Quesnelle, and about 400 miles from the mouth of Fraser's river. This explanation, with reference to the map, will assist in rendering our line of journeyings intelligible to the reader.

TO THE DIGGINGS FROM THE DIGGINGS.

"Our steamer, the Colonel Moody, brought us in twenty hours to Douglas, a wooden-built town on a small lake at the north end of the larger and mountain-girt Harrison lake. But we need not thus specially characterize any one lake in British Columbia, for every lake, pond, stream, or valley hereabouts is embedded in mountains; the latter, like pine trees and mosquitoes, are universal features and facts of the country.

"Douglas derives its local importance from its position, at the commencement of the usual land transit up the country. Its principal trade consists in supplying emigrants with provisions and mining necessaries, and in forwarding such to the diggings. Hotels are springing up rapidly, such as, for instance, the Columbia House and Cariboo Restaurant. Very recently a daily line of stages has been established, to run in connection with the steamers on Lillooet and Anderson lakes, but this is since our visit, when the necessary roads were as yet not completed.

The Start Up the Country—Preliminary Difficulties.

"At Douglas we united ourselves to a party of digging-bound emigrants (twelve in all), and laid in a supply of provisions for a four days' march of sixty miles, over a mountainous and rough track. Each of us charged himself with a burden of about fifteen pounds weight.

"Whilst some of us were going from store to store on our commissariat errands, we espied one of our late fellow passengers from England 'in trouble,' having been given in charge of a constable by the bar-man of the river steamer, for passing bad money. Having found him to be a good sort of a fellow, so far as our previous travelling knowledge of him had extended, we were quite prepared to believe his protestations of innocence, or, at any rate, of ignorance as to the coin (a sovereign) being a counterfeit one. The constable, however, had no option but to take him to the gaol till the nearest magistrate could be called upon to investigate the charge. One of our number, from sympathy, requested to be permitted to keep his unfortunate friend company. This application was acceded to, and both were locked up in the very primitive log-built gaol for about an hour, when the magistrate arrived on the spot, and heard the statements of all parties concerned. On carefully examining the coin, it was found to be a good one after all. This led to general indignation against the bar-man, who was now fairly open to a suspicion of having brought the charge in order to extort money, with a view to a compromise through the fears of the accused.

"All this occasioned considerable delay at starting; and, on rejoining the rest of our party and explaining that, in company with a friend, we had inspected 'one of the government buildings,' they were much surprised at such ill-timed gratification of curiosity, until we related more particularly the true reason of our detention.

"We now set off on our march, but only walked eight miles that day, as the route was exceedingly steep and rugged, and the heat oppressive. At nightfall we pitched our tent beside a clear mountain stream, where, after a hearty supper of bread, bacon and tea, we slep soundly, in spite of the swarms of mosquitoes which visited us during the night, and left indications of their attacks upon our limbs and faces. The next day we reached Hot Springs, so called from a stream of water which issues from the rocks here, and which is of a constant temperature too high to allow one's hand being dipped in without scalding. At the inn here we enjoyed what our Yankee companions called a 'square meal,' of the generally characteristic fare of the colony, bacon and beans; the latter are abundantly imported in barrels from the States. Here also, after our toilsome march, we indulged in a good wash, the only really cheap comfort obtainable in British Columbia.

"Having further indulged in a meerschaum, we retired to our blankets for the night, and next morning, rising early, walked six miles before breakfast, between snow-covered pine-forested mountains, to Golledge lake, where we rested during the mid-day heat (a common custom in America in summer.) In the afternoon we proceeded to Lillooet by road, and a small steamer. Before reaching the latter we found our route interrupted by a rapid stream, fifty feet wide and four deep. Another party coming up, and having amongst them several Canadian woodmen, a tree was forthwith cut down so as to fall athwart the river. Thus we crossed with our baggage dry. Several, however, were not so fortunate, but slipped into the stream; and one person narrowly escaped drowning, as the current was very strong. Subsequently, we frequently met with similar adventures.

Lillooet—A Fresh Start.

On the third day from Douglas we arrived at Lillooet, a young town, finely situated on a plain surrounded by lofty mountains, snow-covered even at midsummer; for it was now the 14th of June. Some attempts at gold mining were being carried on here, chiefly by Chinese; their earnings were about three dollars a day.

"We here held a council respecting our further route; and, after being informed of the rugged and mountainous nature of the trails from here to Cariboo (250 miles distant), and also of the very high price of provisions further up the country, we determined to lay in a large stock of flour, bacon, and beans, and engage a team of seven horses for our now enlarged party of twenty comrades. We further hired the services of an experienced Californian packer, who undertook to accompany us and securely pack our supplies on the beasts from time to time, at a uniform charge of thirty cents (fifteen pence) per pound on the whole weight of baggage. At this rate we had each to disburse about forty-five shillings, in addition to our purchase money for the provisions, and also after our former expenditure for the supplies at Douglas, much of which still remained. The prices here were thirty-five cents per pound for bacon, thirty cents per pound for beans, and twenty-five cents per pound for flour. Further up country charges were still higher. An income of two hundred and fifty pounds per annum, in British Columbia, will not nearly produce the comfort which one hundred pounds would in England.

"We unanimously agreed to take the Brigade route, or middle trail, as affording at intervals abundance of water, good camping ground, and plenty of grass for the horses. The operation of packing a team of horses or mules with baggage requires great skill, and is a long and tedious affair. The average burden put on each horse is three hundred pounds weight. Besides provisions, our cooking utensils (obtained at Lillooet) were thus carried. Altogether we found our expenses here much greater than we had anticipated; and this is universally the experience of those who come to British Columbia.

"The horses used for pack-trains are mostly bred on the mountains of Oregon and California, and though very restive at the first imposition of a burden, soon become tractable and quiet, finding their efforts at throwing off their pack only result in weariness and blows. They are sold in San Francisco for about eight pounds each.

"Our route from Lillooet lay across the mountains to the Fraser river valley, near Lytton; then up the wild and awful ravines in the district of the Thompson river, passing Loon lake; and thence north, near Green and Axe lakes, to Williams' lake. This portion of our journey, being a distance of nearly two hundred miles, occupied sixteen days, Sundays not included, as we were truly glad of a Sabbath rest.

Scenery of British Columbia.

"Some portions of our route lay across mountain ranges, from whose summits we enjoyed most magnificent views, and down whose steep pine-forested sides we had to lead our horses singly, and with the utmost care. When on more level ground it was only necessary to lead the foremost one, and the rest would follow in regular file.

"In other portions of the journey, especially in the river gorges, our track conducted us along the most frightful precipices. There was no help for this, as we could select no route more passable. Such dangerous travelling is a characteristic of British Columbia, Oregon, and Washington territory. Their rivers flow oftentimes through dark and awful gorges, whose rocky sides tower perpendicularly from a thousand to fifteen hundred feet. By a series of zigzag paths, often but a yard in width, man and beast have to traverse these sections of grandeur. Sad and fatal accidents often occur, and horses and their owners are dashed to pieces on the rocks below, or drowned in the deep-foaming waters rushing down the narrow defiles from the vast regions of mountain snow melting in the summer heat.

"No country in the world affords more romantic scenes. The mountains bounding them rise in stately grandeur, oftentimes far above the clouds; now presenting their nude sides, paved with dark masses of frowning rocks, or proud forests of evergreen lawns, flowing dales and sterile wastes, to overlook the perennial beauty and matchless fecundity at their feet; while the lesser eminences, with their deep ravines, o'erhanging cliffs, and shadowy recesses, tells the place where the storm-winds recruit their forces and the zephyrs creep in to die.

"Fortunately for ourselves, we escaped any serious accidents amid these wild scenes. But our progress was necessarily slow in such parts; only from six to eight miles a day in several cases. The backs of several of our poor beasts became very sore. This, again, caused delays, and the utmost care in packing and adjusting the burdens. Not unfrequently our horses stumbled and fell. Our packer several times beat them harshly, attributing it all to their temper; and we had to interpose, to prevent cruelty. Neither did we escape aches and gallings in addition to our weariness. Some of our party had equipped themselves with thick Wellington boots, which were now found to be ill-adapted for travel like ours. The best foot-gear is a strong lace-up shoe, well covering the ankle. This affords much support, is neither too heavy nor too hot, and can be adapted to the varying size of the feet, which are sure to swell on such a trying and protracted exercise of pedestrianism.

"At intervals we came upon fertile meadow land, covered with a kind of high rye grass, reckoned a superior herbage here, although it would be deemed very course in England. No other country can be compared with the United Kingdom for the fineness and softness of its grass. Neither America nor the continent of Europe can show such lawn-like meadows as those of our home islands. Whenever we encamped in these green spots, we and our beasts were specially pestered with mosquitoes. They visited us in myriads, piercing even through our very blankets. In some districts, such as Loon lake, they were so intolerably worrying, that our animals would doubtless have been driven stark mad had we stayed long there at that time of year.

The Indians of British Columbia.

"As, in the course of our pilgrimage up the country, we repeatedly fell in with small parties of Indians, a few words respecting them will not be out of place here.

"The native races of British Columbia exist in a condition of even greater degradation and squalor than the other aboriginal tribes of the far west. Many of them inhabit holes and caves; others move about and erect temporary tents or huts of bark. We came upon a small party of them encamped by an ice-cold mountain stream near Williams' lake. They are exceedingly filthy in their mode of life, swarm with vermin, are very licentious, superstitious, and cruel. Mr. Duncan G. F. Macdonald states, in his valuable and interesting work on British Columbia, that he has seen no less than thirty scalps in one of their wigwams! Truly 'the dark places of the earth are full of the habitations of cruelty.'

"The Indians living along the shores of the Gulf of Georgia (both in British Columbia and Vancouver Island) flatten the heads of their children by placing them, whilst very young, in wooden troughs, over the upper part of which a board is bound, so as to press upon the, as yet, tender forehead, and permanently flatten it. The effect of this imaginary adornment is to impart, in the eye of a European, an expresion something akin to idiocy.

"The Indians of these regions derive their chief subsistence from the fine salmon of their clear streams, and from the abundant waterfowl of their rocky inlets and estuaries. The tribes further inland are often pinched with hunger in the intervals between their rude feasts on bear flesh, venison, and the numerous wild berries of their bushy plains and mountain thickets. They keep their animal food till it is absolutely putrid, preferring to eat it thus.

"Not far from the encampment just alluded to we observed an Indian burial ground. Often only one corpse is deposited, and so left in its solitary slumber, either buried at a little depth beneath the earth, and staked round, or raised on poles, or amongst the branches of a tree, and so left to bleach and moulder drearily in the storms and sunshine of the wilds. The former possessions of the deceased, as his gun or arrows, kettle and blankets, are also brought and ranged round his remains. Death would be inflicted by his survivors on any one found plundering these relics. They are rarely if ever meddled with, even by the boldest Indian.

"One of our comrades, once travelling in the wilderness, saw in the top of a high tree what appeared to be the largest nest of some bird. Curiosity led him to climb up and inspect it, but before reaching it he discovered it to be the remains of some poor Indian whose relatives had taken to bring him, after death, to so strange a resting place, secure, as they supposed, from the desecrating paw of wandering bear or wolf.

HOUSES AT DOUGLAS.

Williams' Lake — Increased Difficulty of the Route.

"Williams' lake (also called Columetza) is about forty miles south of Fort Alexander. It is surrounded by some comparatively fertile land, and farming to some extent is carried on. We were truly glad to rest awhile at an inn here. Immediately on our arrival we ordered a 'square meal,' and an ample supply of fresh beef, beans, cabbage, pies, tea, and coffee was set before us, to which we did justice in a manner which should have been almost ashamed for our English friends to witness. It is truly astonishing what an appetite is developed by the arduous travelling in this country. Solid meals of animal food, which, at home would suffice for the day, are here requisite several times within a similar period, and at a fearful expense; but nothing can be accomplished otherwise. Thus, our meal above mentioned cost three half dollars, or six shillings, each.

"A little rest here was also most welcome to our poor horses, now reduced to six. Tom, our California packer, washed their sore backs frequently with castile soap, as this application is found very efficacious. We were not much encouraged by the accounts here received from some parties of miners returning from the Cariboo diggings. They reported a general failure of success, and an awful condition of the route further up. Indeed, after hearing the complaints of our travelling difficulties thus far, they only laughed at us, saying, 'You've not even reached the bad tracks yet.' And we soon had reason to believe them; for almost immediately after leaving Williams' lake we found that we had exchanged bad for worse in the matter of routes; our horses were often plunged up to the belly in swamps and mud. British Columbia is truly a horse-killing country. At other times we dragged our burdens heavily up steep and forested mountains. Then, again, we met frequently with rapid and deep streams, where, in the absence of bridges, we had to wade or otherwise attempt (nolens, volens) all manner of Blondin-like performances, and often at the risk of life and limb. Repeated practice, however, enabled us to perform feats of climbing, leaping and crawling which formerly would have seemed utterly impossible to us. We now remarked to one another our belief that, if St. Paul's cathedral were in British Columbia, we could safely walk round the steep side of its lofty dome, provided there was a trail of a foot wide on it.

"At Deep creek, ten miles from Williams' lake, seven of our comrades relinquished all further attempt to reach their proposed destination, being utterly discouraged by the excessive difficulties of the way, and the unvarying tale of disappointment told by the parties of returning and unsuccessful miners. Truly, the numbers of these poor broken-down fellows, with their pale, pinched faces and tattered rags, eloquent of hunger and poverty, were enough to dishearten all of us together; for hundreds of such passed us during our journey, in parties of from two to a score. Sorely tempted as we were to yield to despair, yet some of us were resolved to brave out to the end, feeling that, having come thus far and being almost in sight of the land of our hopes, we would rather leave our bones there than abandon our object when so near its goal.

START FROM LILLOOET.

*Since writing the above I find there is a volume.

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—A Vancouver Chinaman, Choo Mee Sing, while on his way to Sidney to purchase horses, lost a fifty dollar bill in the waiting room at the V. & S. station, while paying for his ticket. It fell from his wad and had disappeared when he discovered his loss and went to look for it. The matter was reported to the police.

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In the World of Finance and Trade

Local Markets—Stock Quotations From New York, Chicago and London—Doings in Mining Centres

The Local Markets

Oils—	
Pratt's Coal Oil	1.65
Eocene	1.75
Meats—	
Hams (B. C.), per lb.	25
Bacon (B. C.), per lb.	25
Hams (American), per lb.	25
Bacon (American), per lb.	25@ 30
Bacon (rolled), per lb.	19½
Shoulders, per lb.	15
Bacon (long clear), per lb.	20
Beef, per lb.	10@ 18
Pork, per lb.	12½@ 15
Mutton, per lb.	12½@ 20
Lamb, hindquarter	1.50@ 2.00
Lamb, forequarter	1.25@ 1.75
Veal, per lb.	12@ 20
Suet, per lb.	15
Farm Produce—	
Fresh Island Eggs	45
Best Dairy Butter	30@ 40
Butter (Creamery)	45@ 50
Lard, per lb.	20
Western Canada Flour Mills—	
Purity, per sack	2.00
Purity, per bbl.	7.75
Three Star Patent, per sack	1.85
Three Star Patent, per bbl.	7.15
Hungarian Flour—	
Ogilvie's Royal Household, per sack	2.00
Ogilvie's Royal Household, per bbl.	7.75
Lake of Woods, per sack	2.00
Lake of Woods, per bbl.	7.75
Okanagan, per sack	2.00
Okanagan, per bbl.	7.75
Calgary Hungarian, per sack	1.75
Calgary Hungarian, per bbl.	6.75
Moose Jaw, per sack	1.75
Moose Jaw, per bbl.	7.00
Excelsior, per sack	2.00
Excelsior, per bbl.	7.75
Oak Lake, per sack	2.00
Oak Lake, per bbl.	7.75
Hudson's Bay, per sack	2.00
Hudson's Bay, per bbl.	7.75
Enderby, per sack	2.00
Enderby, per bbl.	7.75
Pastry Flours—	
Snowflake, per sack	1.70
Snowflake, per bbl.	6.75
O. K. Best Pastry, per sack	1.70
O. K. Best Pastry, per bbl.	6.50
O. K. Four Star, per sack	1.70
O. K. Four Star, per bbl.	6.50
Drifted Snow, per sack	1.70
Drifted Snow, per bbl.	6.50
Grain—	
Wheat, per ton	40.00@45.00
Wheat, per lb.	2½
Oats, per ton	35.00@38.00
Barley	35.00
Whole Corn	45.00
Cracked Corn	48.00
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 7-lb. sk.	45
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 22½-lb. sack	1.25
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 45-lb. sk.	2.25
Rolled Oats (B. & K.), 90-lb. sk.	4.50
Oatmeal, 10-lb. sack	35
Oatmeal, 50-lb. sack	2.25
Rolled Wheat, 10 lbs.	60
Cracked Wheat, 10 lbs.	55
Wheat Flakes, per packet	35
Whole Wheat Flour, 10 lbs.	40
Graham Flour, 10 lbs.	40
Graham Flour, 50 lbs.	1.60
Feed—	
Hay (baled), new, per ton	18.00@20.00
Straw, per bale	75
Middlings, per ton	40.00
Bran, per ton	32.00
Ground Feed, per ton	35.00
Shorts	34.00
Poultry—	
Dressed Fowl, per lb.	25@ 35
Spring Chicken, per lb.	35
Ducks, per lb.	25
Geese (Island), per lb.	20@ 25
Turkey, per lb.	30
Garden Produce—	
Cabbage, per lb.	4
Cabbage (new), each	5
New Potatoes, per lb.	1½
Onions, per bunch	5
Onions (Cal.), per lb.	4
Spinach, per lb.	5
Carrots, per lb.	2

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Carrots, per lb.	2
Bananas, per lb.	5½@ 6
Lemons	5.00@ 6.00
Walnuts (Cal.)	22
Walnuts (Eastern)	15
Apples, per box (local)	1.00@ 1.50
Apples, per box, (Imported)	1.50@ 2.00
Pineapples, per doz.	2.50@ 3.50
Cabbage, per lb.	2@ 2½
Cocoanuts, each	9@ 10
Ham	18
Bacon	20
Pears	1.75
Apricots	1.50
Sweet Potatoes	3½@ 4
Potatoes (new), per ton	20.00
Butter (Creamery), per lb.	28@ 35
Butter (Dairy)	23@ 25
Eggs (ranch), per doz.	37½
Eastern Eggs (selected)	28
Hay, per ton	20.00
Corn, per ton	43.00
Grape Fruit (new)	5.00
Oranges (navel)	4.50
Oranges (Valencia)	4.50@ 4.75
Onions new, (Cal.)	1½
Dates, per pkg.	8@ 9
Dates, bulk	7½
Cucumbers, per box	10@ 25
Oats, per ton (new)	33.00@35.00
Tomatoes (local), per crate	1.00@ 1.10
Tomatoes (Okanagan), per crate	75@ 1.00
Peaches, per crate	1.25
Plums (local)	90@ 1.15
Grapes (Cal.), per crate	1.50@ 1.75
Plums (local)	75@ 1.00
Peaches (pres.)	1.00
Blackberries, per lb.	12½

—Mayor Hall gives notice that at the Monday evening's sitting of the city council he will introduce a by-law to provide for the borrowing of $150,000, to be used in the work of putting in surface drains.

—Ald. Henderson on Monday evening will move in the city council to provide for boulevarding both sides of Trutch street from Richardson street and Fairfield road.

GRAIN MARKET.

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

Chicago, Sept. 12.—Wheat—About the best explanation which was given for the decided strength in wheat at the close was that there did not appear to be any wheat on the market when wanted, and it only took an ordinary volume of buying to force prices to the best point of the day at the close. Dispatches from the Northwest confirmed very liberal flour business at all the big milling centres. There was no disguising the fact that an enormous movement exists at spring wheat markets. The trade figures on a large increase in the visible Monday. Kansas City reports cloudy conditions with a possibility of rain, but aside from this the serious drought continues over the whole winter wheat country. We state, as before, that buyers should take advantage of all breaks to take on some wheat.

Corn—There was an unsettled market in corn from the start. Reports from big corn states tell of hot weather, drying the late portion of the crop too fast, and predicting light, chaffy corn as a result. We still favor the buying side on all breaks.

Oats—Cash houses sold the early months against the liberal country offerings. The very short crop is back of the firmness in prices at present high level.

Provisions—The somewhat surprising advance in all hog products is the natural result of the conditions which we have outlined before. Investors and the public generally have taken hold of the January product. There is no opposition from any quarter. The strong position of corn and hogs is the inducement for buyers.

Chicago, Sept. 12.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
Sept.	98½	98¾	98	98½
Dec.	97½	98	97¼	98
May	101¼	101¾	100¾	101¼
Corn—				
Sept.	80¾	81	80	81
Dec.	69½	69¾	69¼	69½
May	67¾	67¾	66¾	67¼
July	66¾	66¾	66½	66¾
Oats—				
Sept.	49¾	49¾	48½	49¾
Dec.	50½	50¾	49¾	50½
May	52½	52½	52	52½
Pork—				
Sept.	14.85	15.00	14.85	15.00
Oct.	14.95	15.10	14.95	15.07
Jan.	16.92	17.00	16.90	17.00
May	16.97	16.97	16.90	16.95
Lard—				
Sept.	10.05	10.10	10.02	10.10
Oct.	10.05	10.15	10.05	10.15
Jan.	9.87	9.92	9.85	9.90
May	9.87	10.00	9.87	9.97
Short Ribs—				
Sept.		9.60	9.57	8.50
Oct.	9.52	9.65	9.50	9.62
Jan.	8.85	8.95	8.85	8.90
May	9.10	9.17	9.07	9.10

Bank Statement

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

New York, Sept. 12.

Cash reserves, 28.84 per cent.

Reserves, dec.	$ 7,652,125
Do., less U. S., dec.	7,598,125
Loans, inc.	21,999,100
Specie, dec.	2,574,900
Legals, dec.	722,100
Deposits, inc.	17,420,500
Circulation, dec.	230,300
Actual cash reserves, 28.72 per cent.	
Reserves, dec.	$61,322,150
Do., less U. S.	6,312,025
Loans, inc.	18,251,300
Specie, dec.	3,875,600
Legals, inc.	975,400
Deposits, inc.	13,685,800
Circulation, dec.	261,900
Other banks, inc.	1,524,100
Specie, dec.	1,505,100
Legals, dec.	252,600
Total deposits, inc.	3,922,900
Eliminating, etc., etc.	1,089,200
Aggregate on deposit, dec.	3,508,900
Percentage of legal reserves	34.0

COPPER MARKET

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

Boston, Sept. 12.

	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	8	8½
Allouez	36	36½
Arcadian	3¾	4
Atlantic	15¾	16½
Butte Coalition	12½	13
Calumet and Arizona	121	121½
Davis-Daly	23¾	23½
Globe Cons.	4¾	..
Greene Cananea	11½	11¾
Lake	12¾	13
La Salle	13¾	14
Mass	6½	6¾
Michigan	13½	..
Miami	45	..
Nevada-Utah	15½	15¾
Nipissing	8¾	8¾
North Butte	85½	85¾
Osceola Copper	110	110½
Old Dominion	42½	42¾
Parrot Mining	27¼	27¾
Quincy Copper	92	94
Shannon Copper	15¼	15½
Tamarack	73	75
Trinity	18¾	19
Victoria	5	6¼
United Copper	10½	10¾
U. S. Smelt. & Ref.	41¼	41½
U. S. Smelt. & Ref., pref.	45½	46
Utah Copper	44¼	44½
Winona	6	6½
Wolverine	145½	..
Yukon	5	5½

NEW YORK COTTON

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

New York, Sept. 12.

	High.	Low.	Close.
January	....	....	8.51
February	8.61	8.56	8.57
March	8.61	8.56	8.57
May	8.65	8.65	8.62
September	....	....	8.75
October	8.82	8.75	8.80
November	....	....	8.58
December	8.68	8.61	8.61
Steady.			

—The Times' office is open every evening excepting Sunday for the transaction of business.

NEW YORK STOCKS

(By Courtesy F. W. Stevenson & Co.)

New York, Sept. 12.—Considerable evening up of accounts took place to-day, a short interest of fair proportions having been fostered during the decline of the past few days, and buying by this interest caused a general recovery under leave of the Harriman Pacifics and the coalers. Reading has been firm since the announcement of the recent decision, and if the same is affirmed by the Supreme court there will be a resumption of the time activity in the issue. The results of Maine elections are awaited with interest. The present level for securities is unquestionably high, all things considered, and we would make purchases only on the breaks.

	High.	Low.	Bid.
Amal. Copper	78¾	76½	78½
Amer. Car & Foundry	40	38½	39
Do., pref.	..	..	102
Amer. Cotton Oil	..	..	35
Amer. Ice	..	..	27¾
Amer. Loco.	41½	45¾	47¼
Amer. Sugar	131½	131	131½
Amer. Smelt.	93¾	92¼	93
Do., pref.	103¼	103	102¾
Anaconda	47¾	46¾	47¼
Amer. Woollen	..	..	24
Atchison	90½	89½	90½
Do., pref.	95½	95	95
B. & O.	100¼	98½	99¾
Do., pref.	..	..	85
B. R. T.	53	52	53
C. P. R.	173¾	173	173¾
Central Leather	27¾	27¾	27¾
Do., pref.	..	..	96½
C. & G. W.	..	..	6
C., M. & St. P.	142½	140¾	142½
C. & N. W.	163	162	163½
C. & O.	43¾	42¼	43¾
Colo. Fuel & Iron	35¾	34½	35½
Colo. Southern	37¾	37	37¾
Do., 2nd pref.	58¾	58	58½
Do., 1st pref.	65½	65¾	65¼
Corn Products	..	..	18½
Do., pref.	..	..	76
D. & H.	..	..	172½
D. & R. G.	27¾	27½	27¾
Do., pref.	..	..	66
Erie	30¼	29½	30
Do., 2nd pref.	35½	34½	35½
Do., 1st pref.	44	43½	44½
Illinois Central	145	143	144¾
Inter-Met.	11¾	11¾	11¾
Do., pref.	..	..	32½
L. & N.	109½	107¼	108½
Manhattan Ry.	..	..	135
Mexican Central Ry.	..	..	16
M., K. & T.	32¼	31¾	32¾
Do., pref.	65½	65½	64
Missouri Pac.	57¼	56	57
National Lead	81¼	81	81¾
Do., pref.	..	..	102
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	..	..	122
Mackay	..	..	67½
Do., pref.	..	..	68½
Newhouse	6	5¾	5½
Pacific Coast	..	..	72
N. Y. C.	107¼	106¼	107¼
N. Y., O. & W.	42¾	41¾	42½
N. & W.	..	..	73½
Do., pref.	..	..	81
North American	..	..	60
N. P.	142¾	141¼	143½
Pacific Mail S. S. Co.	..	..	26½
Pennsylvania Ry.	125½	124	125
People's Gas	96¾	96½	96¾
Pressed Steel Car	33¾	32½	33¾
Do., pref.	..	..	94½
Reading	133	130¾	132¾
Do., 2nd pref.	..	..	85½
Do., 1st pref.	..	..	86½
Repub. Iron & Steel	23	22½	23
Do., pref.	81	78¾	80½
Rock Island	18½	18	18¾
Do., pref.	35½	33¾	35½
St. L. & S. F., 2nd pref.	..	..	25¾
Do., 1st pref.	..	..	46¾
St. L. & S. W.	..	..	17½
Do., pref.	..	..	44½
S. P.	108¾	106½	108½
Do., pref.	..	..	119½
Southern Ry.	23	22½	22¾
Do., pref.	53¾	53	53¾
Tennessee Copper	..	39	38½
Texas & Pacific	..	..	24½
T., St. L. & W.	..	..	26½
Do., pref.	..	..	56½
U. P.	168	165½	167¾
Do., pref.	..	..	89½
U. S. Rubber	33	32¾	33
Do., 1st pref.	..	..	100
U. S. Steel Co.	47½	46¾	46¾
Do., pref.	110¾	109¾	110¾
Wabash	12¾	12¾	12¾
Do., pref.	..	..	26¾
Western Union Telegraph	60¾	60½	60½
Wisconsin Central	28½	27½	28¾
Do., pref.	47¾	47½	47¾
Distillers Sec.	30¾	29½	30¾
Utah Copper	44¾	44	44½
G. N.	137¾	136¾	137¾
Virginia Chemical	28¾	28½	28½
Do., pref.	..	..	106½
Int. Paper	..	..	10
Do., pref.	..	..	57
Westinghouse	74¾	74¼	74½

Total Sales, 348,100.

MILES OF IRON.

Hundreds of Acres of Lake Superioor Country Covered With Layer of Ore.

For a stretch of a thousand miles along the line of the C.P.R. in the Lake Superior country—and no one knows how wide the strip is—the ground is covered with a layer of iron ore. This coat of mail, said L. O. Armstrong, of the C.P.R., in telling of his recent explorations in the northern region, varies in thickness from a fraction of an inch to a few feet. The C.P.R. is drilling all over the place in a search for the concentrate—the main bed of ore, or "mother lode," as the gold miners say—which is said to exist wherever there is a large outcropping, but which, nevertheless, is hard to discover.

Electrical smelting on a paying basis Mr. Armstrong believes to be in sight, and before many years the manufacture of iron and steel will be Canada's foremost industry. Mr. Armstrong puts iron ahead of gold as a benefit to a country, because its mining and its manufacture into all kinds of articles and implements provides profitable labor for countless numbers of workmen. Officials of the C.P.R. have been invited to witness tests of electrical smelting this week, for which success is claimed in advance.

IMPORTANT

The attention of consumers is called to the printed inside wrappers of SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES, which will be redeemed, as stated thereon, at the Company's offices at corner Princess street and McDermott avenue, Winnipeg, or 141 Water street, Vancouver.

COPPER PRODUCTION FELL LOW LAST YEAR

For the First Time in Years Smelters Came Short.

The smelter production of copper in the United States in 1907, according to L. C. Graton, of the United States Geological Survey, was 868,996,491 lbs. From the record figures of 1906 this is a decrease of 48,809,191 pounds, or 5.6 per cent., the largest actual decrease ever recorded and the largest relative decrease since the American copper industry became important. This is the first time since 1901 that the annual production has been smaller than that of the preceding year, and the first time since 1872 that it has been smaller than that of the second year preceding.

The total above is made up of the fine copper content of blister produced and of the smelter output of ingot and anode copper from Michigan. Of this quantity, approximately 10,075,048 pounds in blister were produced in foreign smelters from domestic materials exported. In addition to the domestic materials handled, smelters in this country turned out as blister 64,145,648 pounds from foreign ore, concentrates and matte. Domestic blister containing 42,850,963 pounds was exported unrefined, while blister from foreign sources containing approximately 183,530,132 pounds fine copper was imported for refining in this country.

The greatest decreases in smelter output are shown by the returns from the three states that rank highest. Montana's production, which was 294,701,252 pounds in 1906, was but 224,263,789 pounds in 1907, and the state yielded first place to its rival, Arizona, whose production, however, showed a decrease of nearly 6,000,000 pounds, from 262,566,103 pounds in 1906 to 256,778,437 pounds in 1907. Michigan still holds third place, with its production decreased from 229,695,730 pounds in 1906 to 219,131,503 pounds in 1907. Decreased production is also shown by the returns from Alaska, Oregon, Washington and North Carolina.

Many of the other copper-producing states showed substantial gains. The output of Utah, the fourth state in point of production, was nearly 16,000,000 pounds in excess of that of 1906—66,418,270 pounds in 1907, as against 50,329,119 pounds in the preceding year. The production of California increased from 28,153,202 pounds in 1906 to 33,696,602 pounds in 1907; that of Colorado from 7,427,253 pounds in 1906 to 13,998,496 pounds in 1907; that of New Mexico from 7,099,842 pounds in 1906 to 10,140,140 pounds in 1907, and that of Idaho from 8,578,046 pounds in 1906 to 9,707,298 pounds in 1907. Nevada and Vermont also showed productive gains.

The production in 1907 of refined new copper of domestic origin was 764,271,427 pounds, a decrease of 103,410,960 pounds, or 13.2 per cent., from the production of 1906. The total output of refined copper (exclusive of domestic scrap, etc.), by domestic refineries in 1907 was 1,032,516,247 pounds. In addition to this production of refined copper 25,123,617 pounds were recovered during the year by the regular copper-refining companies of the country from domestic scrap, drosses, etc., and returns from practically all the known refiners of secondary materials indicate that 35,355,966 pounds additional were turned out by them as casting copper and in alloys. The copper produced from secondary sources in 1907 was, therefore, somewhat in excess of 60,000,000 pounds, or more than 7.5 per cent. of the year's production of refined new copper.

Returns from all the lake and electrolytic refiners are practically complete and show the following stock of refined copper on hand at the beginning and end of the year:

	Pounds.
January 1, 1908	125,745,796
January 1, 1907	46,497,181
Increase during 1907	79,248,615

Undelivered sales are almost entirely excluded from these figures, and stocks carried by consumers and brokers have not been estimated. In addition to these stocks of refined copper there were at the smelters, in transist to the refineries, and at the refineries blister copper and material in process of refining to the amount of 135,310,239 pounds on January 1st, 1907, and 175,254,659 pounds on January 1st, 1908.

The apparent consumption of refined new copper in the United States in 1907 was about 485,000,000 pounds, as compared with 685,000,000 pounds in 1906, and it is probable that in addition most of all of the 60,000,000 pounds of reworked copper was consumed.

VICTORIA FIRE ALARMS.

3—Birdcage Walk and Superior St.
4—Battery and Carr Sts.
5—Michigan and Menzies Sts.
6—Menzies and Niagara Sts.
7—Montreal and Kingston Sts.
8—Montreal and Simcoe Sts.
9—Ontario and Dallas road.
12—Avalon road and Phoenix Place.
13—Victoria Chemical Works.
14—Vancouver and Burdette Sts.
15—Douglas and Humboldt Sts.
16—Humboldt and Rupert Sts.
17—Cook and Fairfield road.
21—Yates and Broad Sts.
23—Fort and Government Sts.
24—Yates and Wharf Sts.
25—Johnson and Government Sts.
26—Victoria Theatre, Douglas St.
27—Headquarters Fire Dept., Cormorant St.
28—Spencer's Arcade.
31—View and Blanchard Sts.
32—Fort and Quadra Sts.
33—Cook and Yates Sts.
34—St. Charles St. and Rockland Ave.
35—Cadboro Bay road and Stanley Ave.
36—Cadboro Bay road and Oak Bay Ave.
37—Cadboro Bay and Richmond roads.
38—North Pembroke and Shakespeare Sts.
41—Quadra and Pandora Sts.
42—Chatham and Blanchard Sts.
43—Chatham and Cook Sts.
45—Spring Ridge.
46—North Chatham St. and Stanley Ave.
47—Pandora and Chambers Sts.
51—Douglas and Discovery Sts.
52—Government and Princess Sts.
53—King's road and Second St.
54—Fountain, Douglas St. and Hillside.
56—Oaklands Fire Hall.
61—Cormorant and Store Streets.
62—Discovery and Store Sts.
63—John and Bridge Sts.
64—Craigflower road.
65—Esquimalt road and Mary St.
71—Douglas St. and Burnside road.
72—Esquimalt road and Russell St.
73—Sayward's Mill.
123—Burnside road and Delta St.

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ESTABLISHED 1864.

Capital Paid Up $6,000,000
Reserve Fund $4,267,400

JOINT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS

Money can be deposited or withdrawn by husband or wife or any two persons. In case of death of either party money can be withdrawn by survivor. No delay in withdrawals. Interest allowed from date of deposit, and compounded four times a year.

VICTORIA BRANCH, R. F. TAYLOR, Mgr.
CORNER YATES AND DOUGLAS STREETS

THE NORTHERN CROWN BANK

Comprising the Northern Bank
And the Crown Bank of Canada

Amalgamated under authority of Act of Parliament.

HEAD OFFICE............WINNIPEG

Offers its best services, resources and facilities to the public of Canada at all points where it has offices.

SAVING BANKS AT EVERY BRANCH.
Interest paid four times a year.

GODFREY BOOTH, Local Manager, Victoria, B. C.

PRODUCTION OF MINES IN NEW SOUTH WALES

Increase in Values Last Year Over the Previous Twelve Months.

The report for 1907 of the department of mines, New South Wales, is of special interest in view of the remarkable vicissitudes which the mining industry experienced during the year. Says the under-secretary for mines: The high price of metals which prevailed during 1906 continued during the early part of 1907, and had a very stimulating effect upon production. In the latter months of the year, however, there was a sudden drop in the values of copper, tin and zinc, and this was followed by a fall in the price of lead. The decline continued, with slight fluctuations until the end of the year, with a corresponding effect upon the industry. In spite, however, of the adverse conditions prevailing during the last quarter the value of the metals and minerals produced in the state for the year shows a very remarkable expansion as compared with 1906. The total production for 1907 is valued at £10,577,378, or an increase of £2,407,754 upon the previous twelve months. Of individual decreases (continues the report), there are only four which call for mention—namely, copper, gold, antimony and molybdenite, amounting in the aggregate to £97,490. On the other hand, there are substantial increases in the values of all the other metals and minerals produced. Silver, lead and zinc lead the van with an aggregate increase in value of £1,669,885. This is represented principally by the products of Broken Hill, where great activity prevailed as the result of a favorable market, and where, it is satisfactory to know, the size of the ore bodies, as well as their metallic values, are being well maintained at a depth. In coal, the year 1907 witnessed the largest production on record, the value being higher than that of the previous best year (1906) by no less a sum than £585,192. The iron smelting industry was started at Lithgow in the month of May, and a considerable quantity of first-class metal was produced. Owing, however, to the necessity for the introduction of further capital, the smelting works have recently changed hands and there is reason to hope that under the new proprietorship this important industry will be established upon a permanent basis. The increased value of the tin produced in 1907 (£37,561 in excess of the product for 1906) is evidence of the important effect which the pump-dredge has had upon this branch of industry. The decrease in the value of the copper product is the result of the fall in the price of the metal, which naturally had the effect of checking mining operations in a number of smaller mines. Nevertheless the output for 1907 greatly exceeds that of any other previous year, excepting 1906, which holds the record. With regard to gold, the decrease in production as explained in the last report, is due to the fact that the high prices prevailing for copper, tin, lead, etc., have had the effect of attracting the attention of miners, with the result that prospecting for gold has been somewhat neglected. Under the circumstances, it is gratifying to find that the gold mining industry is fairly holding its own. The production of antimony shows a decrease when compared with what must be regarded as the abnormal output of the previous year, when the very high price of the metal stimulated mining operations. In other branches of the mining industry there was a healthy expansion, which must be regarded (says the state official) as satisfactory from every point of view. The new mining act came into force on the 15th July, 1907. It is working smoothly, and there is every reason to believe that its more liberal provisions are being fully appreciated by the mining community.

In 1830 the world contained only some 210 miles of railway; there are now over 300,000 m

You Are Robbing Yourself

EVERY DAY YOU ALLOW YOUR MONEY TO REMAIN IDLE OR TO DRAW 3%.

WHY SHOULD YOU?

We can get you 6% to 8% on every dollar you have, with absolutely perfect security. We do not say this because we can do extraordinary things, but because your money is worth it in the open market. If your money is worth 6%, why take 3? In the particular investment we offer you now your money will earn 6%. It will have as security a first mortgage on property containing 80 millions of tons of coal, and if the oil indications are any criterion of its value, worth hundreds of thousands of dollars for its oil alone.

And you get a bonus of 100% right at the beginning.

Coal Is Gold

THE GREATEST GOLD MINE IN B. C. TO-DAY IS A COAL MINE

But these mines are not made in a day—it takes time and money to develop such immense properties, and the offer now made is to pay you 6% for your money until the property is developed, then give you your money back and allow you to retain the same interest in the property you had before. The Crow's Nest Coal Co.'s stock has risen from 25 cents to $170.00 per share, but it took time. This is your opportunity.

ONLY FOUR MORE DAYS IN WHICH TO ACCEPT THIS OFFER.

See the larger advertisement

Herbert Cuthbert
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Real Estate Timber Mines
VICTORIA, B. C.
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Use The Times for Wants, For Sales, To Lets—1c per word, Daily or Semi-Weekly. Six insertions for price of four.
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Ocean and Coastwise Shipping

Movements of Local Vessels—Trade Expansion in B. C. Waters—Gleanings of Interest From the Seven Seas.

BANGALORE AND ESTER POSTED AS MISSING

Barque Laeon and Ship Siam Reported Safe Have Been Removed.

The British barque Carnedd Llewellyn and the Norwegian barque Ester were taken off the overdue list yesterday and posted as uninsurable. This practically means that the vessels have been given up, although they have not yet been officially posted as lost.

Both the Carnedd Llewellyn and the Ester have headed the overdue list for several weeks, and for some days up to the time of their being taken off were quoted for reinsurance at 90 per cent.

Two vessels have been removed. They were the barque Saxon, 140 days from London for Newcastle, N. S. W., quoted at 8 per cent. and the ship Siam, 181 days from Adelaide for Falmouth, which was also quoted at the same rate.

The list of overdues at present is as follows:

Ship Toxteth, 194 days from Port Talbot, 90 per cent.

Steamship Aeon, 69 days from San Francisco for Auckland, 50 per cent.

Ship Mabel Rickmers, 113 days from Yokohama for Bangkok, 65 per cent.

Ship Almendral, 112 days from Tyne for Valparaiso, 10 per cent.

Barque Hongomonk, 65 days from Coquimbo for Havre, 30 per cent.

Barque Alice, 114 days from New Caledonia for Rotterdam, 15 per cent.

Barque La Barche, 122 days from New Caledonia for Glasgow, 15 per cent.

Barque Belen, 152 days from Eureka for United Kingdom, 8 per cent.

U. S. CUSTOMS KEEP A WATCH ON VICTORIA

Alleged Opium Runner Taken at 'Frisco on Information From Here.

That the United States customs officials are keeping their eyes on all steamers from Victoria is evidenced by the arrest of a Chinaman named Lee Fun, in San Francisco the other day, following information received by the police from this city, upon a charge of opium smuggling.

Lee Fun is accused of taking 45 tins of the drug, presumably from this city, across the line. Only a few weeks ago seizures were made on several steamers running from this port, or via this port, to Seattle and San Francisco and two men were arrested.

REPORTS FROM WEST COAST

(By Dominion Radio-Telegraph.)

Tatoosh, Sept. 12, noon.—Fog, wind west 2 miles. Barometer, 30.10; temp., 56. Out, ship W. H. Smith, lumber-laden, Tacoma for South Africa, in tow at 9:35 a. m. In, at 11:30 a. m., a two-masted steamship.

Pachena, Sept. 12, noon.—Dense fog, light westerly breeze. Barometer, 30.11; temp., 53. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Estevan, Sept. 12, noon.—Foggy, wind east. Barometer, 30.23; temp., 55. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Cape Lazo, Sept. 12, noon.—Foggy, calm. Barometer, 30.10; temp., 65. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Point Grey, Sept. 12, noon.—Calm, clear on land, with haze over sea. Barometer, 30.04; temp., 51. Out, steamship Princess Royal at 10:40 a. m. In, Iroquis at 8:50 a. m., Joan at 9:20 a. m.

Tatoosh, Sept. 12, 8 a. m.—Foggy, wind west 3 miles. Borometer, 30.16; temp., 48. No shipping.

Pachena, Sept. 12, 8 a. m.—Dense fog, calm. Barometer, 30.09; temp., 53. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Cape Lazo, Sept. 12, 8 a. m.—Fog, calm. Barometer, 30.07; temp., 51. Sea smooth. No shipping.

Point Grey, Sept. 12, 8 a. m.—Foggy, calm. Barometer, 30.05; temp., 64. No shipping.

(By Dominion Wire.)

Carmanah, Sept. 12, noon.—Light west wind, clear, sea smooth. Heavy fog coming in. Barometer, 30.10. No shipping.

Cape Beale, Sept. 12, noon.—Thick fog, calm. No shipping.

Carmanah, Sept. 12, 9 a. m.—Calm, clear, sea smooth, heavy bank of fog off-shore. Barometer, 30.30. No shipping.

Cape Beale, Sept. 12, 9 a. m.—Thick fog, calm. No shipping.

It is reported on good authority that a syndicate of local men is projecting a line of steamships to be run between British Columbia and Mexican Pacific ports, covering the same route as the present Canadian - Mexican Pacific route. While it is not apparent that there is yet business enough to support two lines on this trade route, not at least until some time after the Tehuantepec service to Europe is popularized, it is stated that two of the syndicate are at present in Mexico arranging trade connections.

* * *

The Pacific coast steamship Governor, which is due to-morrow night from San Francisco, is bringing 64 tons of general cargo for this port. The steamship President, which sails south to-morrow night, will have a full passenger list, all accommodations having been disposed of.

THOS. F. BAYARD LOSES TWO MEN

SWEPT OVERBOARD OFF COAST OF ALASKA

Mate's Miraculous Escape—Local Schooner Takes Record Catch of Otter.

Caught by a big sea which swept the deck of the local sealing schooner Thomas F. Bayard off the Alaskan coast during a big storm on May 30th, two hunters, John McLean, of Victoria, and Arthur Black, an Englishman, were carried overboard and drowned while the mate of the vessel, Jans Blakstad, was plucked from death in a remarkable manner.

Advices have reached T. R. Stockholm, who with other local men, owns and operates the schooner which in addition to the news of the fatality, contains the information that the Bayard has taken a record catch of sea-otter skins, 28 in all, which will range in value from $15,000 to $25,000. This catch is the largest on record in the annals of local hunting and, as the Bayard has already sent in 207 seal-skins from the west coast before proceedings north and has been hunting seal since August 1st in the Behring sea, her season's work will represent one of the most profitable cruises yet made by a local sealer.

The letter received by Mr. Stockholm was posted at one of the little fishing villages on the coast of northern Alaska and Capt. Blakstad, of the Bayard, states that he sighted the schooner Jessie a few days before the date of writing, June 24th, and she reported having taken six sea-otter skins. The Jessie, which is commanded by Capt. Voss, of Tillicum fame, went north a month ahead of the Bayard.

While exhaustive particulars are not given in Capt. Blakstad's letter regarding the drowning of the two men sufficient details are contained in it to indicate how they met their death.

On the night of May 30th the Bayard encountered a terrific gale and sail was taken in at full speed. The night was as dark as pitch and while the men were engaged in stowing the canvas a great sea struck the schooner abeam, broke on her bulwarks and then poured across the deck carrying overside McLean, Black and the mate, Jans Blackstad, a brother of the captain.

As Blakstad was carried aft by the sea one of the Indian hunters leaned overboard and managed to catch his clothing and a moment later the mate was hauled back on the deck none the worse for his adventure. In the meantime efforts had been made to launch a boat to pick up the other men whose cries died in the howl of the gale almost as soon as they were caught by the wave. Another sea swept over the schooner, smashing the davits as if to emphasize the futility of trying to lower a boat and it was at once apparent that nothing could be done to save McLean and Black, who had been carried far out into the darkness and probably drowned in a few moments.

McLean was a halfbreed hunter who had sailed out of Victoria for several years and he was well known here. Black was an Englishman, believed to have come out from London although his relatives are not known.

The Thomas F. Bayard, which was the top-liner schooner last year with nearly 700 seal-skins, entered the Behring sea with the other sealers at the beginning of August, and is expected back with her valuable catch about the end of October.

MAUNKA TAKES LARGE MISCELLANEOUS CARGO

Canadian - Australian Liner Sailed This Morning for Australian Ports.

After being delayed several hours at Vancouver, loading late freight, the R. M. S. Manuka, Capt. Morrisby, sailed early this morning for Honolulu, Suva, Brisbane and Sydney with a full passenger list.

The Manuka carried a large general cargo which included six automobiles for various points in Australia and 600 sewing machines for Sydney. The first big shipment of southern Oregon apples, consisting of 7,000 cases, also went by the steamship in addition to shoes for Wellington and Dunedin, typewriters for Brisbane and Sydney and assorted shipments of lumber, salmon, drugs and breakfast foods.

The tug William Jolliffe, Capt. Stratford, which returned from the north to Esquimalt on Thursday night, came to the marine department wharf this morning and will leave shortly for the west coast to install some new buoys. The Jolliffe, on her last trip, took up all the buoys north of Bella Bella cleaning, painting, and, where necessary, repairing them. A gas and whistling buoy was also placed on Stenhouse shoal at the entrance to Brown passage.

* * *

This afternoon the C. G. S. Kestrel, Capt. Newcombe, leaves for the north with Admiral Kingsmill and Col. Anderson on a trip of inspection to the fishery grounds off the north of Vancouver Island afterwards proceeding to Prince Rupert where they will embark on the C. G. S. Quadra, leaving early next week, to make an inspection of the proposed wireless station sites and marine aids in northern waters.

ADVENTURES OF A MAN, HIS CAT AND A BOAT

Lone Navigator Has Thrilling Trip From Portland to Port Townsend.

The following story, taken from the Port Townsend Call, has probably more "human interest" than truth in it:

"A fisherman made a perilous trip from the mouth of the Columbia river to this place, arriving here yesterday. The man whose name could not be learned decided that Puget Sound was the greatest place on earth, and being the owner of a Columbia river fishing boat, made up his mind to come here. He gathered together his earthly belongings, including a house cat, and started to make the trip in an open boat. Everything went well until he attempted to enter the Straits, when the rudder to his frail craft broke and the boat capsized.

"After drifting about for some hours he managed to right the boat and headed for this place. While the boat was capsized the cat climbed up on the bottom of the craft where it remained until the boat was righted, when it got on a drifting oar. When the boat was in good trim the cat was picked up and arrived here safely. This morning the man, boat and cat started for Seattle."

After several weeks of watching the police of Port Townsend and neighboring places have effected the capture of a sloop manned by three men who are believed to be members of a regular pirate band that infests the Sound. The sloop contained a large number of articles which had been stolen from lumber camps, farms and vessels.

OCEAN CARRIERS FIGHT FOR SALMON TRADE

Canadian-Mexican, Holt Line and Chargeur Reunis in Struggle.

That a fight for the salmon-carrying trade between British Columbia and Great Britain has commenced between the Chargeurs Reunis steamship line and the Holt line is evidenced by the delay of the big freighter Bellerophon at Vancouver. When the rates for the Canadian-Mexican line to Europe via Tehauntepec are announced it is expected that a three-cornered fight between the companies named will ensue as the salmon trade is looked upon by all three as a valuable business.

"With the probabilities pointing to a delay in the departure of the Blue Funnel liner Bellerophon till the end of the present week, speculation among shipping men on the effects of a rate war between the big cargo liners is free," says the Vancouver World.

"It is declared in some quarters to be an open secret that the French line, Chargeurs-Reunis, the agents of which are Messrs. Cook & Co., with docking and warehousing facilities at the Johnson wharf, are making a bold bid to secure something like a monopoly in the salmon-carrying trade. Salmon is being brought from the northern canneries in great quantity by the coasting steamers, now that the end of a most successful season has been reached. The French line has made a cut in the rates for carrying salmon, and the Holt line of Blue Funnel steamers is said to be meeting this move on the part of its rival by taking advantage of the presence of the Bellerophon in port at present and its enormous carrying capacity, to wipe up the greater portion of the trade. Already there are 8,000 cases in sight in the Evans, Coleman & Evans sheds, and many thousands more will arrive from the north in a few days.

"Ostensibly, of course, the delay in the departure of the Bellerophon has been caused by the holiday, but it is regarded as a fact that the steamer has been ordered to remain here till she has secured a large cargo of salmon."

MARINE NOTES

E. J. Haughton, superintendent of the coast Dominion wireless service, was notified to-day by the Tatoosh station that the wireless apparatus at that place would not be working for about a week after to-day owing to the necessity of making some repairs to machinery. The usual shipping reports from Tatoosh will therefore be unavailable for several days.

* * *

Ernest Carley, northwestern manager for the Cunard steamship company, and T. H. Larke, North Pacific Coast agent for Atlantic steamship lines, were visitors to the city yesterday and left again this morning for Seattle. Mr. Carley ahs headquarters at Minneapolis and Mr. Larke at Seattle.

* * *

The old America's Cup defender Puritan, which in 1885 defeated the English challenger Genesta, will be engaged in the transportation of passengers and fruit between Providence, R. I., and the Cape Verde Islands.

* * *

After being overhauled at the Victoria Machinery Depot the collier Wellington will be launched on Monday, and is expected to leave on the following day for Union Bay to load 2,400 tons of coal for Alaska.

* * *

Last night the C. P. R. freighter Princess Ena left for Ladysmith to unload ore from the Sidney inlet mine.

NOTICES TO MARINERS

Pacific notice to mariners No. 16, just issued by the department of marine and fisheries, contains the following information for mariners:

Middle Passage, Skeena.

The following information relating to middle passage, Skeena river, Chatham sound, is furnished by P. C. Musgrave, hydrographic surveyor:

Middle passage, situated between Kennedy island and De Horsey island is obstructed as its western entrance by sand flats drying at low water. The channel has moved 600 feet to the westward since last sounded, and has a depth of least water of 2¾ fathoms which forms a bar 3¼ cables in width the southern edge being 1¼ cables from the Marked Tree beacon on Kennedy island.

The Marked Tree beacon has been moved to a point N. 87 degrees W. 700 feet from its former position, and is of the same character. There is a channel (with 7 to 10 fathoms in it) along the northeast shore of Kennedy island between the Tree and Georgy point. From Georgy point to Hazel point, on Smith island, there is a channel with least water of 3¼ fathoms. There is deep water between Bay island and Hazel point and from 7 to 11 fathoms between Hazel point and the southwest extreme of Smith island.

The red spar buoy no longer marks the extreme of the bank, it lies in 2½ fathoms 3 cables east of the extreme of the bank.

The Oceanic cannery is 4¼ cables to the eastward of Hazel point and is protected by a small islet. There is 1¼ fathoms at the end of the wharf but local knowledge is required for making use of it, several rocks obstructing the bay and the tidal streams forming dangerous eddies.

A sand bank drying from 2 to 6 feet extends from 3½ cables W of Parry point for 1.6 miles, terminating at a point S. to 45 degrees E. 6 cables from Coffin point.

Base Sand extends 2.6 miles to the westward of Georgy point, the western extreme lying N. 80 degrees W 2½ miles from that point. It dries from 5 to 8 feet in patches.

A detached patch, drying from 2 to 6 feet, lies to the N. N. W. of the west extreme of the Base Sand and is 4 cables long in an east and west direction and 1½ cables wide in a north and south direction. This northern extreme lies south 8½ cables from Hazel point.

A sand bank drying from 6 to 10 feet extends from Coffin point to De Horsey island.

A rocky ledge extends N. 72 deg. W. for 300 feet from Georgy point and dries 18 feet. It is steep-to.

Sailing directions—To leave Skeena river by this passage, Parry point should be left 5 cables on the starboard hand and the Marked Tree beacon brought to bear S. 21 deg. W. The northern peak of Kennedy island is just open to the north of the beacon and as Kennedy island is approached the beacon is in line with a dip in the hills to the southward of two conspicuous rounded hills. Course should be altered when Greentop is in line with the north extreme of Georgy point N. 83 deg. W. and the shore of Kennedy island followed at one cable distance. After clearing Georgy point, the eastern extreme of East Kinahan island should be brought in line with the southwest extreme of Smith island bearing N. 72 deg. W. which will lead through to Hazel point with least water of 2½ fathoms when crossing the north extreme of the bank. This lies N. 72 deg. W. 1¾ miles from Georgy point and may be avoided by hauling in to Bay island after passing Coffin point.

Chart Issued.

A preliminary photo-lithograph chart of the southern approach to Prince Rupert harbor and entrance to North Skeena passage, showing the results of the hydrographic survey made by G. Blanchard Dodge in 1906 and P. C. Musgrave in 1907, has just been published by the government of Canada.

Copies may be obtained from the department of marine and fisheries, Ottawa, from P. C. Musgrave on the government steamer Lillooet at Prince Rupert, and from the agent of this department at Victoria, B. C.

TIDE TABLE.

Victoria, B. C., September, 1908.

Date.	Time Ht	Time Ht	Time Ht	Time Ht
	h. m. ft.	h. m. ft.	h. m. ft.	h. m. ft.
1	0 50 4.7	6 55 6.4	12 00 5.4	18 26 7.7
2	1 46 4.1	8 40 6.2	11 48 6.0	18 46 7.9
3	2 44 3.5	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	19 06 8.2
4	3 41 2.9	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	19 30 8.4
5	4 37 2.4	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	20 15 8.6
6	5 31 2.0	.. .. ..	.. .. ..	21 26 5.6
7	6 22 1.6	15 53 7.5	17 51 7.4	22 56 8.6
8	7 10 1.5	15 16 7.4	18 54 6.9	.. .. ..
9	0 09 8.6	7 55 1.6	15 04 7.5	19 52 6.2
10	1 16 8.6	8 38 1.9	15 20 7.7	20 47 5.5
11	2 22 8.3	9 20 2.5	15 44 7.9	21 40 4.8
12	3 28 8.0	10 01 3.3	16 12 8.0	22 34 4.1
13	4 39 7.5	10 42 4.3	16 43 8.1	23 31 3.6
14	6 04 7.1	11 24 5.2	17 16 8.1	.. .. ..
15	0 30 3.2	7 54 6.9	12 11 6.1	17 48 8.1
16	1 31 2.9	10 34 7.0	13 06 6.8	18 15 8.0
17	2 30 2.6	12 30 7.4	14 13 7.4	18 26 7.9
18	3 28 2.5	13 42 7.8	15 51 7.7	18 14 7.8
19	4 25 2.6	14 31 7.9	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
20	5 20 2.6	14 58 7.9	.. .. ..	.. .. ..
21	6 09 2.7	15 17 7.8	19 57 6.9	23 19 7.1
22	6 55 2.9	15 27 7.6	20 05 6.5	.. .. ..
23	0 26 7.1	7 37 3.1	14 57 7.5	20 21 6.0
24	1 25 7.2	8 14 3.4	15 00 7.5	20 44 5.5
25	2 16 7.3	8 49 3.7	15 10 7.5	21 14 5.0
26	3 08 7.3	9 22 4.2	15 27 7.6	21 50 4.5
27	4 03 7.2	9 54 4.8	15 46 7.7	22 30 3.9
28	5 03 7.1	10 25 5.4	16 04 7.7	23 14 3.5
29	6 11 7.0	10 54 6.0	16 21 7.8	.. .. ..
30	0 04 3.0	7 34 6.9	11 18 6.6	16 40 5.0

The time used is Pacific Standard, for the 120th Meridian west. It is counted from 0 to 24 hours, from midnight to midnight. The figures for height serve to distinguish high water from low water.

Honolulu newspapers state that a visit from H. M. S. Shearwater is expected during this month, but inquiry at the Esquimalt navy yard to-day failed to elicit any confirmation of this report.

* * *

The steamship Otter is unloading salmon from the Skeena canneries. She will take barrels and supplies for the West Coast whaling stations.

—An unusually bright spectacle of the Aurora Borealis, or "Northern Lights," was visible for some hours last night. The phenomona in the northern sky was noticeable shortly before nine o'clock, and was brightest about one hour and a half later.

Mrs. W. M. Ritchie will hold her post nuptial reception on Thursday, Sept. 24th, at her home, 101 Oswego street, and will receive on the fourth Thursday of each month following.

PREPARING FOR THE SCOTTISH COMMISSION

Agriculturalists Will Be Given Warm Reception Here.

When the Scottish agricultural commission arrives here next week they will be given a genuinely hearty Victoria welcome. It is as yet uncertain when they will get in, as they are being delayed by the blockade on the C. P. R. east of Fort William. Their schedule was arranged for an arrival on Tuesday afternoon, but it is now probable that it will be Thursday or perhaps Friday, before they can get here. This, and the uncertainty as to how long they will remain or how many of them there are, renders the making of definite arrangements rather difficult.

They will, of course, be shown the city, but presumably they are more anxious to see our agricultural lands, which are second to none. It will depend on the length of their stay what area of these can be shown them. It is possible they may be taken out on the Cowichan flats or along the V. & S. to Sidney, and of course they will be shown the fertile lands adjacent to the city.

As there is a little more time left to complete arrangements than if the delegates had come on schedule time it is likely that a small committee, representing the city council, the Board of Trade and the Tourist association, will be named. Mayor Hall, James H. Lawson, Jr., and a few others have the matter in hand.

The Chargeurs-Reunis liner Amiral Exelmans is due from the Orient and will be drydocked for cleaning and painting at Esquimalt.

SHIPPING GUIDE.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

From the Orient.

Vessel.	Due.
Amiral Exelmans	Sept. 13
Aki Maru	Sept. 15
Kumeric	Sept. 16
Empress of Japan	Sept. 26
From Australia.	
Den of Ruthven	Sept. 21
Marama	Sept. 28
From Mexico.	
Georgia	Sept. 16
Lonsdale	Oct. 20
From Liverpool.	
Ning Chow	Sept. 29
Antilochus	Oct. 27
Teucer	Nov. 24
TO SAIL.	
For the Orient.	
Tango Maru	Sept. 15
Empress of India	Sept. 16
Glenfarg	Sept. 23
Aki Maru	Sept. 26
Empress of Japan	Oct. 7
For Australia.	
Marama	Oct. 9
For Mexico.	
Georgia	Sept. 31
For Liverpool.	
Bellerophon	Sept. 20
Ning Chow	Oct. 28

SAILING VESSELS

TO ARRIVE.

Name.	Left.	Date.	For.
Kynance, sp.	Liverpool	April 5	Vanc.
Haddon Hall	Liverpool	April 4	Vict.
(Left Monte Video Aug. 3.)			
Inverclyde	Santos	July 6	Vict.
Puritan—Coming from Boston			Vict.
Halewood	Panama	July 23	Vict.
Belfast	Callao	Aug. 8	Vict.
Ditton	Santa Rosalia	Aug. 22	Vict.

COASTWISE STEAMERS

TO ARRIVE.

From San Francisco.

Vessel.	Due.
Governor	Sept. 13
City of Puebla	Sept. 17
President	Sept. 22
Governor	Sept. 27
City of Puebla	Oct. 2
From Skagway.	
Princess Beatrice	Sept. 12
Princess May	Sept. 18
From Northern B. C. Ports.	
Amur	Sept. 12
Venture	Sept. 14
Camosun	Sept. 16
From West Coast.	
Tees	Sept. 12
TO SAIL.	
For San Francisco.	
President	Sept. 13
Governor	Sept. 18
City of Puebla	Sept. 23
President	Sept. 28
For Skagway.	
Princess Beatrice	Sept. 14
Princess May	Sept. 20
For Northern B. C. Ports	
Amur	Sept. 15
Camosun	Sept. 16
Venture	Sept. 16
For West Coast.	
Tees	Sept. 14

FERRY SERVICE

Seattle and Vancouver.

S. S. Princess Victoria sails daily except Tuesday, as follows: Leaves Victoria, 12.45 p.m.; arrives Vancouver, 4.45 p.m. Leaves Vancouver, 6 p.m.; arrives Victoria, 10 p.m. Leaves Victoria, 1.30 a.m.; arrives Seattle, 6.30 a.m. Leaves Seattle, 8 a.m.; arrives Victoria, 12 noon.

Princess Royal leaves here, Sundays only, for Seattle at 4 p. m.

Chippewa sails daily, except Thursday, for Seattle at 4.30 p.m. Arrives daily, except Thursday, from Seattle at 1.30 p.m.

S. S. Charmer leaves Victoria 12 midnight daily; arrives Vancouver, 7 a.m. daily. Leaves Vancouver, 1 p.m. daily; arrives Victoria, 7 p.m. daily.

DIAMOND PEARL RINGS

A handsome gift to a friend at a moderate cost, yet the quality of the very best.

Twin Rings from .. $15
3-Stone Rings from $20
5-Stone Rings from $28

THE J. M. WHITNEY CO. JEWELLERS
1003 GOVERNMENT ST.

NEW DEPOT MAY BE BUILT BY THE V. & S.

Negotiations Are Now on Between Company and Council.

The Victoria Terminal Railway & Ferry Company is desirous of building a new depot to take the place of the one in the old market building, and to that end is in negotiation with the city council. It is understood that the company would like to build on Blanchard street, and have secured the necessary property, but they want some running rights from the city in regard to Blanchard street, the propriety of granting which is a matter on which there is some difference of opinion.

By the agreement between the city and the company, which is now before the courts, the company was granted a lease of the market building for 25 years at the merely nominal rental of $100 a year. The company's business has been increasing to a great extent since it put on a new barge, and the officials say the market building is too small for the purposes of a terminal. President A. H. McNeil and Chief Engineer Stewart are here to confer with the civic authorities, but are reticent as to their plans. The success of their negotiations is bound up somewhat with the outcome of those which have been going on for a settlement of the city's suit against the company.

WESTERN COAL AND OIL LANDS OFFER

A Splendid Offer Will Close on Tuesday Next.

Attention is directed to the advertisement of the Western Coal and Oil Lands in this issue which announces that ten thousand acres of the finest oil lands of Alberta, upon which oil has been found, are owned by the company and that bonds in the company are now purchasable from the local agents, Herbert Cuthbert & Co. The bonds on sale are first mortgage, six per cent. bonds. They are being offered for sale in the east and a special offer is made good only until Tuesday next in Victoria and on the mainland. The offer comprises $10,000 worth of $100 bonds in denominations of $10 each with a bonus of equal par value of ordinary stock.

The advertisement announces that the investment is secured by first mortgage bonds on coal lands containing eighty-one million tons of coal, according to the report of F. B. Smith, B. Sc., C. I. & M. E., Dominion government inspector of mines as well as on the oil lands in Alberta. The six per cent. interest is payable half yearly.

BASEBALL RESULTS.

Yesterday's Results.

Tacoma, 3; Vancouver, 2.
Aberdeen, 6; Spokane, 4.
Butte, 5; Seattle, 2.

Northwestern League.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Vancouver	70	54	.565
Spokane	65	60	.520
Aberdeen	62	59	.512
Tacoma	60	59	.504
Butte	52	60	.464
Seattle	57	74	.435

National League.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	80	46	.635
Pittsburg	81	50	.619
Chicago	81	51	.614
Philadelphia	69	56	.552
Cincinnati	62	69	.473
Boston	55	75	.423
Brooklyn	44	84	.344
St. Louis	44	85	.341

American League.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Detroit	75	53	.586
Chicago	73	57	.562
St. Louis	71	58	.550
Cleveland	72	59	.549
Philadelphia	63	65	.492
Boston	64	66	.492
Washington	56	70	.444
New York	42	87	.325

Coast League.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Los Angeles	81	61	.570
San Francisco	75	77	.493
Portland	67	72	.482
Oakland	68	81	.456

TAFT AND BRYAN TO MEET.

But at Chicago Banquet Speeches Will Be Non-Political.

Chicago, Sept. 12.—W. H. Taft and W. J. Bryan, rival candidates for the presidency of the United States, will meet at Chicago, October 7th, at a banquet given by the Chicago Association of Commerce, according to an announcement made here yesterday by W. D. Moody, business agent of the association. The speeches will be non-political.

The coming together of the two men at present looming largest in the public eye was made possible by the deep waterways convention. As this movements, as well as the Chicago Association of Commerce, is non-partisan, it was felt that the occasion was an excellent one for the meeting of the two candidates. In extending both invitations the non-political motive of the banquet was emphasized and it is believed Mr. Bryan and Mr. Taft will confine their remarks to waterways and possibly business matters.

In addition to Mr. Bryan and Mr. Taft it is expected that some eighteen governors of states and a number of congresmen and senators will be at the banquet board.

FORTITUDE ON SCAFFOLD.

San Quentin Prison, Cal., Sept. 12.—Constantine Borsel was hanged in the state prison here yesterday for the murder of Emilio D'Eramo, in Los Angeles on January 31st, of this year. He went to the scaffold calmly and had nothing to say after receiving absolution.

Miss Jennie Miller leaves for Chicago on Monday.

NOW IS RIGHT TIME TO BUILD

THERE SHOULD BE GENERAL ACTIVITY

Resident Points Out Need for More Small Homes.

There has been a good deal of favorable comment on the article which appeared in yesterday's Times in regard to the advisability of building at the present time. That this is the time to do it is echoed by everyone. One man puts it this way:

"There is a good investment in building houses for renting purposes. There are none at all worth mentioning at the present time. People are being kept away from the city because they cannot get the houses they want. The need just now is for small houses and cottages which will rent at from eighteen to twenty-five dollars, having five or six rooms. Anything modern that is offered at this price is immediately snapped up, and the result is that many owners are asking really more than the houses are worth because they know that tenants cannot get them without paying the price.

"Everyone is agreed that ten per cent is a good investment in house property. Very few houses do not pay that much, but the majority of them pay about twelve per cent on their cost. A great many fine lots can be bought to-day for four hundred dollars. A good cottage can be built on this for two thousand dollars or less. The total cost of this property would then be $2,400. Ten per cent on this amount would be twenty dollars a month, but many of the houses built for that amount bring more than twenty dollars a month. If a lower price is wanted in rent the difference can be made in the cost of the house or the lot.

"There are some who argue that it is necessary to pay six or seven hundred dollars to purchase a lot in a good locality. All depends on what is meant by a good locality. If it is meant that it must be centrally located or in the midst of a district where the surrounding houses are larger than the one intended to be built, the statement is true; but in that case the rent received for such a house would be larger than that mentioned above. Take it whatever way you will there is a good profit to be made on building houses at the present time, especially if the builder is willing to rent them, and does not want more than a fair amount of return on his investment.

"There is yet another advantage to be looked for if the person building can hold his property for a short time. This advantage is the increase in price which is bound to accrue following the natural growth of the city. There will undoubtedly be an increase also in the price of unoccupied lots, but in the meantime they are producing nothing, and the interest on the investment is constantly piling up, or being lost.

"In Victoria there are hundreds of people who own from one to a dozen vacant lots, and who are holding them for a rise in price. How much better it would be for them to borrow enough money to erect houses on them and make the property a paying proposition instead of keeping them land poor as they do at present."

SILVER SITUATION.

Considerable Speculation as to What Future Will Bring Forth.

With the somewhat optimistic statement that Cobalt will produce twelve million dollars worth of silver in a short time, and the fact that there has been quite a slump in the price of bar silver recently, the silver market affords some speculation as to the future, according to the Monetary Times. The situation naturally is influenced by the supply and demand. Production has an important bearing upon the market. In 1888 the world's production, in fine ounces, was 108,827,606, and the price in London was 42⅝ pence. In 1907, the production had increased to 159,456,333 fine ounces, while the London price was 30 3-16 pence. Taking the average of the past three years, there has been little change in the amount of production, the figures being for 1905, 1906 and 1907, respectively, in millions, 157, 158 and 159. During the same period the price has fluctuated about 25 per cent.

The changes in the Mexican currency in 1904, namely, the rejection of silver currency, the adoption of a double standard and the suspension of a free coinage of silver, has meant little interest in Mexico, so far as increased production figures are concerned. Several mines in the Southern Republic have closed down. The demands of the various mints have probably accounted for some 60 per cent. of the total output during the past three years.

The Asiatic demand for silver, and the influence of the industrial arts upon the market, are in some little way related. In India, silver once played an important part in the manufacture of artistic goods. The industries in that country have, during late years, declined. This is probably due to less prosperity.

The outlook at present in India is brighter, and it is expected that an Indian demand for silver will soon arise. Gold does not circulate generally in Japan or India, but silver is freely circulated in both countries. China also makes payments in either silver or copper. Therefore, Asia altogether is probably the most important factor in the silver situation. The trade outlook in the Orient is improving. Judging by present appearances, and despite the slump and various prophesies, experts look for higher prices in the silver market.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Davis, formerly proprietor of the Poodle Dog restaurant and Hotel Davies, arrived over from Seattle on the Princess Victoria this afternoon.

* * *

Lafayette Gunn will leave on Monday for Upper Canada College to prepare for Toronto University. He will visit friends in Vancouvr, Winnipeg, Boston Mills, reaching Toronto on October 1st.

HOTELS—AMUSEMENTS —Tourists' and Travellers' Page— SUMMER RESORTS

DIAMONDS ENTER CANADA DUTY FREE

THREE TEMPTATIONS IN BEAUTIFUL CUT GLASS

GRACEFUL FOOTED COMPORT $7.50
COLONIAL CUT DECANTER (genuine Baccarat) .. $7.50
HANDSOME 8-inch BERRY BOWL $7.00

You will want one of these if you see them. We're proud of the value they offer. Of course, we have articles of this kind more and less expensive, but we are drawing your attention to the above as being particularly attractive.

Challoner & Mitchell
DIAMOND MERCHANTS AND JEWELLERS
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

A.O.U.W. THEATRE

Burroughs Stock Company
Presents This Week
"EAST LYNNE"
Evening Performance 8:20.
Evening Prices, 15c, 25c, 35c and 50c.
Matinee Wednesday and Saturday at 2:45
Matinee Prices, 15c and 25c

AMUSEMENTS.

Victoria THEATRE
MONDAY, SEPT. 14
BEST BY ACTUAL TEST.
30th Edition of the Black Bon Tons.
RICHARDS & PRINGLE'S FAMOUS
MINSTRELS
The whole world has laughed at the antics of The Irresistable Six: Clarence Powell, Happy Beaureguard, Elmer Clay, Pete Woods, Willie Shepard, Lonny Bosan.
Street parades at noon. Concert in front of theatre, 7.30 p. m.
Prices, 25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00. Box office opens 10 a. m. Friday, Sept. 11th.

THE NEW GRAND
WEEK, 14TH SEPTEMBER.
THE GREAT
ABDALLAH TROUPE
6—Arabian Acrobats—6
LOUGHLIN'S PERFORMING DOGS
Wonderful Canine Entertainers.
MAIE SCHEFTELS
The English Song Bird.
O'CONNOR, SAUNDERS AND JENNINGS
Rural Comedy Sketch.
"The Thoroughbred and the Lady."
THE LYNDONS
"The Prima Donna and the Coon."
THOS. J. PRICE
Song Illustrator.
"Just You and I."
NEW MOVING PICTURES
"In Astrakan."
"Drama in Tyrols."
OUR OWN ORCHESTRA
M. NAGEL, Director.
"Gazzo-Ladra," by Rossini.

PANTAGES THEATRE
WEEK SEPT. 14th.
HEUMAN TRIO,
Sensational Bicyclists.
FRANCESCO MAROCCI,
The Venetian Violinist.
MAE CLARK,
Vocalist.
AUSTRALIAN TRIO,
"On Furlough."
BILLY CULLEN,
Singing Comedian.
HARRY DE VERRA,
"Mornin', Cy."
BIOGRAPH.

EMPRESS THEATRE
Cor. Govt. and Johnson Sts.
Moving Pictures
Thursday, Friday and Saturday.
Through Switzerland; Showing Lake Lucerne and the Engadine Valley.
Who Needed the Dough?
The Dynamiters.
The Flower of Youth.
The Witch's Son.
Adventures of a Roll of Linoleum.
Illustrated Song
Leslie Davies, Vocalist.
Mr. Walter Gaskell, Pianist.
AMATEUR NIGHT, FRIDAY, AT 8 P.M.
Daily 2.00 to 5.30 and 7.00 to 10.30. Admission 10 cents. Chidren 5 cents each. Wednesday and Saturday matinee.

Grand Opening
—OF—
ROLLER RINK
TUESDAY, SEPT. 15th
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.
Admission: Mornings free; afternoon and evening, 10c.; skates, 25c.
None but Richardson Ball-Bearing Skates used.
We cater to respectable patronage only.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

DOMINION.

A. Y. Bentley, Seattle; E. Hulbert and wife, Aberdeen, Wash.; E. R. Morganroth and wife, Seattle; E. A. Bavill and wife, Chicago; J. J. McNiven, New Westminster; Miss Melrose, Renton, Wash.; D. Nicholson, Ladysmith; S. M. Philpot and wife, Humboldt, Nev.; John Milligan, Otter Point; H. H. Webb, Chicago; Alex. Taylor and wife, Miss Agnes Hepburn, Port Stanley; T. Ward, Vancouver, Wash. Mr. and Mrs. A. E. French and family, Dawson; E. E. Jones, Kimberley; Miss A. Kitzell, Vancouver; May G. Baston, Trinidad, Colo.; U. S. Clarke, D. B. Newell, A. Hewitt, F. Jameson, Vancouver; H. Hamlet, New Westminster; F. E. Parnell, Cowichan.

EMPRESS.

J. B. Hardy, St. Paul; W. B. Crane, W. S. Seavey and wife, Portland; W. J. Graves, Edmonton; R. P. Cikely, W. S. Logan, W. O. Webster and wife, A. W. Johnson and wife, H. L. Burnet and wife, D. King, Vancouver; D. Corsan, T. Corsan, Fernie; R. S. McCreery, Huntington, N. Y.; T. G. Mahlmann, Yonkers; Mrs. H. J. Patters, Miss V. Patters, Evanston, Ill.; F. W. Osborn and wife, Detroit; F. H. Renick and wife, A. Dietz, E. P. James, Seattle; F. M. Savage, Chicago; Mrs. E. Cartan, Toronto; F. L. Hammond, Nelson; J. J. Seitz and wife, Toronto; H. I. Miffonis, Ottawa; W. S. Spark, London, Eng.; A. L. Denison, Calgary; M. A. White and wife, Hamilton, Mont.; J. A. Cook, Edinburgh; J. H. Brewster, Hartford, Conn.; T. W. Gaston, Tacoma; A. Beard and wife, E. Bestham, New York.

DRIARD.

W. N. Bellinger, Portland; J. N. Lewis, Detroit; J. R. Marrison, May Houlahan, Mrs. D. J. Houlahan, Eileen Houlahan, Seattle; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Taylor, W. W. Burke, Vancouver; Mrs. H. Du Bisson, Tacoma; Mrs. C. Heimbach, Cincinnati; Mrs. A. Swanson and child, Mrs. W. H. McCormick, New Westminster; Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Webster, Mrs. L. J. Webster and daughter, Bakersfield; E. C. Greenshaw, Vancouver; Mrs. Macdonald, Toronto; J. G. Billings, Sidney; E. H. Harris, Toronto; W. M. Lang, Nanaimo; J. B. Harper, Boston; C. A. Glehan, Seattle; Miss Betancourt, Tacoma; W. M. Lowe, Prince Rupert; H. H. Dearborn, Seattle.

KING EDWARD.

Mrs. R. C. Miller, Seattle; F. L. Towne, Rosalia, Wash.; P. G. Voot, Ladysmith; E. J. Russell, Vancouver; Mrs. W. Walley, Winnipeg; Miss C. Thornton, Miss E. Thornton, Vancouver; E. Harvey, C. D. May, Mrs. May, Seattle; Mrs. M. R. Wells, Miss E. Wells, Vancouver; J. H. Hunter, Mrs. Hunter, P. E. I.; Isaac Ogden, Peter Ogden, Lac La Hache; E. Newton, Mrs. Newton, Toronto; J. G. McIntosh, Vancouver; E. T. Osborne, N. Saanich; F. Lashbrook, London; J. B. Knox, Ottawa; G. C. Johnson, Montreal; H. E. Cochran, New Westminster; G. Wacion, J. D. Day, Vancouver; Wm. Gidley, Duncan; R. C. Crackenthorp, R. Oswald, Mrs. Oswald, Seattle; Jno. C. McNaughton, K. C.; W. C. Lane, D. M. Drummond, San Francisco; L. Jaygor, Mrs. Jaygor, Portland; H. O. Lewis, Mrs. Lewis, Rosenburg; J. F. Main, Mrs. Main, Miss Main, Seattle.

Mr. S. H. Larke, the North Pacific passenger agent, whose headquarters are in Seattle, was in the city yesterday.

• • •

Mr. Earnest Carley, manager of the Northwestern department of the Cunard S.S. Co., whose headquarters are in Minneapolis, was in the city yesterday on business.

• • •

Mrs. F. B. Pemberton gave a delightful dance last night at her summer home at Finnerty Beach. This will probably be the last of the many pleasant outings provided by that popular hostess for her numerous friends.

• • •

Mrs. D. M. Rogers entertained a number of friends at luncheon on Friday.

• • •

Godfrey Booth, manager of the Northern Bank, entertained a number of friends on Tuesday evening.

• • •

Mrs. R. P. Rithet gave a luncheon on Thursday which was much enjoyed by those present.

• • •

Elya Groom, the composer of the popular Lewis and Clark march, which was played this season to welcome the United States fleets at Portland and Seattle, was in town last week. She has recently published a new song, "On the Shores of Puget Sound," which promises to be very popular.

• • •

Mrs. Grayburn and her niece, Miss Arnott, of Seattle, who spent last week with friends in Victoria, returned home on Wednesday.

• • •

Mrs. Claphan and her sister, Miss Wylde, who have been visiting with friends in the city, leave to-day via the North Coast Limited and the Cunarder Caronia on their return to the Old Country.

• • •

Mrs. D'Alton McCarthy, Miss Lally and Mrs. and Miss Fitzgibbon have removed to 1022 Carberry Gardens, the residence of Mrs. Phipps, and will occupy it during her absence in the East.

• • •

Mrs. Bridgman and Miss Drake have returned to Victoria after a trip to Banff and Glacier.

• • •

Mr. H. J. Sehl has been up at Duncans and vicinity on a fishing expedition.

• • •

The Misses Watson, of Seattle, who have been the guests of Mrs. Blackwood, of Linden avenue, for some tme, returned home on Tuesday by the Dolphin.

• • •

Mrs. J. E. Gardiner, of San Francisco, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Cuthbert, for some time, returned home this week.

• • •

Mrs. Burton and Mrs. G. Courtney spent the week end at Strathcona hotel, Shawnigan.

• • •

Mrs. T. E. Holling received on Wednesday and Thursday afternoons of this week at her home, 1515 Blanchard street.

• • •

Miss Amy McSwain spent the week end with friends in Vancouver.

• • •

Mrs. Harvey Coombe and Mrs. A. W. Jones spent Monday with Col. and Mrs. Prior at their pretty summer home at Shawnigan.

• • •

Mrs. James McKay, of the Dallas road, is entertaining friends from South Pender Island this week.

• • •

H. F. Pullen and family have returned to Victoria after a delightful visit to Mr. Pullen's old home in England.

• • •

Miss Nina Irving, of Cook street, has returned from a pleasant visit with friends in Vancouver.

• • •

—Miss Alvina Weiler left on Tuesday for Vancouver to attend Miss Gordon's school.

• • •

Mrs. J. T. Shadforth, the wife of the organizer of the Northern Iron and Steel Corporation, which is to be built on Vancouver Island, is at present on a visit to Seattle. Mr. Shadforth is making his headquarters at the Driard hotel, from which place he is completing the various details for the large works to be erected in British Columbia. Mrs. Shadforth is the youngest sister of E. W. Fletcher, of New York.

• • •

In order to celebrate the occasion of their recent marriage, License Inspector and Mrs. Handley entertained a number of members of the local police force at a dinner at their residence, 429 John street. Jailer Allen acted as toastmaster, and in a few felicitous words proposed the health of the host and hostess, to which Mr. Handley suitably replied. After dinner the party gathered around the piano where Constable Palmer officiated, and a most enjoyable evening was spent in music and mirth.

• • •

Bishop Macdonald, of Antigonish, who is designated for duty at Victoria, was here some years ago. Unlike most of the church dignitaries who have preceded him here he is a Scotchman. He is an eloquent speaker and a doctor of divinity. The diocese of Antigonish, from which it is stated he is to be transferred to Victoria, was the home of the late Sir John Thompson.

• • •

Mrs. Saunders, wife of Dr. C. C. Saunders, the cerealist at the Ottawa experimental farm, accompanied her husband to Victoria and is a guest at the Empress.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Cullum, of Caledonia avenue, made a trip to Seattle Labor Day, the first time they have been there for eleven years, although they have resided in Victoria all the time.

• • •

Mrs. Holling, wife of the pastor of the Metropolitan church, received at her home on Blanchard street on Wednesday and Thursday of last week, when a large number of friends took advantage of the opportunity of paying her their respects.

• • •

No further word has been received at the Archbishop's palace relative to the successor to Archbishop Orth, who recently retired owing to ill-health.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. McConnan left Wednesday afternoon on a brief visit to Portland, Ore.

• • •

Mrs. (Dr.) Sutherland, of Revelstoke, is visiting friends here.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. E. V. Bodwell and children are at present visiting friends in the east.

• • •

Mrs. H. Cuttle, 107 Government street, is spending the month of September with friends in Vancouver and will not receive until October.

• • •

Dr. and Mrs. Hope-Lewis are among the visitors registered at the Empress.

• • •

Mrs. Nicholls is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. W. Boultbee, Vancouver.

• • •

Rev. W. and Mrs. Hicks, of Vancouver, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Gideon Hicks.

• • •

Mrs. Berkeley entertained a few friends with bridge Wednesday afternoon at her pretty camp at Esquimalt.

• • •

Mr. S. J. and Miss Pitts left this week on an extended visit to the old country.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Pooley are still travelling on the continent and are not expected home for some time.

• • •

Mrs. Barclay, of Westholme, was the guest of Mrs. Andain at Burleith this week.

• • •

Miss Phyllis Green intends leaving shortly on an extended visit to England.

• • •

Mrs. Holland, Belcher street, was hostess at a delightful dance on Friday evening.

• • •

Mrs. T. S. Gore entertained the Bridge club Friday afternoon.

• • •

The officers at Work Point barracks entertained their friends at a delightful dance Wednesday evening. The five courts, tastefully decorated with flags and bunting, was utilized for dancing. The music supplied by Miss Thain's orchestra left nothing to be desired. Mrs. Hughes and Mrs. Hart made charming hostesses. The guests were: Mrs. Edwardes, Capt. Coombe, Capt. Crawford, Mr. and Mrs. Guy Warner, Mrs. Hope, in a lovely Empire gown; Miss Green, in black sequin robe; Mrs. Robin Dunsmuir, in a handsome lace Princess dress; Miss Paula Irving; Miss Mason; Miss Drake; the Misses Pooley; Miss Cobbett, in pretty flowered organdy; Miss M. Dunsmuir, in a lovely pale blue Empire gown; Miss Langley; Miss Little; Miss Peters, cream crepe de chine; Miss Muriel Dunsmuir, in white chiffon; Miss Perry; Miss Boulton; Miss Bullen, in pale blue; Miss Pemberton, in handsome black lace over white; Mrs. Barclay, in white trimmed with pale yellow; Mrs. Genge, in pink satin; Miss Wasson; Miss Monteith; Miss Day; Miss Butchart, in a lovely Empire gown of Dresden silk; Mrs. A. Martin, in black lace over white taffeta; Miss Spencer; the Misses Pitts; Miss V. Mason, in white crepe de chine; Miss Mara, Lieut. Fraser, Dr. Ricaids, Lieut. Bloomfield, and Messrs. Mason, James, C., Brown, McDougall, Bullen, Martin, L. Mara, Eberts, Drake, Cambie, Bromley, Keefer, Wilmot, Meredith, Parker, H. Davis.

• • •

J. H. MacGill, Vancouver, who was a school teacher at Sooke twenty years ago, has given a cup to be shot for at the 200 and 300-yard ranges by members of the Sooke Rifle Association, and to be known as the Schoolmaster's Cup. Mr. MacGill came over last evening and will attend the shoot at Sooke to-day.

• • •

Hamar Grenwood, M. P., left by this morning's boat for Vancouver on his way back to the world's capital. He is due back there on Oct. 12th, when the autumn session of the House opens.

LADY GAY.

Don't Tire Yourself
Before you reach the Gorge by pulling a boat from town,
GET YOUR BOATS
From the
Gorge Boat House
GORGE PARK
Rates the same as city.

Dine at the St. Francis
THE ST. FRANCIS HOTEL management have taken over the dining room, and an up-to-date service is furnished.
SPECIAL BUSINESS MEN'S LUNCH, 12 to 2 P. M. 25c
Can't be equalled on the Coast.

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THE LEADING TOURIST AND FAMILY HOTEL OF VANCOUVER
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YOUR HEADQUARTERS
Only the best of local and imported cigars, cigarettes and tobacco to be had. A full line of smokers' requisites.
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RAFFLE
To be raffled, a beautiful hand embroidered silk panel (landscape), 8x20 inches, value $50. Can be sen at store of Tim Kee, 1002 Government, corner of Cormorant street; 100 tickets at 50c. each. Date of drawing to be announced when tickets are sold.
TIM KEE.

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Large and small suites with bathrooms. No charge for attendance and baths.
Breakfast ..... from 1s. 6d.
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or a la carte.
Afternoon concert tea in lounge ... 1s.
Illustrated tariff posted to all inquirers.
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Headquarters for Visitors.
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ALSO A VERY SPECIAL LINE OF GROSS GRAIN SILKS
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Artistic Silk and Linen Embroidery Drawn Work, Ladies' Shirt Waist Pieces and Mandarin Coat Brass, Satsuma, Ivory, Cloissone Wares and other unique articles, etc., also Silk and Cotton Crepe sold by yard.
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COLWOOD HOTEL
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MEALS SERVED AT ALL HOURS
DAN CAMPBELL,
Ex-Provincial Constable Proprietor

ST. ALICE HOTEL.

Picturesquery situated at the foot of the magnificent Harrison Lake, surrounded by mountains from 2,000 to 10,000 feet in height, within three hours' run from the Pacific Coast, this celebrated resort, whose Springs have been famous for their curative powers since the pioneer days of British Columbia, offers unequalled attractions to both pleasure and health seekers. A beautiful drive from Agassis station, seventy miles from Vancouver on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway, brings the tourist to the St. Alice Hotel. The views from the hotel verandas are unrivalled. Many delightful walks through the woods, mountain trails to climb, tennis courts, croquet lawns, baseball grounds, good fishing and hunting in season, and boating unsurpassed anywhere, afford unlimited outdoor entertainment, while for indoor amusement there are ping-pong and billiard tables and a large dancing pavilion. One of the attractions of the locality is the Government Experimental Farm at Agassis, many guests spending pleasant afternoons visiting this interesting institution.

The efficacy of the Harrison Waters in rheumatism, kidney and liver diseases, etc., etc., has long since made these springs the most noted of the Pacific Northwest. Well fitted baths in the hotel are supplied with the mineral water. Those requiring medical advice may consult the resident physician, and baths may be taken under his superintendence. The St. Alice Hotel is open all the year round. Terms, $2.50 per day and upward, American plan. Baths, etc., extra. Special terms to parties staying a week or longer. Address all inquiries to the manager,

St. Alice Hotel, Harrison Hot Springs, B. C.

YOU CAN LIVE OUTDOORS ALL WINTER AT
Matchless Del Monte
The Paradise of the Pacific
125 MILES SOUTH OF SAN FRANCISCO
Affords every facility for golf, tennis, riding, motoring, and all other sports under ideal conditions.
Superb climate—beautiful scenery. Every luxury and convenience of the best city hotels.
Stopover privileges on all through railroad tickets
Through parlor car from city daily at 3 p. m.
ILLUSTRATED LITERAUTURE ON REQUEST.
H. R. WARNER, Manager.

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IT WILL PROVE A SOUND INVESTMENT

"THE EMPIRE" Wire Fence is made in heights of 36, 42, 48 and 54 inches, in rolls of 10, 20, 30 and 40 rods.

Don't erect your fence until we are afforded the opportunity of acquainting you with the merits of the "EMPIRE."

Let us know the quantity required and we will gladly mail you illustrations and prices.

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HARDWARE, FARM IMPLEMENTS.

Established Eighteen Fifty-Nine

Bargains in New Wheels

OUR LOSS, YOUR GAIN.

We have a few HIGH GRADE ENGLISH WHEELS as follows. They have been soiled and marked in transportation, and two that have been slightly soiled in use.

One Singer Gent's 1908 Model, Two Speed Gear
Three Singer Gent's 1908 Model Free Wheels
One Ladies' Singer 1908 Model Free Wheel
Two Canadian Machines, This Year's Models
Two Other English Makes, Latest Models.

This is a splendid opportunity to get a high grade machine at a great reduction in price.

PLIMLEY AUTO CO., Cycle Dept.
613 GOVERNMENT ST., OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE

Synopsis of Canadian Northwest Homestead Regulations.

Any even-numbered section of Dominion Lands in Manitoba or the Northwest Provinces, excepting 8 and 26, not reserved, may be homesteaded by any person the sole head of a family, or male over 18 years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section, of 160 acres, more or less.

Application for homestead entry must be made in person by the applicant at the office of the local Agent or Sub-Agent. Entry by proxy may, however, be made on certain conditions by the father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of an intending homesteader.

An application for entry or inspection made personally at any Sub-Agent's office may be wired to the local agent by the Sub-Agent, at the expense of the applicant, and if the land applied for is vacant on receipt of the telegram such application is to have priority and the land will be held until the necessary papers to complete the transaction are received by mail.

In case of "personation" the entry will be summarily cancelled and the applicant will forfeit all priority of claims.

An application for inspection must be made in person. The applicant must be eligible for homestead entry, and only one application for inspection will be received from an individual until that application has been disposed of.

A homesteader whose entry is in good standing, and not liable to cancellation, may, subject to approval of Department, relinquish it in favor of father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister, if eligible, but to no one else, on filing declaration of abandonment.

Where an entry is summarily cancelled, or voluntarily abandoned, subsequent to institution of cancellation proceedings, the applicant for inspection will be entitled to prior right of entry.

Applicants for inspection must state in what particulars the homesteader is in default, and if subsequently the statement is found to be incorrect in material particulars, the applicant will lose any prior right of re-entry, should the land become vacant, or if entry has been granted it may be summarily cancelled.

DUTIES.—A settler is required to perform the conditions under one of the following plans:—

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year during the term of three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased) of a homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for by such homesteader the requirement as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirement may be satisfied by residence upon such land.

Before making application for patent the settler must give six months' notice in writing to the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa, of his intention to do so.

SYNOPSIS OF CANADIAN NORTH-WEST MINING REGULATIONS.

COAL.—Coal mining rights may be leased for a period of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 per acre. Not more than 2,560 acres shall be leased to one individual or company. A royalty at the rate of five cents per ton shall be collected on the merchantable coal mined.

QUARTZ.—A person eighteen years of age, or over, having discovered mineral in place, may locate a claim 1,500 x 1,500 feet.

The fee for recording a claim is $5.

At least $100 must be expended on the claim each year or paid to the mining recorder in lieu thereof. When $500 has been expended or paid, the locator may, upon having a survey made, and upon complying with other requirements, purchase the land at $1 per acre.

The patent provides for the payment of a royalty of 2½ per cent. on the sales.

Placer mining claims generally are 100 feet square; entry fee $5, renewable yearly.

An applicant may obtain two leases to dredge for gold of five miles each for a term of twenty years, renewable at the discretion of the Minister of the Interior.

The lessee shall have a dredge in operation within one season from the date of the lease for each five miles. Rental $10 per annum for each mile of river leased. Royalty at the rate of 2½ per cent. collected on the output after it exceeds $10,000.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Read the Daily Times.

SOMETHING TASTY
Our
Malt Bread
HAVE YOU TRIED IT?

First-class Cakes, Pies and Confectionery

CENTRAL BAKERY,
Phone 1637 640 YATES ST.
R. MORRISON & CO.

EXTRACT FROM "BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL" March 23, 1907.

"A Most Valuable Food"

At a time when the preparation of artificial foodstuffs is receiving more attention than ever before, and when new forms of easily assimilable fat to take the place of codliver oil are being frequently brought to the notice of the medical profession, it is desirable that some of the older forms of administering natural fats should not be lost sight of. Among natural fats, butter easily takes first place for nutritive value, and when combined with a suitable soluble carbohydrate, a most valuable food is produced.

The BUTTER-SCOTCH which Messrs. Callard & Bowser (Duke's Road, Euston Road, W. C.) have prepared for fifty years, is such an article, which has the great advantage of being palatable, so palatable, in fact, that children are more likely to need restraining from excess than any persuading to take it. This BUTTER-SCOTCH is stated to contain 11.7 per cent. of fat and 79.3 per cent. of sugar, and the results of an analysis which we have made recently of a specimen substantially confirm these figures; further chemical examination of the fat extracted showed it to be genuine butter fat. This confection can therefore be recommended not only as a harmless sweetmeat, but also as a very useful addition to the diet in suitable cases.

In all the principal candy stores in Victoria.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

Daily Report Furnished by the Victoria Meteorological Department.

Victoria, Sept. 12.—5 a. m.—The barometer is abnormally high over this province, and fine, warm weather is general throughout the Pacific slope, and light to moderate winds prevail along the Coast. The weather remains fair and warm in the prairie provinces.

Forecasts.

For 36 hours ending 5 p. m. Sunday.

Victoria and vicinity—Light to moderate winds, generally fair and warm to-day and Sunday.

Lower Mainland—Light winds, fine and warm to-day and Sunday.

Reports.

Victoria—Barometer, 30.12; temperature, 47; minimum, 46; wind, calm; weather, clear.

New Westminster—Barometer, 30.16; temperature, 50; minimum, 50; wind, 4 miles E.; weather, clear.

Kamloops—Barometer, 30.10; temperature, 48; minimum, 48; wind, calm; weather, clear.

San Francisco—Barometer, 30.06; temperature, 54; minimum, 54; wind, 4 miles W.; weather, clear.

Edmonton—Barometer, 30.16; temperature, 40; minimum, 40; wind, 4 miles N.E.; weather, part cloudy.

—The ladies of St. John's senior guild will hold their business meeting in the guild room on Monday afternoon, Sept. 14th at 3 o'clock, to elect officers for the ensuing year. All members are requested to attend.

—M. G. Johnson and A. E. Johnson leave to-morrow morning for a trip to Portland.

DR. C. E. SAUNDERS VISITING VICTORIA

Cerealist From Experimental Farm at Ottawa on Tour.

Arrangements are now well under way for the establishment of the experimental farm on Vancouver island. About a week ago Dr. Saunders, director of experimental farms for the Dominion of Canada, was in this neighborhood and went into the matter of procuring suitable land for the purpose. While he did not do anything definite it is understood that he is now in a position to make recommendations to Hon. Sidney Fisher, the minister for agriculture, and that it is the intention to establish the farm as soon as the necessary arrangements can be made.

Dr. C. E. Saunders, son of Dr. Saunders, who has charge of the experimental stations, is now in the city. He is cerealist at the Central Experimental farm and has charge of the breeding and testing of new varieties of grain at the experimental farm at Ottawa. In order to keep in touch with the conditions in every part of the Dominion he finds it necessary to visit the central points and it is on the information gathered in this way as well as by correspondence that he guages the different varieties which he produces and recommends.

In conversation with a Times representative yesterday Dr. Saunders told something of the work he is doing in the matter of selecting and breeding new varieties. According to him each individual climate and soil has its own needs in the way of particular varieties. A poor soil needs a different kind of straw to a rich one while a wet climate requires a different straw and grain to a dry one. Then the uses to which a grain is to be put are always taken into consideration. For instance: On the Pacific coast practically all the wheat grown is used for food for poultry or hogs. For this reason there is no advantage in growing the hard wheat such as they raise on the prairies, but the chief aim is to get as much food value as possible. When raising new varieties or selecting those best suited for different purposes the different sections of the country are kept in mind, as, if this were not done, many fine varieties might be discarded and unsuitable ones kept instead.

Dr. Saunders has been engaged in the work for the past six years. He says it takes something like ten years to cross varieties and bring the product to such a stage that it is ready for distribution in small quantities among the farmers. That means that in about four years he will be prepared to commence the work of sending out the new varieties which he has produced. There are hundreds of these and there might have been thousands only that many were discarded as unsuitable for the purposes for which they were designed.

There has been some criticism of Dr. Saunders for conducting all his experiments at one station, at Ottawa. He says, however, that he can do better work at one point, and that especially as Ottawa is somewhat of an average climate and soil. He thinks, however, that every district should have its own experimental station, and he quite realizes that the station at Agassis is not of any more value to Vancouver island than would be the station at Ottawa except for its nearness to the district.

Discussing the question of the fertility and climate of the different districts the professor expressed his surprise that more people did not choose the fertile valleys of Vancouver island instead of going into the districts on the prairies. Not only was there more money to be made here, he thought, but also there was the double advantage of living in a pleasant climate. He spoke particularly of several districts where the crops were so poor, in comparison with British Columbia where everything grew so well.

Discussing crop prospects generally in the North West Dr. Saunders said that on the whole they were good. There were dry spots where the crops were very light, and also there was a little frost in small spots in many districts but on the whole the damage he thought was very slight. Most of the damage was done in the grain that was sown late or that was situated in low spots. These conditions were always dangerous in a country like that on the prairies.

SACRED CONCERT.

At St. Andrew's Presbyterian church on Tuesday, Sept. 15th, there will be a grand organ and sacred recital given, in which a chorus of forty voices will take part. The concert will begin at 8.15 sharp. Selections will be given by the organist, Jesse A. Longfield. The programme will be as follows:

Organ—Grand Offertoire in G ..... Wely
Anthem—O Praise God in His Holiness ..... Whitfield
Soloists, Mrs. Edward Parsons and Mr. Waddington.
Vocal—Come Unto Me ..... Coenen
Mrs. Briggs.
Cornet—Serenade ..... Schubert
George Bryer.
Vocal—Selected .....
Mr. Nelson.
Organ—The Chapel in the Mountains. ..... Wilson
Anthem—Send Out Thy Light ... Gounod
Violin—Reverie in A ..... Tolhurst
James C. Corkle.
Vocal—The Outcast ..... Jude
Mrs. Gideon Hicks.
Organ—Andantino in G Flat ..... Bunnett
Vocal—Fear Ye Not, O Israel ..... Buck
(By Request)
J. G. Brown.
Organ—Hymn, Holy, Holy, Holy (varied) ..... Jackson
Chorus—The Heavens Are Telling..Haydn
God Save the King.

IMPORTANT

The attention of consumers is called to the printed inside wrappers of SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES, which will be redeemed, as stated thereon, at the Company's offices at corner Princess street and McDermott avenue, Winnipeg, or 141 Water street, Vancouver.

A Bad Stomach

may come from one of three causes — faulty digestion, constipation or weak kidneys.

Whether it's one or all three of these troubles, ABBEY'S SALT will sweeten the stomach, make the digestion sound, and regulate and strengthen the kidneys. 21

Abbey's Effer-vescent Salt

25c. and 60c. a bottle. At all dealers.

PREVENTION OF FOREST FIRES

From the London Spectator.

After the recent disaster in British Columbia, it may be worth while to record some of the devices which experience has proved to be efficacious in arresting forest and prairie fires.

In India, much of the country bordering on the forest areas is covered with tall grass and other herbageous vegetation, which becomes exceedingly dry and inflammable during the hot season. Fires in such localities are of annual occurrence. They may have an accidental origin; but they are too often intentionally raised by villagers who desire, by burning off the old, dry and innutritious herbage, to obtain, in the new growth, succulent and fattening pasture for their herds of cattle. In some districts the grass is ignited by village hunters with the object of attracting deer to open ground, from the margin of which they may be easily seen and shot. Fires thus lighted, but unchecked, will of course spread into the adjacent forests. Here, in parts where the trees stand thickly together, there is probably but little living herbage on the ground, and what there is will still be green when the prairie grass has become dry enough to burn. The quantity and degree of dryness of such herbage is greater in parts where the crop of trees is less dense, until, in open glades, the grass may be as plentiful and as dry as that in which the fire originated. In former days, the damage done to forests by such fires was so serious that special measures had to be adopted for their prevention. These consist mainly of "fire-lines" cut and burned so as entirely to isolate the forest from the surrounding grass-clothed lands, or at least to protect it on those boundaries which are most exposed to danger.

Early in the season, before the prairie grass has reached an inflammable condition, a pair of parallel paths some five or six feet wide, and at suitable distance apart, are cut along the margin of the forest. These are joined at intervals by cross-paths which divide the intervening strip of ground into sections, the whole forming a ladder-shaped system of paths upon the future fire-line. The grass cut from the paths is thrown inwards, on to the sections between the rungs of the ladder. As soon as the grass growing on the fire-line is dry enough to burn, even partially on dangerous ground, it is burnt off by successive sections. The burning is a somewhat delicate operation, requiring skill and experience; but hundreds, indeed, thousandst of miles of fire-lines are thus successfully burnt annually. It is carried out on a still evening by a gang of men trained to the work, and armed with tools and green boughs cut from the neighboring brushwood. Evening is the best time, because there is usually a heavy dew soon after sunset at that time of year; and should the fire, unfortunately, get out of control, the moisture either extinguishes it or greatly impedes its progress; and again, in the growing darkness erratic sparks are more readily seen and extinguished. The section about to be burnt is lighted on all sides by men running round it with torches, and it is soon all aflame. If there is no wind, the heated air rises vertically, causing an inward draft which carries the burning fragments up with it; and many of these became extinguished before they reach the ground, or at any rate fall back into the fire. Some stary sparks will, however, fall outside the burning area, and the principal duty of the men is to pounce upon and immediately extinguish them before they can ignite the grass into which they have fallen.

Blades and seed-stems of grass dry from the top downwards, and if a first burning be carreid out when the herbage is half dry, the fire is of course much less fierce and is more easily controlled than of the entire crop down to the roots had been dry enough to burn. In the former case, a second burning becomes necessary when the unconsumed remnant has become dry; and then, again, the strength of the fire is very much less than it would have been had the first burning not been effected. It is true that a double burning increases the cost; but it reduces the risk, and there are circumstances under which it is to be recommended. When the line has been burnt over, it must be carefully watched until all chance of the outbreak of fire from smouldering embers has ceased. The width of the burnt line will depend on the height and density of the grass through which it runs, and on the strength and direction of the wind usually prevailing during the dangerous season. It may be of any width; but the wider it is the more difficult does the control of its burning become. The increased cost of a wider line is chiefly due to the greater length of the cut cross-lines, or rungs of the ladder; but in order to reduce the area of the sections to be successively burnt on a wider line, it may be necessary to make the cross-lines at shorter intervals than would be required in the case of a narrower line. As regards trees growing on the fire-line, the practice differs; but in all cases resinuous trees should be removed; and in most cases broad-leaved trees are also cleared off, as, although they tend to keep down the growth of herbage, they shed dry leaves on to the line after the burning, and thus tend to weaken the line as a defence against an advancing fire. From the beginning of the dangerous season, watchers are employed to patrol the fire-lines, and extinguish any incipient fire that may occur, or to give the alarm should they be unable to do so.

The above, no doubt, appears a formidable scheme; but it has for two-score years or more been successfully carried out in India on an immense scale, and at a surprisingly low cost per unit of the area protected. Similar measures are adopted in the South of France to protect the valuable forets of the Maures and the Esterel, where the summer heat and the vigorous vegetation have rendered it necessary to pass a special act for the prevention or extinction of forest fires.

It appears possible that some modification of the system above described might be evolved to reduce the risk of such catastrophes as have recently occurred in Western Canada. The fires there are, it is believed, for the most part "crown" fires—that is to say, the flames have mounted from the herbage amongst which they originated into the crowns of the trees, and, propelled by a constant and violent wind, the burning fragments, and even the flames are projected a long way ahead of the burning trees. This fact would appear to necessitate the removal of all the resinous trees from a belt of considerable width, in order to reduce the advancing "crown" fire to the more easily controlled "surface" fire, and a fire-line of sufficient width to arrest the latter would be burnt on the inner side of this belt. Local experience would indicate the width of the belt and fire-line. In India the width of fire-lines runs up to a hundred yards or more.

If the outward spread of the flames had been effectually provided against by an adequate fire-line, it would seem quite possible that the dry herbage standing within and around the lumber camp or settlement could be burnt off, under due control, from the centre outwards by sections, as the wind blowing over the camp might permit each to be fired with safety, and thus complete security from prairie-fire might be attained. No doubt skill and experience are required for such work; but these qualities would soon be acquired, and the gravity of the danger, with the terrible results of an unchecked conflagration, render it imperative to attempt any precautionary measures which may offer a fair prospect of immunity from such disasters as those which have just overtaken our premier colony.

"TENNESSEE'S PARTNER" HERE FOR NEXT WEEK

Burroughs Stock Company at A. O. U. W. Hall Offer Watches This Week

The ladies' and gentlemen's gold watches to be drawn for on Tuesday night next at the Burroughs theatre, A. O. U. W. hall, are on view at Challoner & Mitchell's to-day. The winner, it is announced by the theatre management, will have the choice of either watch and will also be privileged to exchange the same for value at the store up to $25. The company, who to-night are playing "East Lynne," will next week produce, "Tennessee's Partner," in which the principal ladies' role of Tennessee Kent, will be taken by the leading lady of the company, who will be assisted by Mr. Burroughs with the lead in the character of My Partner. Mr. Kelsey, as G. Whittaker Hay, with the catch line of "In the Spring of '67," will tell the people all that happened in the old day on every opportunity. The management have procured a new man to strengthen the company, in Mr. Will Lloyd, who will arrive here to-night and will render assistance to the scenic artist, Mr. Mullally. Mr. Lloyd is the well known character man who has a reputation in California and Seattle. The play, "Tennessee's Partner," is a breezy western play with the scenes laid around the Nevada mining camps. It scintilates with humor and comedy and will provide one scream from the rise of the curtain.

The local pianist, Miss Ruby Peters, whose work has been so much admired, will again provide the orchestra of one, and will play the overture and the music incidental to the production. The comedy will commence Monday night at 8:15, and will continue throughout the week with matinees on Wednesday and on Saturday. The big drawing will take place Tuesday night.

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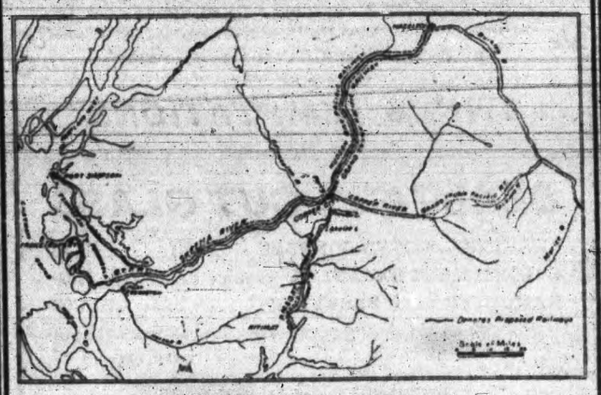
Invalids' Port
(à la Quina du Pérou)

A preventive of Nervous Troubles.

BIG BOTTLE
All Druggists Everywhere. 24



COPPER CITY

At the junction of Skeena and Copper Rivers.

On the routes of the G. T. P. and Kitimaat Railways.

The only outlet of the celebrated Copper Valley, tributary also to the Kitsumkelum Valley.

The townsite is intersected by the Railway and is on the banks of Skeena River.

Railway construction is now proceeding in the vicinity and the contractors' headquarters are in COPPER CITY.

There is a good wagon road from COPPER CITY to Kitimaat and steamboat communication with Port Essington and Pacific Coast points on the Skeena river.

COPPER CITY is the natural centre of a fine agricultural and fruit growing country where early settlers have carried on farming successfully for upwards of twenty years.

A sawmill is being erected and the Dominion Government has already installed a telegraph office.

A ferry is being established across the Skeena at COPPER CITY.

The building of the city has commenced and hotels and stores are in course of erection.

COPPER CITY is outside the Coast "wet belt."

Lots are not yet for sale, but the owners are open to negotiate with any business firms desirous of securing a stand. Apply to

Cross & Co., 62 Fort St., Victoria

LOEWEN & HARRIS, 310 Hastings St., Vancouver
W. J. SANDERS, Victoria

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Please Mention This Paper.

A HIGH, PANELED WAINSCOTE

Leading to a handsome stairway makes a picture that will delight all who see it and of which you will never tire. It need not be of expensive hardwood. We can make it of soft wood that will look as expensive and beautiful at comparatively little cost. It will be infinitely more satisfactory than any other wall covering.

JAMES LEIGH & SONS
Mills, Office and Yard
Foot of Turner St., Rock Bay

SOME GREAT CROPS

By W. Beach Thomas, in the London Mail.

It is the belief of those who have most deeply penetrated the subject that plants, especially corn crops, are about to be produced capable of doubling the yield on every acre of land, rich or poor.

I would go much further. Plants are already in existence of such virtue that, if sufficient seed were procurable, they could vastly increase the normal yield per acre in next year's crops. How these plants have been produced is a secret to which the whole force of government should be directed. The wealth of English soil may be increased by a huge percentage. The question of the food supply of the whole world is concerned, the value of the wheat fields and pasture crops of all our colonies may be indefinitely enhanced.

Government's Unconcern.

But government cares for none of these things. The produce of the land is not regarded as a national matter: the farmer is left to find out for himself, and the investigator who has the welfare of the community at his fingers' ends may be hampered to extinction or die with his secret for all the matter concerns government or any of its departments.

These wonderful grains that are in existence may not be available for an indefinite number of years, for this simple, forcible, and yet wholly unnecessary reason, that the sale would not pay the producer. He would sell his grain at a fair price for one or two years. In the third the world would grow its own seed; and the man who had spent thirty years of the prime of his life in this creation would be left without means of support.

"Most can raise the flowers now,
For all have got the seed."

If he is to have the means to carry on his scientific work, he is, therefore, driven to dole out year by year the seed of new plants just a fraction better than the old sorts. In this way he just beats the world and keeps his income continual. This is happening not in one or two places only, and the progress of the land is kept back by twenty, thirty—it may be forty—years from this cause alone.

The Hunt for the Prodigy.

The way of the creation of the new plants is and has been a scientific hunt that stirs the pulse with the excitement of a battle. There are many methods. One is that of Bateson and Biffen, the Cambridge Mendelians. One is that of Burbank, in America, the unexpected, the inexplicable. "Dinna ye marry for money; but go where money is." That is his method. He collects many sorts from all over the world—the mummy wheat, the Chinese oat, the Persian, and the rest—marks their qualities, crosses as many sorts as may be, and watches microscopically for the appearance of characteristics in their descendants. One day these composite and complex lines of heredity meet to produce a monstrosity, a prodigy—an eight-foot man, or it may be a dwarf. Genius has appeared. Among animals genius can never be handed on with any likelihood. But in cereals, which are all self-fertilized—a fact which Mr. John Garton finally proved many years ago—the eight-foot man has eight-foot children.

The greater the monstrosity — so modern science inclines to believe—the greater the tendency to remain true to itself. Probably; but not certainly, when the many-headed giant appears, his type will be fixable. The abnormal becomes normal, the impossible possible. An oat is born capable of producing 150, it may be 170, bushels to the acre. See the progress already obtained by the method. Thirty years ago farmers were growing oats known as tht White Canadian and Black Tartarean. Each bell on the head had not more than two grains, and an exceptionally good yield was 40 bushels to the acre. Now we have types with more grains to the bell, each grain being manifestly heavier than the old, the number in the head immensely increased, and 70 to 80 bushels is a not uncommon crop. This progress will continue. We shall probably have in a few years, by crossing with the Chinese oat, seven, eight or nine grains in a bell, and already—incredible as it may sound—160 bushels per acre have been reaped on private grounds without help or artificial manure.

Abnormal Mutation.

It was worth playing for the prodigy, for these hyperbolic mutations, because composite stocks throw genius as inexplicably as the English race. The wild oat, however richly it is fed, produces a tiny and useless grain. To invoke its parentage for the production of a commercial oat was at one time held to be ludicrous. That

"Brave are born from brave and good,"

was the only principle known in the science of heredity. But what happened when the experimentor, disregarding logic, made the attempt? As soon as the parentage of the wild oat was called in, size of grain as well as multiplicity at once increased. Now it is an established belief on the Warrington scientific farm that the wild oat is the chief agent in the increased size of grain. At one of the earliest attempts progeny two-thirds bigger than either parent was produced.

There is the mystery. Men of science try to answer it. For the rest of us it is enough that this facility for accident or sport or abnormal mutation is one of the most beneficent agents in progress. Men talk of the failure of the food supply of the world. Science is increasing the yield many times faster than population grows, and intensive cultivation can again multiply that production by several hundred per cent.

It is not possible to give an account of the thrilling details of this hunt for the colossal cereal. I may, perhaps, sum up the principle from a fresh point. The way of the growth of a cereal thus is doubly beneficent. The fixed types here, as elsewhere, grow strongly and healthily. It seems that in some strange way the cells are in unison; and growth proceeds smoothly to its proper end as a machine that has found itself. Other unfixed and composite plants are apt to grow poorly, and for this reason have been neglected as parents. But they have this mysterious, infinite capacity for throwing off genius suddenly; and one happy conjunction may lift us in a season over hundreds of years of evolution.

Tobacco Grown by L. Holman of Kelowna, Being Harvested on August 22nd.

reputation of whose achievements will presently emerge from the picturesque hyperboles of American reporters. One is that of the ingenious M. Vilmorin, of Paris, who can bleach or perennialize the strawberry at a wave of his wand. Another is that of John Garton, the agricultural James Watt of the cotton-spinning district of Lancashire and Cheshire.

He recently described to me his system as "The search for the 8ft. man." In his grounds and in his study I saw a number of "8ft. men"—a perennial clover plant five feet across; an oat head nearly two feet long, containing close on 1,000 grains, and a single oat-bell or panicle containing a dozen grains; a six-rowed barley—the ordinary barley (apparently though not botanically) being two rowed; a turnip with a unheard-of percentage of saccharine matter; a big-grained wheat of which the lower part of the ear sent out grain-bearing branches like the so-called mummy wheat.

Besides these and other productions I saw a number of botanical prodigies much more miraculous. These are not germane to the immediate question of the corn supply of the country; but it is difficult to refrain from recording one phenmenon. In the annals of botanical research there is nothing more unexpected than the history of Mr. John Garton's cross between the rye and the fescue grasses. The gist of the tale is that every descendant, after showing for five years astounding variety marked by mixed characteristics with some general preference for the fescue parent, reverted simultaneously in the sixth year to the pure and fixed rye-grass.

The Cereal Colossus.

The principle on which Mr. Garton here worked—the principle of the search for the eight-foot man—is in a sense unscientific, though every detail of the process is scientific in the finest sense. He plays for the sudden appearance of the abnormal, the huge.

COINER'S DEN IN PARIS.

The police a few days ago, says the Paris correspondent of the London Morning Leader, arrested four coiners, among them being a man named Guernet, who at the time of his arrest was leading a dog. Guernet refused to state his address, so the police had a brilliant idea. They loosed the dog, who made straight for his master's residence. There the police found a coiner's outfit for manufacturing false pieces of 10 and 20 francs, and a number of unfinished coins. There was also a railway time-table, with notes in it, which suggests that the coiners were in the habit of circulating the false money in a number of provincial towns.

In another case also a dog was responsible for frustrating a criminal. Two men went armed, one with a knife and one with a knuckle-duster, into a wine shop, and while one threatened the proprietor the other attempted to secure the till. Moulenet, however, managed to open a door of the shop parlor, in which an enormous mastiff was lying. The dog, obedient to his master's call, bounded at the would-be thieves, who took to flight without stopping to argue with the animal. The dog, however, pursued them and prevented them from getting away, and the police were able to arrest them.

Field of Tobacco Just Ready for Harvesting, at Kelowna.

PROF. BELL'S KITES AND AERODROMES

(From Toronto Mail and Empire).

A writer in the Sydney Post, who modestly admits that he has "the most ordinary lay mind," has been interviewing Dr. Alexander Graham-Bell, inventor of the telephone and all-round scientist. As most people are aware, Prof. Bell is at present engaged in airship experiments, and his progress is reported as most satisfactory. Before attempting to build a real airship, he spent a couple of years experimenting with kites, thus gathering valuable data on the subject of their lifting power. The next experiments were with gliding machines, which operate on the kite principle. To assist his investigations along this line he erected a tower of gas pipes and in its construction came across an important new idea which may cheapen building operations of all sorts. It is known as the tetrahedral unit system.

The Aerodromes.

Now the inventor has worked up to the real flying machine, and has made three successful flights. The first machine, called ar aerodrome (to distinguish it from a hippodrome), was called Selfridge's Red Wing. Lieut. Selfridge is one of Prof. Bell's assistants and is now at work on another machine at Hammondsport, N. Y., where he expects to make a flight shortly. Aerodromes are lifted from the earth by aeroplanes, which are a sort of kite, and are propelled by motors. Red Wing flew a few hundred yards. Then came White Wing, built under Dr. Bell's supervision by F. W. Baldwin, formerly well known as a football player in Toronto, and at present called captain. He is much in the public eye at the moment and seems about on the point of selling one of his machines to the United States government

The Noted June Bug.

Flight number three was made with Curtiss' June Bug, Mr. Curtiss being also one of Dr. Bell's lieutenants. The June Bug was the first "heavier-than-air" machine to fly one kilometre on this continent, and won the Scientific American's prize for that performance, a handsome premium in three colors on heavy coated paper, fit for framing. But even this triumph did not bring satiety to Prof. Bell and his collaborators. They have split into two parties, Lieut. Selfridge being at Hammondsport with Messrs. J. A. D. McCurdy and G. H. Curtiss, engaged on aerodrome No. 4, and Prof. Bell and Capt. Baldwin continuing experiments down in Cape Breton. There they have in hands Nos. 5 and 6. The former is expected to mark a new era in the science, and the latter will correct the mistakes in No. 5.

The real name of No. 5 is the Cygnet, or perhaps it should be well to call it the Swan, as it is a year older than when it was christened and has been otherwise improved. Originally the Cygnet was a successful kite, but it has been fitted with a motor devised by Mr. Curtiss. No. 6 is a combination of fish and bird, for it is expected to rise from the water on being driven by an air propellor. The proclivities of most flying machines are in the opposite direction, and their strong tendency to forsake the air for the water has spoiled many an experiment before now. The correspondent of the Post says that a trial has been made with No. 6, which he describes as follows: "The boat was driven forward, and as the bow rose out of the water, the stern sank and the propellor caught in the water. This ended the attempt, though the result was very encouraging." Had an able-bodied seaman been on hand to cut the ambitious bow loose from the stern, No. 6 might have done still better for a second or two.

The Aeroplane Glossary.

The following little glossary is given in the Post on the authority of Prof. Bell:

(1) Aerodromes. These are supported by aeroplanes and driven by power.

(2) Helicoptera. A winged arrangement which moves through the air with a circular or spiral motion. Nearly every one must have noticed the helicoptera, though perhaps few knew its name.

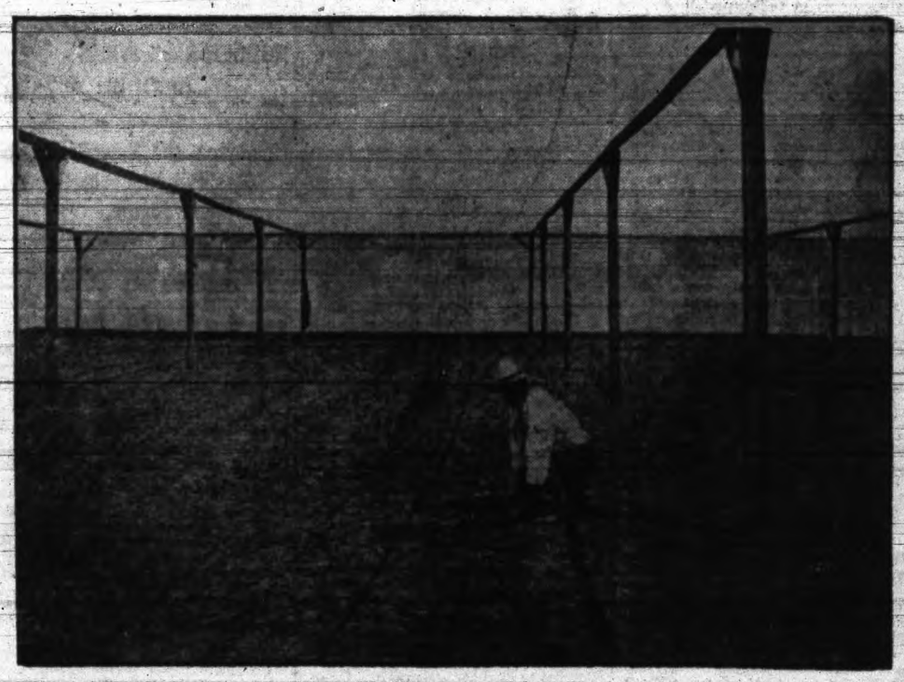
(3) Ornithopter, or bird-winged.

Nos. 2 and 3 are not as far advanced as No. 1, but they represent the ideal towards which the "heavier-than-air" scientists are advancing. The perfect flying machine is the ornithopter, which will consist of a pair of wings that a man will strap on like a pair of skates. There is reason to hope that some day the ornithopter will be perfected, probably a few days after the helicoptera has come into more general use.

Heavier vs. Lighter Than Air.

The success of such dirigible balloons as Count Zeppelin's has not caused Prof. Bell to change his opinion that the solution of aerial flight will be found on the aeroplane principle. Dirigible balloons and aeroplanes find their counterparts in thistledown and birds, the latter being more noted for their flying abilities. The chief objection to the dirigible balloon is that in a heavy wind or at high speed the gas bag is blown out of shape and may burst. Count Zeppelin's answer to this criticism is his rigid aluminum top cover for his balloon, and, though science seems to be on the side of the aerodromists, the helicopterists and the ornithopterists, immediate results are chiefly with the "lighter-than-air" experimenters.

Results of Five Weeks' Growth of Kelowna Tobacco Planted in Frames.



Planting the Tobacco Plants at Kelowna Inside Canvas Frames.

BULL FIGHTS TIGER.

Cinematograph Firm Organizes Revolting Show at Marseilles.

A cinematograph operator at Marseilles, in quest of something unusually blood-curdling, arranged a few days ago for a combat to take place between a tiger and a bull.

A crowd gathered to witness the revolting spectacle. When the tiger was turned into the ring where the bull was waiting it declined to tackle the latter. Stealing into a corner, it stayed there, awaiting its antagonist.

The attendants sought to goad the animal into taking the offensive. They prodded it with iron bars, played on it with a hose, and as a last resort exploded fireworks in its face.

Nothing, however, would move the tiger, so it was driven back to its den, and a second one, which had been kept without food for a few days, was brought into the ring.

This one attacked without loss of time, but the bull, in the first encounter, ripped its opponent's shoulder open. This sufficed to take all the spite out of the tiger, who crawled back to its den.

While the promoters of this interesting exhibition were debating what was the best thing to do the police arrived and arrested them.

The cinematograph operator was arrested, handcuffed, and led off to the Palais de Justice. Several photographers were roughly handled by the police, their cameras being taken from them and trampled under foot.

RUINED BY STAMP COLLECTING.

When the Rev. Edward P. Wickham, late curate of St. James' church, Norwich, and now residing near Teignmouth, came up for public examination at the Norwich Bankruptcy court, he attributed his insolvency to costs of litigation connected with the sale and purchase of stamps and heavy interest on borrowed money, says the London Mail.

His stipend as curate was £150. He obtained loans from four money-lenders, in one case at over 90 per cent. He borrowed £130 in three months. He was a stamp collector and a specialist in particular countries—Ceylon, India and England—and to complete these particular collections he bought whole collections from other people and sold those stamps that he did not require.

Once he bought a collection for £10 and took out certain stamps, but they proved worth nothing. The other portion he sold for £28. He bought the collection without examining it sufficiently. During fifteen years he had been engaged in stamp transactions amounting to £6,000. He had been involved in litigation resulting in a loss of £200. He was holding no post at present. The examination was closed.

TOBACCO IN THE PROVINCE

NO DISCRIMINATION AGAINST LOCAL GROWN

Act Passed Last Session Helps The Industry.

During the last session of parliament, the minister of inland revenue, Hon. W. Templeman, obtained sanction to a bill changing the excise tax on tobacco in such a way that one colored label only will in future be required and the discrimination against the manufactures of Canadian grown tobacco will no longer be encouraged by the departmental stamp. It is believed that in the Okanagan district a first class tobacco can be grown, and the effect of the changes made is already apparent by the increased interest taken in tobacco culture. As millions of dollars are sent out of Canada to buy American and Cuban grown tobacco it is possible that British Columbia may be able to supply an article that can take the place of the foreign weed. Our illustrations show the plant can be grown to perfection and it but remains for the growers to extend the industry and by the best methods of curing place upon the market, in quantity and quality, a tobacco that will supply the home market. If they will do this a new and very profitable industry will be built up in British Columbia for which our representative, Mr. Templeman, will be to some extent entitled to the credit.

Begin the day well with Ridgways Tea
Largest sale of High Grade Tea in the World!
Why?

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Modern furnished bungalow with all conveniences, with two lots and all ready for occupancy, on very easy terms.
FOR SALE—Lots at Oak Bay at $250 each.

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Seven-roomed house, Esquimalt Road, with all conveniences, $30 per month.
FOR RENT—Suite of offices on first floor, centrally located.

for further particulars apply to

BRITISH AMERICAN TRUST CO., Ld

Cor. Broad and View Streets, Victoria, B. C.

FIRST INTER-CITY MATCH TO-MORROW

Locksley Represents Victoria on Question of Three Sunday Games.

While there are a number of players who have questioned the desirability of playing football on Sunday, inquiry among them proves that the association men will have no difficulty in getting two trial teams out next Saturday for the match from which to choose the representative eleven. There will probably be a meeting of the Pacific Coast League in this city tonight called hurriedly, and there is a meeting certain for the same league at Nanaimo to-morrow night after the conclusion of the Vancouver-Nanaimo match at which President Locksley, of the local association, will attend to put some views before the delegates. The registered players of the local association league are given in detail below and number upwards of one hundred men engaged in the game here this year. If Victoria desires to remain in the inter-city league, which she took a strong part in the formation of, and called the first meeting in this city, then it is up to eleven men in the long list below to play three Sunday games between now and the end of January, and if they make up their minds that there are not eleven men here who can be got from that list to make up a team it would be as well if Locksley registers Victoria's withdrawal from the inter-city league to-night. The ethics of Sunday football arose at the first meeting of the Inter-city league, and while the Victoria delegates, Messrs. Lockley and Duncan, announced that Sunday football in Victoria would be impossible, they raised no objection to the eleven if formed, visiting the other three cities, and the schedule was drawn after a satisfactory discussion on that matter had been taken. If the necessary eleven men are thought to be the trouble in connection with the matter it can be said that there are more than twice that number who will be anxious to get on the two trial teams, and if they are honored by a call to play Ladysmith, Nanaimo and Seattle, it is safe to say they will be there.

The registration of players with the Inter-city of the Pacific Coast league is an additional registration over and above the club registrations and will be limited to the first fifteen men and possibly twenty, and these will be registered immediately after next Saturday's trial game.

The teams for the trial match will probably be chosen on Wednesday night next if Locksley satisfies himself at the Sunday meeting at Nanaimo to-morrow. Another matter which will come up for discussion to-morrow night will be the most important of the two and will deal with the question of an alteration of the date of the Victoria-Ladysmith match from the 26th inst. to some other day as it will clash with the last day of the horse races and show.

Soccer men had better consider well to-night and authorize Locksley with instructions for to-morrow and if a full investigation has been made and it is found they will not be able to get eleven men out of the hundred odd to go to Seattle, Ladysmith and Nanaimo for Sunday matches, or a team for the 26th, Locksley should be authorized by all delegates of the association to withdraw from the Inter-city and Pacific Coast league.

The match between Nanaimo and Vancouver at Nanaimo to-morrow will be refereed by Locksley. The registered players of the Victoria district association are as follows:

Esquimalt—J. Telford, W. Monteith, D. Randall, J. Young, W. Young, W. Young, W. Young, J. Sheriff, K. Callier, A. Callier, E. O'Connor, A. Findlay, A. Holmes, S. Clarkson, W. Partleton, J. Miller, J. Mesher, W. H. Mesher, C. Jasper, A. Locksley, J. Howden, J. Newland, D. Isbister, W. Isbister, S. Hill, H. Jamison-Salvidan (2), A. Stewart, G. Costello, S. Dufty, F. Morgan, A. Cotts, — Jones, — Kirkwell, J. Martin, — Williams, R. Nelson, J. Melville, J. Doble, T. Bailey, J. Sherratt and F. Brown.

J. B. A. A.—J. Hart, C. S. Finlayson, — Exton, B. P. Schwengers, J. Sheritt, R. Peden, T. Peden, W. Northcott, S. Shanks, J. Johnston, V. Gray, J. Mason, — Hill, C. Gardiner, F. Hinds, F. Williams, J. Lorimer, E. Kerchan, G. Sparks, — Jennings, — Harris, E. Todd, H. Brightman, R. Hughes, J. Evans, — Reymond, C. Brigdon, — Rutherwell, T. Winsby, J. Gregg, A. Clegg, S. Lorimer, J. Dakers, J. Barber, — Grant, A. Jamieson, W. Lawson, and — Yates.

Cedar Hill—Rev. Collison, Rev. Collins, A. Collison, — Scott, V. Warkle, F. Miller, T. Miller, L. Miller, G. McMowan, R. McMowan, C. McRae, A. McKenzie, P. Hill, W. Holmes, — Linehan, H. Sherritt, J. Sherritt, W. Carmichal, P. Morrison, C. and B. Holmes, L. Mannox, C. Grant, C. F. Dawson, P. Betterton, C. King, L. Clarke, J. Marmold, J. Thackeray, A. Savident, B. and G. Savident.

Victoria West—E. Beaney, W. Prevost, J. Bailey, J. Petticrew, C. Farrell, S. O'Kell, G. and W. O'Kell, A. Corkle, F. Brown, E. McQuade, R. White, R. Muir, E. Tait, T. Brigden, W. Williams, F. Kroeger, T. Peden, C. Kinloch, C. Hall, H. Cowper, W. Fairall, C. Sedger, A. Williams, S. Dufty, J. Dakers.

Fifth Regiment—C. Kinlock, P. Lawson, W. Patterson, C. E. Berkeley, F. Kroeger, — Kroeger, J. M. Lawson, — Earnshaw, W. Loat, R. Lorimer, — Stern, L. Wilson, W. H. P. Sweeney, Crompton Penketh, S. and J. Petch, — Petch, — Fox, J. Johnston, — Lucas, — Wormald, — Savage, F. Elworthy, A. Johnston, W. Newcombe, D. Rochfort, W. D. O'H. Rochfort, F. Richardson, J. Stokes, Dinsdale, C. Jasper, Waller, Cappinger, Gardiner, Milligan, S. Thompson, Worburton, Phipps, Nesbitt and Thrale.

Team Selected.

Vancouver, Sept. 11.—The Pacific Coast League team to go to Nanaimo on Sunday has been selected as follows: Goal, R. Forrest (Thistles); full backs, Strang (Thistles) and McPherson (North Vancouver); half backs, Knowles (Celtics), McKenzie (Celtics) and Graham (Shamrocks); forwards, A. J. Jones (Shamrocks), Nanson (Celtics), W. Robertson (Celtics), Cameron (Thistles) and Shawcross (Shamrocks).

Forrest, the most versatile player on the Mainland, will be seen in goal, and as he is a star the Nanaimo men will have to do some good shooting to score. The reserves are Wilson (Thistles), and Saul (Shamrocks). Trainer, Ellis.

Vancouver District League.

At the regular meeting of the Vancouver District League it was decided that all intermediate players registered by Friday night would be eligible for Saturday.

Mr. Will Ellis reported on the awarding of the championship at the B. C. F. A. meeting, and a resolution was passed that the Thistles had not received due consideration from that association.

Messrs. Wallis, McCallum and Alton were appointed to organize a juvenile league, and Mr. Will Ellis was instructed to give his attention to founding a junior league.

The games and referees for Saturday are:

North Vancouver vs. Nationals, Mr. Peele.

Westham Island vs. Hibernians, Mr. Campbell.

Shamrocks vs. V. A. C., Mr. Hazlitt.

Grandview vs. Y. M. C. A., Mr. Phillips.

Eburne and Nationals intermediate withdrew from the second division and Westham Island will put in an intermediate team to play Eburne's fixtures.

Nationals vs. North Vancouver.

The following team will represent the Nationals in the Association football match against North Vancouver at North Vancouver: Goal, Smith; backs, Herring and Henry; half backs, Caldwell, Finney and Beecroft; forwards, Buckingham; Herring, Munnoch, Jones and Anderson.

Reserves—Hepburn and Clancy.

LACROSSE.

INTERMEDIATE CHAMPIONS.

Vancouver, Sept. 11.—At Recreation Park to-morrow afternoon there will be a fast game between intermediate lacrosse men, when Vancouver Athletic club will be against the Westminster team in a battle for the provincial league championship. If the locals win they will tie Westminster for the lead, and on the other hand the championship will go to Westminster should victory be with them at the call of time. The struggle has been prepared for by the Vancouver Athletic men right up to the last minute, and they will go into the game confident of winning.

—Victoria will have the opportunity within a short time of entertaining another distinguished Imperial statesman. While here yesterday Hamar Greenwood told the president of the Canadian Club that Lord Milner, expected to come to the Pacific coast within a few months.

A wasp's jaws are so powerful that one of these insects has been known to cut its way through a seashell.

IMPORTANT

The attention of consumers is called to the printed inside wrappers of SWEET CAPORAL CIGARETTES, which will be redeemed, as stated thereon, at the Company's offices at corner Princess street and McDermott avenue, Winnipeg, or 141 Water street, Vancouver.

CROCKER CHARGES SHEPHERD AND OTHERS

Foul Tactics Are Alleged in Connection With the Marathon.

The Canadian Olympic committee, noting Mr. Crocker's statement that he believed Longboat had taken or been given some stimulating drug during the race, wrote to Mr. Crocker saying that this might be construed as a reflection on Longboat's manager, Mr. Flanagan, and asking for a fuller expression of opinion. Mr. Crocker replied as follows:

"All say that Longboat was running well at the 20th mile in second place. He collapsed without any warning and complained of a severe pain in the head.

"This, with the facts of his condition on arrival at the Stadium 40 minutes afterwards, leave me but little doubt that the Indian received an overdose of some stimulant.

"As soon as he was brought in I went over and examined him carefully. A doctor was there and said: 'He is better now and will be all right, but he has had a close call.'

"I found a weak pulse—the respiration very slow—a 'pin point' pupil of the eye, and an unconscious condition which was not sleep.

"To all appearance some one had got anxious, and thinking to help the Indian by giving a stimulant, had given an overdose.

"I feel sure he had a narrow escape from death. Rule 4 of the Marathon says: 'No competitor, either at the start or during the progress of the race, may take or receive any drug. The breach of this rule will operate in the absolute disqualification of the competitor.'

"A great deal of stimulant of one sort or another was being used at the Stadium and Mr. Sherring warned our men to keep clear of all 'dope.'

"I do not believe personally that Mr. Flanagan knew anything about this matter. I kept my own counsel regarding this, and my chief reason for reporting to you is that the Indian is credited with selling the race by some parties, and by others of being 'yellow' and quitting.

"This does a good runner like Longboat—uneducated as he may be—a great injustice.

"The report that the Indian was drinking the night before is entirely without foundation. We went to Windsor to make the final arrangements and saw him in his room at 10.45 in perfect condition, and Mr. Flanagan was doing everything possible to make him run a successful race.

"J. H. CROCKER."

ROLLER RINK WILL OPEN ON TUESDAY

H. Moses, the New Proprietor, Has Put Place in Good Shape.

"The skating season is now upon you and this is going to be the banner season for the skaters," so says H. Moses, the new propiretor, who opens his rink on Tuesday. Mr. Moses has had the rink newly surfaced, and dressing and sitting rooms all renovated. In fact no expense has been spared to make the place as comfortable and attractive as possible. Competent instructors will be a feature. Cupid Baldwin again will be in evidence on the steel, while R. C. Stevenson will be floor and rink manager.

A beautiful mechanical brass band has been installed. This is a genuine band, including snare and brass drums, cornets, etc.—not a musical box. Mr. Moses has the distinction of being the first person to instal one in this city. No doubt skaters will be pleased to learn that only the famous Richardson ball-baring skates will be used. Admission will be as usual, 10c., and skates 25c., for the afternoon and evening sessions, while in the morning admission will be free, the only charge made being for the skates. Mr. Moses wants it particularly understood that only respectatble patronage is solicited, and on these conditions the rink will be run, so that patrons may be able to enjoy good, clean sport.

TRADES UNION MEETINGS.

Barbers	2nd and 4th Monday
Blacksmiths	2nd and 3rd Tuesday
Boilermakers	2nd and 4th Tuesday
Boilermakers' Helpers	1st and 3rd Thurs.
Bookbinders	Quarterly
Bricklayers	2nd and 4th Monday
Bartenders	1st and 3rd Sunday
Cooks and Waiters	2nd and 4th Tuesday
Carpenters	Alternate Wednesdays
Cigarmakers	1st Friday
Electrical Workers	3rd Friday
Garment Workers	1st Monday
Laborers	1st and 3rd Friday
Leather Workers	4th Thursday
Laundry Workers	1st and 3rd Tuesday
Longshoremen	Every Monday
Letter Carriers	4th Wednesday
Machinists	1st and 3rd Thursday
Moulders	2nd Wednesday
Musicians	3rd Sunday
Painters	1st and 3rd Monday
Plumbers	1st and 3rd Tuesday
Printing Pressmen	2nd Monday
Shipwrights	2nd and 4th Thursday
Steam Fitters	1st and 3rd Tuesday
Stonecutters	2nd Thursday
Street Railway Employees	1st Tuesday, 2 p.m., 3rd Tuesday, 8 p.m.
Stereotypers	Monthly
Tailors	1st Monday
Typographical	Last Sunday
T. & L. Council	1st and 3rd Wednesday
Waiters	2nd and 4th Tuesday

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SUMMER DAYS AROUND LONDON

THE GATES OF EMPIRE.

By F. A. McKenzie in the London Mail.

London bridge at five minutes to nine on an August morning. My friends had been complaining that London was empty; the seething mass of human beings fronting me supplied a strange commentary on their words. A great host was pouring across the bridge, made up almost solely of young men and women hurrying to labor more rapidly than an army in retreat, crowding the pavement, and stretching with unbroken ranks as far as one's eyes could see towards the Southwark side. Some more eager than others tried to dash among the motors and omnibuses on the roadway.

The youths were nearly all straw-hatted, for the glory of the silk hat has departed even among junior clerks. The girls carried with them little bags, containing pencils and oddments or the scanty lunch of the fifteen-shilling-a-week typist. It was London at work—the 9 o'clock crowd, the office assistants, and the shop girls, whose hours are long and holidays short, be the month August or December.

The Working Londoner's Holiday.

Another crowd, smaller and more leisurely, was streaming down the steps on either side of the Middlesex end of the bridge. Rival pleasure boats were starting for the sea, enormous steamers, low-lying, broad-decked and of great length of beam. But big as they were, they were none too large for the crowds that came. The trip down the Thames is the working Londoner's holiday. Your country visitor has not heard of it. Even the enterprising American has not found it out, and the prosperous dweller in the suburbs would lift up his brows in astonishment were you to suggest it to him. It is cheap, the first-class fare for a two-hours' journey being only 1s. 8d. But no one who has not done it can pretend to know London, for it takes one through the vitals of the world's capital.

As our boat glided out from Old Swan pier punctually on the stroke of the hour there was a line of spectators on the bridge top, and the wharf sides were full of envious stay-at-homes seeing their friends off. There was a cheer and a waving of handkerchiefs, and one might have thought that we were away, not to Southend and Margate, but to the ends of the earth.

It was a quiet crowd all around me, anything but the traditional rowdy river boat throng. No one played a concertina; no one sang, and there was no band. The thousand people on the upper deck were mostly family parties—mothers with their children, carrying their luggage in cheap, collapsible Japanese straw baskets; lovers by the score, oblivious to all around them; young ladies from city warehouses, and pale-faced misses from Kensington shops. The mothers and children settled down to business. Baskets were opened, apples and sandwiches produced, and a meal promptly started. The young ladies buried their noses in the novelettes and library books.

A Picture of the World's Endeavor.

It may be easy for some superior soul to sneer, but as one strolled past line after line seated on the deck, I had to confess that in a few parts of the world could one hope to find a cleaner, better crowd, strong in those virtues which build up a nation, than among these London workers going for their day to the sea.

As I gazed beyond the ship I forgot for the time my fellow-passengers. Here, crowded in a small space in these London waters, was a picture of the world's endeavor.

There are men, I am told, who, when they wish to take the Margate boat, go by rail as far as Tilbury, and thence by river; they complain that the scene from London bridge to Tilbury is nothing but a wearisome vista of wharves and smoking chimneys, grey, heavy, malodorous, and unpicturesque. I pity them. As we passed under the arches of London bridge we found ourselves in the heart of the world. To our right were lines of high wharves, with cranes ever moving, bearing ships' cargoes upwards—spices and tea, indigo and food stuffs, canned meat from Chicago, dates from Algiers, apples from Tasmania, and soy from Canton. The men standing at the open doors looked like nothing so much as human ants toiling on some brown rock side. To our left were the wharves of Billingsgate, with fishing boats all around, hurrying in their loads fresh from the North Sea. Behind were city warehouses, monster cellars and buildings of the Minories, each with goods worth a fortune. Beyond them stood the grey tower, a strong touch of old-world story amid the turmoil of the present. The boats around were from every land—a Greek sailing vessel next to a Russian craft, the Rising Sun of Japan close to a German steamer.

Through Regions of Romance.

Every square of land that we were passing had its story. Here were the cellars of the old East India Company—holds for precious freight, dungeons for secret prisoners, and darker dens into which none but a fool would pry. Here was the home of a sixteenth-century merchant venturer. Now we were passing a wharf bearing a Mediterranean name. Yesterday a party of high-spirited lads set out from here, their boxes loaded with Mauser pistols and magazine rifles, attempting to establish a new African empire. If we want romantic Thames-side adventure we need not go back to the sixteenth century for it; enough desperate hopes set forth from these Thames wharves each year to surfeit us with romance, could they be known. Most of them are never heard of again. Some are stopped by inquisitive customs officers ere they reach the Nore Light. A few leave their legible mark on the imperishable story of the world.

Deadly Quiet at the Dockyards.

The boat steamed on, past the London docks, skirting Wapping, through the Pool, out towards Limehouse Reach and Blackwall, and towards Greenwich. Gradually one's mind was forced back to the immediate prose of the present. Where was all the traffic and business that one might expect? Where were the busy dockyards, the boat-repairing slips, the yards ringing with the sound of the hammer against metal, such as one finds on the Clyde, the Tyne, or the Tilbe? Now we were passing Deptford, a home of deadly quiet. Its old dockyards are no more, and even its cattle wharves are decaying—killed by act of parliament. Now I gazed at Poplar, to be met by a sight of the great torpedo-boat works of yesterday vacant and with "To let" notices up. Whole stretches of the riverside seemed almost deserted. Where there was one boat there should have been two hundred. Wharves with a dozen steam cranes had, may be, one at work. Away on the left side around Poplar, yesterday the centre of a great shipbuilding industry, there seemed now nothing doing.

The river was still, unnaturally still, deadly still, and with a stillness that told, as one knows all too well, of starving men and emptied homes in the industrial districts behind.

Can it be that this London of ours is on the way to become a mere world pleasure city, a city with industries dead and amusements flourishing, with clean streets, broad pavements and pleasure abounding, a city where men come to spend the money that they have earned elsewhere?

Happily it will not be. Trade will yet come back to the Thames. Its channels deepened, its docks transformed, the dead hand of old legislation taken from it, we shall see prosperity returning to the riverside districts.

An event of great interest to Victorians takes place on Monday at Berkeley, Cal., when Mr. Harry Lawson, barrister, of Victoria, weds Miss Powell, of that city. Mr. Lawson left for the south some days ago.

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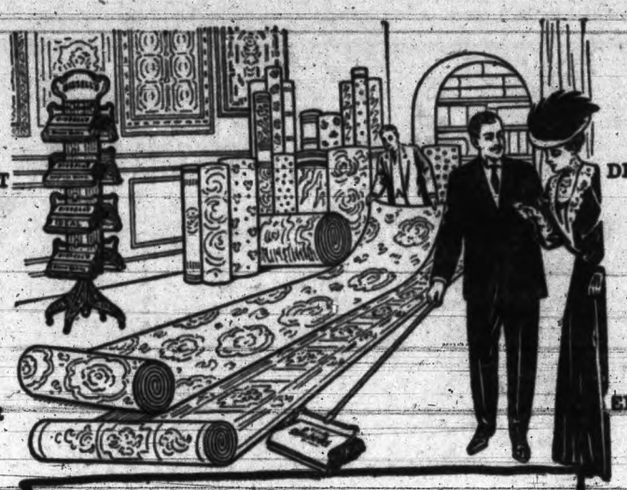

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MARGUERITE PETALS

What Paris endorses the world approves, and Paris has set herself upon certain styles for the early fall. Tailored suits command first attention. They are divided into two distinct classes, the trotteur suit for forenoon wear and the two-piece costumes with trailing skirts and trimmed coats for formal occasions. In the former, the influence of the Directoire period is scarcely felt, but in the latter, the short-fronted coats with high standing collars, large reveres and cuffs and swallow-tailed backs of the Directoire period are very much in evidence. The new models, both in skirts and coats accentuate the hipless effect so strongly heralded last spring.

The more formal coat costumes have, for the most part, very plain skirts of the sheath variety, cut oh long, clinging lines, while the elaboration is centred on the coat in passementerl and braids. A noticeable feature of the season's styles is the use of separate materials for the coat and skirt, sometimes one color being employed, sometmies two shades of one color, and again both textile and color of coat and skirt contrasting.

While the many gored skirt model will be smartest for the trotteur suit, kilt plaited skirts have not entirely gone out, and especially will they be utilized for the bordered goods. These bordered materials are shown in considerable variety in winter textures, and in deep, rich shades of color. The most novel is called combination cloth dress goods and is sold in two lengths, the skirt part consisting of forty-eight-inch diagonal serge of the loose weave. This comes in dark shades of blue, bronze, brown and reds with a black border hem breaking into long points which reach to the waist or the hip yoke. Plain serge is sold for the coat to go with this skirt.

Other novelties of this same loosely woven diagonal serge in dark tones have stripes of reverse weave overlaid in broken circles of contrasting color. One handsome pattern of dark blue has a ten-inch border stripe of a zigzag design in copper and another in silver gray on dark blue.

* * *

The saying, A gown is as old as its sleeves, holds good. Sleeves on coats, forenoon frocks and shirt waists will be long and cut with very little fullness, many following the lines of the arm closely. Sleeves on tailored coats are set into a normal size armhole without fullness, very much like a gentleman's coat sleeve. Sleeves for dressy coast costumes are quarter or seven-eighths long, many lengthened to the wrist by lace frills. On reception and theatre costumes the half-length sleeve will be used, but usually lengthened by the tight fitting undersleeve of sheer material. The full length mousquitaire sleeve fitting the arm closely is used for frocks with draped bodices which still show traces of the Mandarin in the short undersleeve with large armhole.

For evening gowns in black and white, a novelty is mousseline de soie, is embroidered with a border design in soutache braid and insertion of fine lace. It is forty-eight inches wide.

New Colors.

Disguised by many new shades and names, the old, familiar colors, red, blue, yellow, green, etc., are hardly recognizable. Blues play an important part in the season's styles and come under a dozen or more different shades, and then there are the greens and the variations of the lavender; the browns are particularly beautiful and varied, some of the new tints being chamois, hemp and walnut husk; in the rede are three exquisite shades of pink, ballarine, china and bellerose; turtle dove, woodcock, rat, elephant, taupe and puce give a wide choice among the grays.

Reading an account of the hardships suffered recently by that well-known mountain climber, Miss Annie S. Peck, of Providence, R. I., who reached an altitude of 25,000 feet on Mt. Huascaran in Peru, but was unable to reach the top on account of the illness of one of the guides, one is tempted to ask: What is the good of it all, anyway? Surely, the view from the mountain peak, be it ever so magnificent, cannot compensate for days of toil and hardship and such an enormous expenditure of vital energy. If not the view —what? Is it the satisfaction of being where no other woman has ever been? Is it, to be—with a few mountain climbing enthusiasts—the heroine of the hour? Is it the purely physical, or shall I say, mental, joy of surmounting seemingly insurmountable obstacles? And if it be, what is to become of the mountain climbers when they have climbed all the highest peaks? Will they sit down like Alexander and weep because there are no more worlds to conquer, or will they begin creating new worlds by piling mountain peaks on mountain peaks until they have a second tower of Babel? If the latter he the case, in consideration of the burden of tongues laid on the race by previous Babe lbuilders, it is to be hoped that mountain climbers will be content to take things easy for a while. If they are not, would it be any particular sin to wish that they might become physically disabled in some way—not to entail suffering, of course—but just sufficient to make them seek for other means of recreation.

When one thinks of women innumerable who would give almost anything just for a chance to sit down somewhere and rest—women to whom an afternoon in a hammock with a new magazine would be a taste of paradise, and an hour snatched for recreation a thing to be remembered with appreciation for weeks—women who say in the morning, not, what can I do to-day, but—what can I possibly leave undone, so that I may call my life my own for one short hour? When one thinks of the daily heroism of homemakers who work—not for passing fame, not to gratify a selfish desire to see what no other woman has seen—not to be written about, and interviewed and flattered, and feted, but to make life bright, and glad, and beautiful for those with whom they live — one has scanty sympathy for the hardships, endured for selfish reasons, by mountain climbers.

* * *

Of all disagreeable people, preserve me from the cynics. Their criticisms and innuendoes fall indiscriminately upon every lovely thing like frost upon flowers. They never see a good quality in one and never fail to see a bad one. They are human owls, vigilant in darkness and blind to light, mousing for vermin, and never seeing a noble game.

Cynics put all human actions into only two classes—openly bad and secretly bad. All virtue and generosity and disinterestedness are merely the appearance of good, but selfish at the bottom. They hold that no one does a good thing except for profit. The effect of their conversation upon your feelings is to chill and sear them; to send you away sour and morose feeling that you haven't a friend in the world, and that every one who speaks pleasantly to you or nods smilingly at you across the street either wants a favor of you or will say mean things about you to the next person she meets. Such people are a public nuisance, and ought to be shut up somewhere on the same principle as we confine maniacs, drunks, mischievous dogs, and all other things which are a menace to the public well being.

Thoughts by the Way

I wonder how many people realize just what a powerful factor individuality is—what it means to be just ourselves. We love our friends not because they are like somebody else, but because they are themselves. Other people may be more lovable in every way, more worth loving, but that matters to us not one whit, they don't attract us, they are not in our electric circle. Our friends may and do change with the changing years; they may become maimed, blind, broken in health, impoverished, but still they are our friends, dear to us for old sake's sake. That being so, why cannot we be content to be ourselves, to make the best of ourselves. A rose by any other name may smell as sweet, but although it may be pruned and grafted time and again it will still be a rose, never a pansy or hollyhock or dahalia.

The story is told of an Englishman and an Irishman who were conversing, and the former said: "Pat, if you were'nt an Irishman, what would you rather be, an Englishman or a Scotchman?" "Bejabers," says Pat, "an if ot wasn't an Oirshman o'd be ashamed of mesilf."

Pat struck the keynote of the whole matter. Let us be ourselves, our best selves, or be ashamed of ourselves. Why should we, born and bred Canadian women ape the aggressive self-assertiveness of many of our cousins across the border? It isn't natural to us, neither is it desirable or necessary. Why should we ape the accent of the English women and go about cawing, like a rookery of crows in our efforts to habitually say "cawn't"? There is nothing the matter with "can't"; it's a good Canadian word and means a whole lot.

* * *

That there is a difference, morally, between being vain, and being aware of our own advantages and good points no one will dispute. Vanity is even more blind than love, but there is something really and healthily artistic in judicious and successful self-adornment. Vanity paints its eyes and rouges its cheeks, and dyes its hair and laces its waist till its ribs crack. Good taste cuts its clothes according to its figure and age, instead of pinching its body to fit its clothes. Vanity is full of affectation; good taste presents the best it has to view, so far as it can, and hides what is less good, without attempting to distort it, because what is not good cannot be made to look good, by torture, to eyes that understand. The vain woman interprets the statement that she is clay, in a literal sense and tries to model her clay violently into the Venus of her dreams. The woman of taste accepts the fact that she is not a goddess and governs herself accordingly.

To make the best of oneself is an art which may be learned in the process, and be acquired. More people fail through lack of a proper appreciation of their own talents, and merits, and good looks than Plato dreamed of in his philosophy. We don't receive half enough praise in this world; if we did there would be fewer failures. We are all grown up children, and a word of appreciation pleases us just as it pleases a child. There is an old fashioned notion prevailing among most people, more especially one's immediate relatives, that to praise their own kith and kin is not only very bad form but highly injudicious inasmuch as it breeds conceit, but for one person whose bump of self-esteem is abnormally developed, there are a dozen who distrust their own powers, with the result that they are outstripped by others with one-half their ability.

I remember reading a quaint little story of a girl who had a dull, colorless face, led a dull, colorless life, and except to those who knew her intimately, was a dull, uninteresting sort of person. A girl friend, by way of a physiological experiment, sent her some flowers purporting to come from a gentleman. These were followed by a respectful but anonymous note, praising the girl's beautiful eyes. Of course the girl was justly indignant at the liberty taken, but—she wore the flowers in the privacy of her own room and slept with the letter under her pillow. Soon came more flowers and a letter praising her figure. These excited further indignation, but found resting places like unto the first, and for some weeks the game went on until the experimenter was astonished at the result of her experiment. The girl, from being shy and backward, conscious continually of her own defects, had learned to appreciate her good points at their true worth and make the best of them, with the result that she was appreciated by those who had overlooked her before, and soon became a prominent figure in society. Moral: Seek out your own best points and make the most of them—make them so prominent that weak points will never be noticed.

"My word, Mrs. Bates, but some women's husbands are good to them forbye what others are."

Mrs. Bates placidly finished scraping her porrilge pan to the hens, and then went leisurely to the fence.

"I do have the worst luck with chickens," she said despairingly. "That wretched hen clucked and clucked all summer until I was sick listening to her, and at last, although I knew it was too late, I set her on a dozen eggs, but she only brought out six chicks, and now she's lost all but two of them. I heard the most pitiful peeping just at dark last night, and Mr. King, that's my new boarder you know, went out with me and held a lighted lamp until I would see what was the matter, and there if that silly hen wasn't roosting up in the tree with the others, and expecting chickens not three weeks hatched to roost there too. A black cat that is always prowling around had taken four of them, and would soon have had the others."

"Well, did you ever! some hens have just about as much notion of fulfilling the duties they take on themselves as women have. The way some mothers go off down-town at nights and leave their little children, not much better than babies, to get to bed the best way they can, beats me. My word, but plenty of them are no better than that old hen. They haven't a bit more sense; but I was going to tell you about Mrs. Dolittle's new hat, or rather the bonnet he got for her mother. My word, what is the world coming to when a man has to go buying bonnets for his mother-in-law! Did you ever hear the like?

"Well, Mrs. Dolittle went off to the country before the millinery openings, as you know, though why she couldn't have done without a new hat till she came home, I'm sure I don't know. My word, but I'd sit in the country a good while before Ralph would buy me a hat, much less a bonnet for my mother, but some women certainly can twist the men around their fingers, and the men never know it. But you know what a little monkey my Daisy is for seeing everything (Mrs. Bates certainly did know). Well, she came home for lunch yesterday and said she guessed Mr. Dolittle must have been down to the millinery openings, for there were two big band boxes in his porch as she came past.

"Well, I began to think to myself that I hadn't been very sociable with the poor man since his wife went away, so I stepped over and asked him to come in and have lunch with us. He looked as miserable and dejected as a hen that has been out all day in the rain, but he said he'd had lunch down town, and had just come home to see about sending an express parcel out to his wife. My word but I was glad about the lunch you know, not the express parcel, for I'd no sooner asked him than I remembered there wasn't a decent bite in the house, and he's so jernickerty. But would you believe me, Mrs. Bates, while I was standing in the hall for a minute I saw into the bedroom opening off it, and there on the bed was a hat every bit as big as a dish pan and much the same shape, and just loaded down with ostrich plumes and fur of some kind. My word, I don't wonder the poor man looked dejected, its bad enough for a man to have to pay for his wife's millinery, but when she goes off and leaves him to the torture of going through the millinery show rooms and choosing something he knows won't suit her when she gets it, its enough to drive him crazy.

"Mr. Dolittle had a small bandbox in his hand when he opened the door, and of course I was dying to see what was in it, so I said, kind of careless and jokey like: 'Been buying some ready-to-wears for the children?'

"'No,' he says as depressed as if he was chief mourners at his own funeral, 'I can buy clothes for the children with comparatively easy mind, and I can buy a hat for my wife tolerably sure that if it has plenty of feathers on it and costs a month's salary, she will be fairly well satisfied with it, but when it comes to buying a bonnet for my mother-in-law, it seems the limit, and I'm up against it pretty bad.'

"My word, you don't mean to say that she expects you to do that? I said, and then I stopped short just in time, for no matter how mad a man may be at his wife he won't let any other woman touch her with a ten-foot pole—that's one good quality all men have I think—but as I said, I stopped short and just leaned against the door post and laughed, I couldn't help it. 'You certainly are a brave man,' I managed to say at last, 'and you ought to be recommended for the Victoria Cross, many a man has got it for less.'

"He laughed too and began to open the box. 'Would you mind looking at it?' he asked.

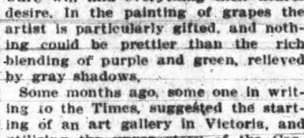
"'Why no, of course,' I said, and he took out the prettiest old ladies' bonnet I've seen in many a day. It wasn't too showy, and still it wasn't one of those all black affairs either, and it hadn't a touch of lavender about it anywhere, my word, but I'm sick of lavender on old ladies' bonnets."

"So am I," interposed Mrs. Bates, glad of a chance to get in a word edgeways, "my mother always wore it and it seemed as if she never had a really new bonnet, for it always had a bit of lavender stuck on it somewhere, and it seemed just the same old bonnet, summer and winter."

"My word, I think our mothers and grandmothers have been wearing lavender since they came out of the ark, but this bonnet was touched up with blue, pale blue at that or turquoise, I guess it was; the crown was draped with that rich looking black panne velvet, with that lovely black and blue gold oriental trimming around it; then it had three black tips, and the blue silk ribbon twisted with black tulle for the rim, and was finished with narrow black velvet strings. My word but it was a beauty, it made me wish I was old enough to wear one like it myself."

"'Do you think it will do?' he asked, dangling it by the strings as a man will.

"'My word, I should think it would do,' I said, 'and a woman that wouldn't be satisfied with that isn't fit to be a mother-in-law.'"



A demure, soft voiced little French-Canadian artist hiding modestly behind the gray walls of St. Ann's convent is doing work of which she may well be proud—portraits, still life, landscapes in oils and water-colors, crayon drawing, and the most dainty of china painting, all come within range of her skilful brush, and it would be hard to say in which she particularly excels.

Some very fine studies from life adorn the walls of the convent drawing room, one in particular, a pretty little girl in a white frock building a castle of cards in which hearts predominate, is a delicate piece of work; another a quaint study in oils of fisher girls calling the ferryman, and a twilight scene showing a fishing boat with a man and two women, one of whom holds a baby at her breast, is an excellent example of what gray lights and shadows can do to indicate distance. Then there are excellent reproductions in oils of Millet's famous pictures—The Gleaners and The Angelus—and a magnificent conception of the Madonna. A life-sized portrait in crayon of a former bishop of the city is very carefully executed, the elaborate attention given to detail as exemplified in the lace work on his robe shows an infinite patience, combined with delicate skill, and stands out in striking contrast to the heavy work.

In the studio are some copies of portraits of the old masters reproduced from the originals with a life-like naturalness; near the mare studies from still life, one of a blue jardinere and some exquisitely painted daisies on a dark red back ground being particularly good. Then there is a water color sketch entitled, Nobody Loves Me, which shows a lonesome little boy sitting on a stone door step.

In richness of coloring and artistic blending of shades the artist excells, there is no crude impressionistic work. One large study in oils of Christ and the Rich Young Ruler, which is the artist's own conception of the scene, would be hard to beat in any of the art galleries of Europe.

In the china room, lovers of dainty ware will find everything their hearts desire. In the painting of grapes the artist is particularly gifted, and nothing could be prettier than the rich blending of purple and green, relieved by gray shadows.

Some months ago, some one in writing to the Times, suggested the starting of an art gallery in Victoria, and utilizing the upper story of the Carnegie library for the purpose. The idea is a good one.

Favorite Landseer.

Sig. Edwin Landseer's beautiful picture, The Old Shepherd's Chief Mourner, which has always been a great favorite among animal lovers, is to be shown at the Canadian National exhibition this year.

J. W. L. Forster Coming.

J. W. L. Forster, one of the foremost portrait painters of Eastern Canada, and a prominent member of the Ontario Society of Artists, is at present on his way from the east, on several commissions, and will be in the province for several weeks, painting British Columbia scenery. Mr. Forster will make an exhibit of his art at the New Westminster exhibition, and, as he is an eminent specialist, his exhibit should be received with great pleasure by lovers of art in the province. Specimens of the artist's work are to be seen at most of the legislative buildings, and at the big universities of Canada.

Women's Newest Ways

A representative of the Yorkshire Evening Post has had an interview with Father Vaughan at Harrogate on the subject of the present-day woman.

"We are confronted by a sex problem," he remarked, "which can never be rightly solved until men became more manly and woman became more womanly. At the present moment it seems to me that the modern man is rapidly growing feminine, while the modern woman is trying to be masculine."

The new school of political women has evidently no admirer in Father Vaughan. "Your typical modern woman," he said, "apes everything mannish; she wants to dress like a man, stalk about and lounge like a man, smoke and drink like a man, talk and swear like a man, and generally to bear herself not like a refined lady but like an unrefined man."

"The world may say what it likes," continued the eloquent critic, in calmer and more subdued tones, "but there is nothing but the Christianity of Christ to keep man and woman in their right places, and to give them strength and courage to fight and conquer self."

The Lost Baby

A Children's Story in Five Chapters.

(Written for the Times by Marguerite Evans).

CHAPTER V.

Alex deposited his armful of wood in the box behind the kitchen stove and looked eagerly around for the baby he so confidently expected to see. It wasn't there. Neither were there any of those signs appertaining to a baby's presence which a child which has once seen them so readily recognizes.

"Let—your—moderation—be—known—unto—all—men," said the strange woman as she slowly whittled shavings to start a fire.

The boy watched her proceedings with interest as she put lard on the stove to melt in a granite saucepan and commenced to mix the dough. He was interested because she was so slow about everything she did, so different from Aunt Jean, who was always in such a hurry.

But, when the first doughnuts she put into the lard began to burn because it was too hot, she suddenly changed her behavior, and saying in a rapid, rasping whisper: "Whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might," she seized the ladle and hastily removed the burning cakes.

The boy laughed, but the woman didn't. She became very angry and struck him several times over the head with the ladle, saying again and again: "Whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might."

She turned once more to her cakes, and the boy darted outside to look for his friend the ragman, but he was not to be seen.

The woman followed quickly, and just as the boy was about to run away as fast as his little legs could carry him, she caught him and carried him back into the house, almost smothering him with kisses.

Alex would much rather have been struck with the ladle again.

Setting him down on a chair, she locked the door and put the key in her pocket. The blinds were down and the place looked very dark and dreary to the boy who wished himself back with Aunt Jean.

He winked hard to repress them, but a few big tears rolled down his cheeks, and he wiped them off with the sleeve of his blouse.

The woman didn't notice, she was busy with her cakes again, moving very, very slowly, saying as she worked: "Let—your—moderation—be—known—unto—all—men."

Alex didn't think her funny any more. He was frightened and wanted to get away.

"I'd like to play in your garden," he ventured at length.

"Let—your—moderation—be—known—unto—all—men," was the only answer he received.

A few more persistent tears forced themselves down the childish cheeks, and a beseeching little voice said:

"I want to go home, I don't like this house."

"Let—your—moderation—be—known—unto—all—men."

"Please I want to go home," and the boy started for the door.

"Whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might!" said the rasping voice, and before the terrified little prisoner could give more than one well aimed kick at her shins, his jailer had thrust him into a bedroom adjoining the kitchen and closed the door upon him.

When Alex heard the key click in the lock he kicked the door of his prison and thumped it with his little fists until physically exhausted he lay down on the floor and sobbed himself to sleep.

When he wakened he heard a baby crying, but for a long time could not remember where he was or what had happened to make him so sore all over. Then, he spied a little blue baby's jacket hanging on the bed post and pounced upon it. "Our baby had one like this," he thought.

The baby didn't cry any more and the boy tapped gently on the door, saying, as he would have done to Aunt Jean, "Please may I come out? I'm good now."

There was no direct answer, but he could hear the monotonous voice repeating:

"Let—your—moderation—be—known—to—all—men."

Then the boy's impulsive little heart grew hot with indignation. The old crazy woman wasn't going to keep him shut up there any longer.

"Open the door!" he shouted, kicking at it with all his might.

"Let—your—moderation—be—known—to—all—men."

The boy listened. He thought he heard some one walking outside. The window was so high that he could not see out, but it faced the lane and he was sure he heard footsteps.

Then, someone knocked at the door. The crazy woman moved softly in the next room, but did not open it.

The boy felt something inside him go thump! thump! thump! He didn't know what it was, but it frightened him.

The knocking outside sounded again.

The boy listened, but the crazy woman did not open the door. The thump! thump! in his inside was so loud that he thought whoever was at the door would hear.

The knocking ceased. Poor Alex was alone, as he thought, with the crazy woman and the nasty, thump! thump! inside him! He would never see papa or the white rabbits or anybody anymore. He clenched his little fists, drew his breath hard, and shrieked—oh how he shrieked!

The crazy woman threw open the door, and with strong, cruel fingers, seized him by the back of his blouse, and swiftly, silently, menacingly, bore him, a limp little figure, to a trap door in the pantry.

The boy saw black depths yawning beneath him and terror gave him power to shriek.

The next thing he knew, Aunt Jean had him in her arms, and she was crying over him. Actually crying! Aunt Jean! She kissed him too and he didn't mind it a bit.

Miss Jean at once recognized the blue baby's jacket which Alex clutched in his hand. She had made it herself.

She looked intently at the baby which the woman held in her arms and it smiled at her. She trembled for its safety, knowing that the woman was insane.

"What a pretty baby," she commented conciliatingly, looking not at it but at its nurse's sombre, threatening eyes, "may I hold it for a few minutes?"

"Let—your—moderation—be—known—unto—all—men," replied the woman, seating herself and motioning her visitor to do likewise.

Miss Jean smiled and took the chair indicated.

Alex leaned against her knee. He felt safe now, but his aunt could feel how he trembled.

The baby cried. The woman rose, snatched a feeding bottle, and rasping: "Whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might," began to prepare food for it.

"Let me hold him," begged Miss Jean, "while you get it ready."

"Whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might," rasped the voice again, high and shrill above the baby's cries, and the infant was plumped into Miss Jean's outstretched arms.

Miss Jean soothed the baby as best she could, and surreptiously examined its petticoats. She found on them what she expected to find, lace, of a peculiar, original pattern, knitted by her sister-in-law. When the baby was quieted she put on it the little blue jacket. It was a tight fit, but still it went on. She measured in imagination the distance from the open door to the lane, and from the lane to the street, with a view to making a bolt for liberty. The maniac was strong, lithe as a tiger and just as fierce. Miss Jean judged it safer to proceed cautiously.

"The old ragman was trying to impose on you when he brought this baby for you to look after," she said.

Her listener dropped the poker and glared at her.

"It must have been a lot of trouble to you."

"Whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might." She was attempting to pour the now cooked food into the feeding bottle, and in her haste spilling the greater part of it on the floor.

Miss Jean continued to smile, but she was growing more nervous every minute. If her brother, or the doctor, or anyone would only come!

"It was very naughty of this little boy to put the baby in the sack of rags," she said, reaching for the feeding bottle which the other gave up with visible reluctance, "its poor mother nearly died." Miss Jean kept her bright eyes fixed on the sombre ones, and the sombre ones softened; they filled with tears.

"They—took—my other baby—away—in—a—little—white—box—and — covered—it—with—ground ; that—was—what—made—me—get—queer—in—my — head."

"That was very sad," Miss Jean said softly, "but don't you think the mother of this baby has had even a harder trial; the suspense, you know. I'm sure she would have been glad sometimes for the assurance that her baby was safe in a little box under the ground; you see, she was afraid some one might have it who would not be good to it, but you were, I'm sure."

"Yes," answered the woman with a wery sight, "I—have—been—good—to—it," and a glance at the baby confirmed her words. It was a plump, pretty, well cared for baby as any mother could wish to see.

"May we have the door open?" enquired Miss Jean, "I think it is too warm here for the baby? Oh, the front one please, there will be more breeze, it is very close to-night, don't you think. I shouldn't wonder if we had a storm. Are you afraid of thunder?"

"I—ain't—afraid—of—anything—but—losin'—this—baby"—was the reply, as the woman opened the door and gazed apprehensively towards the street.

"Give it back to her, Aunt Jean," whispered the boy, "and come home, its not our baby."

Miss Jean shook her head. "How did you know the baby was in the ragbag?" she asked the woman who seated herself so close to her that she could feel her hot breath.

The other smiled.

"I—was—standing—at—the—back—of—the—wagon," she drawled, "and—I—heard—a—little—cry—from—the—sack—next—mine, I—opened—the—sack—and—when — I—saw—it—was—a—baby—I — said:

"Whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might," and hid it under my shawl. The—ragman—didn't—see—for—he—had—his—back—to—me — mending—his—harness; so—I—said — again: 'Whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might," and—ran —into—the—house."

She laughed at the recollection, a maniac's laugh, and Miss Jean sent an anxious glance towards the street. If somebody would only come and help her!

Her unvoiced prayer was answered. Alex, tired of the conversation, had stepped outside, and now entered, saying gleefully:

"Papa, papa, Aunt Jean, here's papa and the doctor!" and ran to meet them.

"Quick!" rasped the maniac, "whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might! Its the same man back again, that ugly big one with the red hair! If he gets this baby he'll put it in a box under the ground like he did the other. See! here's the place," and she threw open the cupboard door. "Quick!" she said again, "the bottom shelf! I hid it there before when he came askin' if the ragman had left a baby here. I put paper bags in front," she laughed and glanced at her enemy, coming up the line.

"Quick," she repeated, menacingly.

Still Miss Jean hesitated. Could she forego the triumph of running out to meet the men with the baby in her arms? Evidently she must or have a violent altercation with the woman who leaned over her, blackbrowed and threatening; insanity written on every feature.

The baby with its feeding bottle was hastily deposited in its unique hiding place where a mattress and pillow lay in readiness. "Thank God you are safe," ejaculated the doctor as Miss Jean stood in the doorway, empty armed.

"Where is the baby?" asked Mr. Paterson in great excitement, as he leaped from the buggy.

"You—d never guess," whispered Miss Jean, with a laughing, nervous glance over her shoulder at the doctor as she re-entered the house followed by her brother.

The doctor, leaving Alex sitting on the seat of the buggy to hold the horse which was perfectly quiet, hastened after them.

He found Miss Jean and Mr. Peterson standing at the open door leading unto the street looking at each other in dismay. The cupboard door was open, revealing the baby's hiding place, but the baby was not there! In the brief time allowed her between Miss Jean's going out and coming in, the maniac had disappeared, taking the baby with her.

Miss Jean clung to her brother, sobbing hysterically. "I'm a fool," she said.

"You certainly are," agreed the doctor curtly, "why didn't you hang unto it when you had it?"

"You are sure its really ours?" questioned her brother.

"Yes, I'm positive, and its the sweetest little thing you ever saw."

That was enough for the overwrought father. "If she hurts one hair of its head I'll have her hanged!" he said fiercely.

"Let us look down cellar," suggested Miss Jean recovering herself. "There's a trap door leading to the cellar from the pantry. She was holding poor little Alex suspended over it when I broke the lock of the back door and got in."

The brother and sister descended the rickety steps into the damp gloom of the cellar, and the doctor noting that the house consisted only of the kitchen with a bedroom and pantry opening off it, seized the broom and poked viciously under the bed, saying: "Come out of that!"

A frightened cat scuttled past him, a black shadow with elevated back and tail. The irate doctor pitched the broom after it, shouting, "Take that, you old black wretch, I guess its your property!"

Then, he bethought himself of his horse. It was not to be seen. Neither was the boy.

"We're improving," he remarked grimly to the other two, as they emerged from a fruitless search in the cellar. "Every blanked thing is gone now but ourselves!"

The woman's eyes gleamed with all a maniac's cunning when Miss Jean stepped outside to meet the men, and snatching the child and its belongings she darted out of the front door, and concealing herself at the end of the house until the doctor had gone inside, she ran to where Alex sat happily in the buggy.

"Whatsoever your hand findeth to do, do it with your might," she laughed, and climbed unto the seat beside him. Then, seizing the lines from the astonished boy she turned the horse and dashed down the lane and unto the street, the boy's cries of "papa! papa!" eliciting no response from her or anyone else, for the simple reason that they were unheard by those who would have been quick to answer.

She used the whip freely, but drove with a loose rein, and the horse, left to himself, instinctively took the road leading to his own stable, dashing through the town like a whirlwind.

Alex clung to the seat as best he could, and was much relieved when at last he came in sight of his own home. The horse slackened his pace, and from force of habit stopped at the Paterson's gate.

"Please, crazy woman," said the boy, preparing to jump, "I want to get out here."

"Is—this—the — place—where—the — woman — lives — who — owns — this—baby?" his companion asked, slightly likewise.

"No, ma'm," replied the boy, truthfully as he thought; "her baby was just an ugly little red thing without a spec of hair, and it cried most of the time; but I guess maybe she'd like this better, its far nicer. If she won't keep it I will," he added magnamiously, "and I'll give you my white rabbits for it."

The woman smiled, a smile that made one forget—for the moment—that she was crazy.

"If—I—take—the—baby—to—the—door—do—you—think—you—could—carry—it—upstairs?" she asked.

Alex thought he could, and he did; more than that, he laid it in its mother's arms.

[The End.]

Random Etchings

ON THE DOCK.

The clouds they curled from his old clay pipe,
And they curled, and curled, and curled;
And they floated away on the ocean spray
As the flags that float unfurled;
And there he sat, on the bustling dock,
Where the world-wide cargoes lay,
And he pulled and he blew, while the smoke clouds grew,
And he puffed and he plied, while the ocean sighed,
And his heart was full that day.

The clouds they curled from his old clay pipe,
And he watched, each fading wreath;
Then he laughed aloud, but the babbling crowd
Never knew what lay beneath;
He sat and laughed, in the August sun,
And the smoke rings curled away;
But the pleasure was feigned, for the laughter pained,
And the wreaths that he made were the tributes paid,
For his heart was full that day.

The clouds they curled from his old clay pipe,
Like the sprites in shadows cloaked,
And they bore as they went all the hopes misspent
Of the man who sat and smoked;
They bore the pain of a hopeless love,
As they wound their outward way;
For a woman was wed while they darkly spread,
And he counted the rings with their memory stings,
And his heart was full that day.

The clouds they curled from his old clay pipe,
Like an incense to his loss;
But the fumes that they lent brought his mind content,
And the sunlight smiled across;
"Ha, ha!" he cried, "they may wed, who will!
Be my pipe my bride, I say!
Then away with distress and the cares that press,
For the lover may last, tho' the love be past!"
Yet his heart was full that day.

* * *

A womans' tongue usually outlasts her brains—at least the men say so.

* * *

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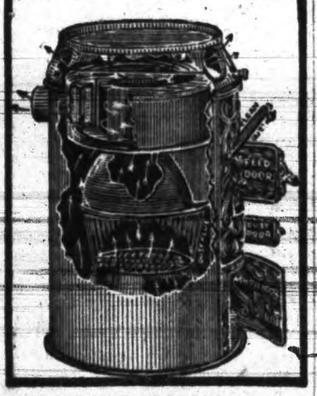

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Miss Mary O'Shea, Manotick, Ontario, Canada; Mr. Arthur J. Cummings, Strathcona, Alberta, N. W. T., Canada.

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MORAL REFORM LEAGUE DISCUSSES CHINATOWN

"Gambling Here in Various Ways" Placarded on 42 Houses.

Vancouver, Sept. 11.—The annual meeting of the Vancouver Social and Moral Reform League was held last evening in the Y. M. C. A. hall, with Mr. McKim in the chair. There was a large attendance, and the various questions affecting the welfare of the city were discussed at some length. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President, Mr. Ramsay; vice-president, Mr. DesBrisay; recording secretary, Mr. Melekov; general secretary, B. Flaysdale; executive, Mrs. Hooper and Messrs. Ramsay, Haney and DesBrisay.

Mr. Melekov wanted to introduce continental methods in dealing with vice, but the members were against the idea.

Rev. D. A. Macrae spoke of his experiences in going through Chinatown and seeing gambling in broad daylight. He said the criminal code of Canada dealt fully with the question of disorderly houses and gambling dens. During his tour through Chinatown he was accompanied by a Chinaman who interpreted signs over 42 houses as "Gambling here in various ways."

Rev. Dr. Macrae held that it was all nonsense to say that vice could not be stamped out. If he had the power he would stamp out the evils in ten days.

A member suggested that a Social and Moral Reform League agent be appointed, but as there are already two working in British Columbia the idea was abandoned. Several members made bitter remarks about Chief Chamberlain, claiming that he did not carry out his work properly, but Mr. McKim pointed out that there were many difficulties in the way. Mr. McKim said he had had a conversation with Chief Chamberlain, who had told him that whenever he tried to effect reforms he was hindered by strong influences which did not appear.

Mr. Ramsay said the women on Dupont and Canton streets were not moved by moral reform, but by clear cut commercialism. The press had said: "What would people think when they landed in a district like that at the end of a railway?"

Some further discussion took place, and one member declared that Sam Kee, the wealthy Chinese merchant, had made his money by keeping gambling dens.

Mr. Baxter said the police knew about the gambling. He had gone though Chinatown and had been approached by Celestials who asked him to enter gambling dens.

Mr. Piper was very strong in his remarks against Chief Chamberlain. He thought the chief was very slack in his work, and that he did not try to enforce the law.

Upon motion of Mr. McKim it was decided to appoint a committee to interview the police commissioners with regard to the moral question and conditions in Chinatown. The following gentlemen were selected: Messrs. Ramsay, Watkins, Haney and Piper.

Mr. McKim brought up the question of liquor licenses, and said the laws should be altered.

With regard to local option, a representative from the W. C. T. U. said she had been told that nothing could be done. Her reply was, "If the men will do nothing the women will do something." The W. C. T. U. was determined to make the city clean and righteous.

Mr. Melckov said the liquor question was not easy to deal with. In small towns in British Columbia with a population of only 1,000 there were 30 licensed hotels.

The speaker thought that one evil should be dealt with at a time, then people would join to help fight the others. The following committee was appointed to look into local option: Messrs. Shaw, Baxter and McKim. The meeting then adjourned to meet again at the call of the executive.

CHILLIWACK GOES "WET."

Temperance Organizers Decides to Fight Decision of License Commissioners.

New Westminster, Sept. 11.—The burning question whether the new city of Chilliwack shall be a "dry" or a "wet" town was settled, so far as the license commissioners are concerned, at a meeting yesterday afternoon when licenses to sell liquor were granted to D. S. Dundas for the Commercial hotel and J. McLennan of the Empress hotel.

Chilliwack municipality was a temperance district for years, but when the town, which is the centre of the valley, was incorporated a few months ago an agitation was started in favor of liquor licenses for the hotels.

The license commissioners, who are Mayor S. Cawley, James Munroe and William Rounsfell, arrived at their decision after a prolonged session lasting from morning until late in the afternoon.

The temperance organizations have already stated their intention of fighting the question out in the courts.

DEATH OF ALLAN FRASER.

Was Employed as Foreman of Construction on C. P. R. Telegraphs in British Columbia.

Vancouver, Sept. 11.—Allan Fraser, who has for the past few years been employed by the C. P. R. telegraphs as foreman of construction, and as lineman at Victoria, Nanaimo and Vancouver, died to-day as the result of an operation for peritonis, which was performed on the 3rd, which ultimately resulted in heart failure. Mr. Fraser was about 32 years of age, his mother and brothers and sisters living in Prince Edward Island.

HEARTILY ENDORSED BY COMOX ELECTORS

W. Sloan, M. P., Present at Enthusiastic Meeting in Cumberland.

Cumberland, Sept. 12.—Wm. Sloan, M. P., accompanied by F. Breeze, a prominent mining man of Atlin, arrived in town on Friday evening, September 5th, by automobile from Nanaimo. The following morning and afternoon were spent in Cumberland and Comox district, where Mr. Sloan received a hearty welcome, without exception, from the numerous business men and residents he met, and if the manner of his reception and the statements made by a number of well known adherents of the Conservative party, is any indication, Mr. Sloan, besides receiving the undivided support of the Liberal party, will receive the support of a very large number of Conservatives. His absolutely untarnished record, integrity, and unceasing efforts for the welfare of his constituency, make him worthy of the full confidence of the people and their undivided support, irrespective of their political views.

Mr. Sloan, in the evening attended a joint meeting, probably the most successful ever held here, of the Liberal Associations of Comox and Cumberland, where he was received by an ovation; he then gave a brief address concerning the political situation and his policy, winding up by expressing the appreciation of the associations, which including both Atlin and Prince Rupert, had unanimously endorsed him as their candidate.

After numerous congratulatory speeches by the different members of the party, the meeting closed with cheers and a tiger for the popular candidate.

Mr. Sloan and Mr. Breeze, besides several members of the party from Union Bay, were then taken there by Thos. Hudson in his automobile, from whence Mr. Sloan and Mr. Breeze proceeded to Nanaimo.

ROSSLAND TO WELCOME MINING INSTITUTE

Visit of Experts Next Week Will Prove Good Advertisement for Town.

Rossland, Sept. 11.—The visit of the mining men and engineers of Europe and of the east to the Kootenay under the auspices of the Canadian Mining Institute at the end of next week will be one of the finest advertisements that this city and district may well have. A meeting of the local reception committee held last evening in the office of Leslie Hill set about making the final arrangements for the proper reception of the visitors here.

Considering the present status of mining not only in the Kootenay and on this continent but over the world generally the visit will be of infinite benefit to this section if properly utilised. The committee has determined to place succinctly in the form of a pamphlet before the visitors the statistics of the district as outlined above, including the Boundary. Rossland camp is preparing a small sheet illustrative of the Golden City, while for the whole province E. Jacobs, the secretary of the western branch of the Canadian Mining Institute, is preparing a more elaborate document setting forth the resources in mining of the whole province. The preparing of the local pamphlet has been left in the hands of E. K. Beeston, the secretary of the board of trade, who is very busy just now getting in all the facts he can and who earnestly invokes the immediate co-operation of every mine and mill and smelter operator in the Kootenay so that his figures may be as accurate and as up-to-date as possible.

Among the visitors are the following: Jas. Borrowman, secretary of the mining institute of Scotland; Walter Johnson, representing the iron and steel institute; Hugh F. Marriott, representing the institute of mining and metallurgy; W. Prechevilie, past president of the same institute; John Ashworth, president of the Manchester Geological and Mining Society; W. D. Wright, president of the South Wales Institute of Engineers; Prof. Dr. H. Potonie, of Berlin; W. H. Head, sub-editor of the London Mining Journal; Louis Detrez, president l'Association des Eleves des Ecoles Speciales of Liege, Belgium. All of the above are touring Canada as the guests of the Canadian Mining Institute.

In addition there are other visitors accompanying the excursion, some of whom are Rodger Beck, of Swansea, Wales; C. E. Bloomer, England; G. H. Campbell, Toronto; Dr. W. Campbell, of the department of metallurgy, Columbia university, New York; T. Carlisle, England; S. Cowper-Coles, England; C. Forgie, of the Dominion Coal Company, Glace Bay; J. Hogg, Scotland; Mark Hurll, Scotland; D. B. Langford, England; S. Mayor, Scotland; J. C. Murray, editor of the Canadian Mining Journal; J. Obalski, superintendent of mines, Quebec; W. J. Rees, Wales; G. McI. Pyke, Montreal; W. Rowley, England; N. Richardson, general manager N. Atlantic Collieries, Cape Breton; Dr. Heinrich Ries, department of geology, Cornell university; A. Sinn, Switzerland; A. Smith, Columbia university, New York; S. S. Smith, England; A. Watson, Scotland.

An express train running 60 miles an hour without stopping for 25 hours would just travel the distance covered by the packets (placed end to end) sold in one year of "Salada" Tea. Annual sale exceeds eighteen million packets. 71

ANNIVERSARY OF BIG NEW WESTMINSTER FIRE

Progress of City Since Disastrous Night Ten Years Ago.

New Westminster, Sept. 10.—To-day is the tenth anniversary of the great conflagration which nearly wiped out the Royal City and started many of her citizens on an up-hill fight against heavy odds. The judgment of the loyal ones who stuck to the place and helped to resurrect it, has long since been justified and the substantial business blocks that to-day line New Westminster's main business street stand as a reminder of the fact that almost total destruction by fire could not change the city's destiny or deprive her of her ultimate position in the front rank.

The fire which devastated the city on September 10th, 1898, commenced about 11 o'clock in the evening at the Brackman & Ker wharf. In some mysterious manner a quantity of hay had been fired and the flames spread to a boat which was tied up at the wharf. The craft breaking loose and drifting down along the lower wharves, fired them also and within a very few minutes the whole waterfront from the C. P. R. depot to Brackman & Ker's wharf was ablaze and the city was doomed. A strong wind from the west fanned the flames which rapidly spread to the main business section and up the hill.

Before the fire had been burning any length of time the water service played out and there remained no facilities with which to battle against the element. When daylight broke on the morning of the 11th, a scene of sheer desolation and ruin stared the majority of the citizens in the face.

About eighty acres had been burned over, destroying about 600 buildings valued at three and one-half million dollars, and leaving 500 families homeless. Before the ashes of the old city were cold, however, the citizens were at work building anew, and since that day the Royal City has enjoyed an unbroken era of development and prosperity.

VICTORIANS WEDDED.

Vancouver, Sept. 11.—At noon yesterday Mr. Walter Adye and Miss Olivia Kate Sancitt, both of Victoria, were married at the manse of the First Congregational church by Rev. John Simpson. After spending a few days in Vancouver they will leave on a honeymoon trip for Seattle, and will return to Victoria to reside.

ADVANCE GUARD IN B. C.

Nelson, B. C., Sept. 11. — Three of the party of Scotch agriculturists visiting Canada passed through the Kootenay country to the coast. Yesterday they were in Nelson and were much struck with the beauty and perfect shape and coloring of the fruit.

SKELTON GETS FOUR YEARS.

Vancouver, Sept. 11.—Alfred Skelton's enforced stopover in Vancouver on his way to New Westminster to serve two years for burglary at Ladysmith to-day meant another two years' term in the provincial penitentiary. Magistrate Williams imposed this sentence after Skelton's admission that he stole Mr. Granger's yawl Allso from the R. V. Y. C. three weeks ago.

BREWERY AT FERNIE.

Structure Being Erected by Fernie-Fort Steele Company Will Cost $150,000.

Fernie, Sept. 11.—The new Fernie-Fort Steele Brewing Company are making rapid progress on their new brewery, which when completed will cost in the neighborhood of $150,000.

A Safe Investment

SECURED BY FIRST MORTGAGE ON COAL LANDS

CONTAINING EIGHTY-ONE MILLION TONS OF COAL.

(According to report of Frank B. Smith, B. Sc., C. & M. E., Dominion Government Inspector of Mines). And upon

TEN THOUSAND ACRES OF THE FINEST OIL LANDS IN ALBERTA.

UPON WHICH OIL HAS BEEN FOUND

Read This Announcement Carefully

THE WESTERN COAL AND OIL CONSOLIDATED

Are about to extensively develop their immense properties near the Crow's Nest Pass Railway, and are now making arrangements to install the most modern mining machinery, which, it is expected, will **enable the Company to mine two thousand tons of coal per day,** upon which there is a profit of at least $1.00 per ton.

The Company has also let a contract for a 2,500 foot well on its valuable oil and natural gas lands.

The capital for this development work and machinery is being provided by the issue of

FIRST MORTGAGE SIX-PER CENT. GOLD BONDS

A method of finance which has been employed by most of the large coal companies, many of which have paid off their bonds and are now paying dividends on their stock. These bonds will be sold in the East, but in order that Victoria and Vancouver investors may have a chance to become interested in the property, and to participate in the immense profits that are sure to be earned, and the consequent rise in the value of the stock, we have been instructed to make the following

Special Offer Good Only Until September 15

We offer $10,000 worth of the $100 First Mortgage Gold Bonds of the **WESTERN OIL AND COAL CONSOLIDATED** in denominations of $10 each until the 15th day of September, 1908, unless previously sold, with a bonus of an equal par value of ordinary stock.

COAL OIL NATURAL GAS and a Profit of 100 Per Cent.

NOTE the following exceptional features of this investment:

1.—On the report of Mr. Frank B. Smith, B. Sc., C. & M. E., the company has over 81,000,000 tons of first-class bituminous coal on their lands.
2.—The Company has over 10,000 of Oil Leases in Alberta on lands selected by the greatest oil expert in America, Dr. I. C. White.
3.—Work is now in progress opening up seams of coal on the coal lands and in putting down a new well on the new oil locations.
4.—Your money goes into development.
5.—More money has been made in mining coal and petroleum than any other class of mining, and both commodities are as staple as wheat.
6.—On the terms proposed you take absolutely no risk. You have a $100 bond, with interest at 6 per cent., payable half-yearly, negotiable at par; and have as a bonus an equal par value of ordinary shares, which in a few years will be worth more than your bond.

There is no other such chance with the same security for the small investor to make large returns on the market to-day.

APPLY TO undersigned for further particulars; but remember, the offer we now make is special and exceptional, and will be cancelled at noon, September 15th next.

Herbert Cuthbert & Co.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL BROKERS.

616 Fort Street **Victoria, B. C.**

I NOMINATE

Name .....

Address .....

As the most popular lady in British Columbia.

Sender's Name .....

Address .....

Fifteen of these coupons are worth 211 votes each.

Nomination Contest.
Grand Voting Contest.
New Life Medical Co., Ltd.
No. 6, Arcade Vancouver.

We will give $25 to the first nominator of the winner of the first prize, $15 to the first nominator of the winner of the 2nd prize, $10 to the first nominator of the winner of the 3rd prize.

"NEW LIFE"

Absolutely cures Indigestion, cures Dyspepsia, stops your Headache, cures Constipation, relieves Flatulency, and will effect a permanent cure of all ills that may be attributed to the Stomach.

AT YOUR DRUGGIST.
$1.00 PER BOTTLE

FORTY-NINE VALUABLE PRIZES AND $1,000 IN GOLD WILL BE GIVEN AWAY IN OUR GRAND VOTING CONTEST, TO ADVERTISE OUR WONDERFUL STOMACH TONIC AND INDIGESTION CURE

"NEW LIFE"

HOW MANY VOTES WILL BE CAST IN OUR GRAND VOTING CONTEST?

We will pay $500, $200, $100, and forty (40) five-dollar gold pieces respectively for the forty-eight nearest answers.

Buy a bottle of "NEW LIFE" and find a coupon around the bottle giving you five estimates.

A $1,500 Mason & Risch Grand Piano will be given to the lady polling the most votes, as the most popular lady in British Columbia. **A $500 Heintzman Piano** will be given to the lady polling the next largest number of votes in the same contest. **A $400 Kain Piano** will be given to the lady polling the third largest number of votes in the same contest.

VOTES MAY BE OBTAINED AS FOLLOWS:

Fifteen of the above nomination blanks are worth 211 votes each, or 3,165 votes in all. They must be signed by different people.

THESE VOTES COST NOTHING

Each bottle of "NEW LIFE" has a coupon around it worth 100 votes. Send them to our office for your favorite candidate.

Any lady is eligible to enter our Grand Voting Contest. Everybody may enter an estimating contest. Are you on for a piano, or the $500 prize?

THE "NEW LIFE" MEDICAL CO., Ltd.
6 ARCADE, VANCOUVER.
Special prizes given for highest standing each week.

In the Green Room

"Isle of Spice."

H. H. Frazee's delightful musical comedy, the "Isle of Spice," which comes to the Victoria theatre Tuesday, September 22nd, has never been surpassed in the history of elaborate stage settings. The piece itself, while it has an interesting story to tell, is full of music that is calculated to tickle the ears and the comedians are given ample opportunity to disport themselves to unbounded delight of the audiences. There are no less than twenty songs of the most catchy variety, that will be whistled and hummed on the streets long after the engagement here. As an example of modern stage management it is full of all kinds of pleasant surprises. This is particularly noticeable in the work of the chorus, which is the youngest, prettiest and best singing and dancing group of young ladies entertaining the amusement loving public to-day. The comedians are headed by that clever artist Sam Rose, who succeeds in keeping the audiences convulsed in laughter whenever on the stage.

For those to whom the music element appeals more than the genuine article of comedy, will be found "The Goo Goo Man," "Peggy Brady," "The Broomstick Witches," "Uncle Sam's Marines," "You and I," "Little Maid of Nicobar," "Take Me Home," "How Can You Tell Till You Try?" and others, all rendered in a very capable and pleasing manner.

A Popular Play.

So sensational has been the New York success of Henry W. Savage's authorized production of Franz Molnar's Hungarian comedy "The Devil," that it is expected to continue at the Garden theatre all year. In order to supply the demand for this wonderful play Mr. Savage has signed players for six additional "Devil" companies and rehearsals are now in progress at as many different places in New York preparatory to rushing the companies to other cities for immediate presentation of the authorized version.

Harris' Attractions.

During the month of September, Henry B. Harris will stage five productions. Three companies of "The Lion and the Mouse" will go on tour beginning September 1st and 7th, respectively. Rose Stahl, in "The Chorus Lady," will inaugurate her third season at the Grand Opera House on September 7th, and Edgar Selwyn in "Pierre of the Plains," will be presented at Toronto on September 21st.

Merry Widow.

"The Merry Widow" company organized for a Pacific coast tour will open its season in Paterson, N. J., on Tuesday, Sept. 9th, playing in Trenton and New Brunswick, N. J., before it goes to the Apollo Theatre at Atlantic City for the week of September 14th. It will then start for New Orleans, visiting the principal southern cities on the way.

The New Grand.

Acts to be seen for the last time at the New Grand to-night are Ali, Hunter and Ali, in their side-splitting comedy acrobatic and boxing act; Willie Hale & Co., novelty juggling and xylophone playing; Tops, Topsy and Tops, and their sommersaulting and posing dog, and Mrs. Jules Levy and family, high class musical act. The illustrated song and two good moving pictures fill out a bill that has been drawing capacity houses all week.

The great Abdallah Troupe of six Arabian acrobats will head a big programme arranged for next week. This is reported to be a splendid act entirely different to other Arabian acts that have been here, although the work is of the same rapid fire quality. Prof. Loughlin will present his four trained dogs which he claims to be the greatest canine entertainers in the world. Their tricks are all new and the concluding circle swing by the dogs is a big hit. Male Sheftels is a charming English singer, who has been well received all over the circuit. She sings several numbers, the best being "When Dreams Come True." O'Connor Saunders and Jennings will appear in a rural comedy sketch entitled "The Thoroughbred and the Lady." The Lyndons will present their original comedy skit, "The Prima-Donna and the Coon." Thos. J. Price will sing the illustrated song, "Just You and I," and a new set of moving pictures depicting the fishing industry in Astrakan, will prove particularly interesting to British Columbians. The overture will be "Gazzo-Ladra," by Rossini.

Song and Dance Belles and Beaux with Richards and Pringle's Minstrels, at Victoria Theatre Monday Night Next.

Pantages Theatre.

To secure a well-balanced and varied vaudeville bill at all times keeps the management of a theatre quite busy. The aim is to please all by having at least one turn on the bill to appeal to each and every one.

The management of the Pantages theatre has exerted every effort for next week's attraction to accomplish this end.

A high class vocalist, a Venetian violinist, a dramatic versatile singing sketch, a singing comedian and a sensational bicycle act, with the illustrated song and the moving pictures, will be the assorted programme of artists. Surely the critics will find some act if not all that will meet with their approval and fancy. The feature honors will rest between "The Herman Trio, bicyclists, and Francesco Maracci, violinist. The Herman Trio, a European novelty trick safety act, have been featured all over the circuit and have a splendid act. They finish with a mile race. The man in the act rides a single machine against a tandem ridden by two ladies. The finish is very exciting.

The management of the Pantages theatre takes much pleasure in presenting Francesco Maracci, the venetian violinist, who is very much like Paderewski in appearance and wonderfully talented, and enjoys the reputation of bringing the house down at each performance, wherever he has played.

The Australian Trio, Newman, Ashton and Newman, have a singing sketch with special scenery. Two good male baritone voices and a toe dancer are presented in this sketch.

Mae Clark, who was to appear two weeks ago, brings with her at the matinee opening Monday, a high class soprano vocal entertainment.

Billy Cullen, a singing comedian, has a new lot of jokes and parodies that are sure to please.

Harry De Verra will render "Mornin' Cy," a rube song.

The biograph will spin off a lot of comical pictures and Allen Ballou (and his one man's orchestra) will render an overture of Ancient Melodies.

THE THREE HEUMAN'S, Bicyclists, at Pantages Next Week.

He Knows

Consult your doctor freely about medical matters. He knows. Trust him. Do as he says. Follow his advice.

Talk with your doctor about Ayer's non-alcoholic Sarsaparilla. Ask him if he prescribes it for pale, delicate children. Ask him if he recommends it when the blood is thin and impure, and when the nerves are weak and unsteady. Ask him if it aids nature in building up the general health. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

MISS MAE CLARKE

Vocalist, to be at Pantages next week.

Richard Jose.

No matter what new songs Jose sings or how well they are rendered, they do not satisfy the longing in the breasts of his admirers as do the old ballads that made him famous over this entire globe, such as "Too Late," "Time and Tide," "When You and I Were Young, Maggie," "The Angel at the Window," "Belle Brandon," "Dolly Gray," "Silver Threads Among the Gold," etc., and it is said by those who have had the opportunity to hear him fifty times or more in past years that they can never recall the time that his voice was not right up to the standard.

There are few who realize what a control Jose must have over his voice, and what an amount of duration he must possess until it is considered that with all the great opera stars singing, two, or at most, three evenings a week is considered a great effort on their part, while Jose will sing every evening in the week and as many matinees as is customary, and still his voice never changes, or tires in the least so as to become noticeable to his listeners.

"Dick" Jose has lost none of his powers to charm which was his in the years gone by when as a lad, he started out with Charlie Reed's minstrels. His voice full, melodious and tender, it falls upon the ear as balm to a wounded soul and in some mysterious way brings to the surface all the finer emotions and sentiments of the human heart.

RICHARD J. JOSE

Who Will be at Victoria Theatre Thursday, Sept. 17th.

Jose brings with him a large company of carefully selected artists who present a high class farce comedy entitled "Don't Tell My Wife," as a vehicle in which each and every member has an opportunity to demonstrate that they are public benefactors from the efficient way they help the audience to forget their trouble for a time.

Jose and his company will play an engagement at Victoria theatre on Thursday, September 17th.

Amateur Vaudeville.

The second amateur vaudeville show, given by the management of the Empress theatre, was held last evening. It was well patronized, the house being filled to its limit.

The two prizes given by the management for the best performers, consisting $5 for first and $2.50 for second, were won respectively by Miss Rena Waxstock with 121 votes and Arthur Barnswell with 42 votes.

The first number on the programme was Mrs. Audrey, who sang "My Old Kentucky Home" well. Arthur Barnswell rendered "The Glory of Jamestown" on the violin. This was so well given that he was called upon for another, and played "My Merry Widow Waltz." Miss Rena Waxstock, a young girl of about 10 years of age, sang "There's Another Picture in My Mamma's Frame" so well that she was also called upon for more, and sang the chorus over again. Edward Robson, comedian, was very good. James Muir, a Scotch comedian, kept the house in laughter. While the ballots for the voting were being collected Best Jamieson, another comedian, kept the people laughing. Besides this the moving pictures for the last half of the week were shown, consisting of Through Switzerland, showing Lake Lucerne and the Engadine Valley; Who Needed the Dough? The Dynamiters; The Flower of Youth; The Witch's Son; Adventures of a Roll of Linoleum, and were all well shown.

—"New Life," is positively the world's greatest remedy for all stomach trouble. It has never been known to fail.

The Times Nature Club

Bonnycastle Dale, journalist and naturalist, has been for a year or more making his headquarters at Sooke, near the harbor, where he has been making a special study of the salmon, and every other furred, feathered, or scaled creature that might come within his ken. His ever ready camera has been making records of whatever might come within its scope, and his notebook is now bulging with information in regard to this part of the world. From time to time Mr. Dale tells of what he sees and his illustrated articles which appear in a number of the journals, Canadian and American, are usually interesting. The following which appeared under the heading of "From Barnacle to Hair Seal," appeared in a recent number of the Canadian Courier:

Has anyone paused for a moment and attempted to calculate the myriad life of old ocean? This island of Vancouver, where our work lies, is cut up and intersected by many deeply penetrating arms of the sea. For several weeks we have been busy along the shores of Sooke harbor, and day after day we have wondered at the seeming extravagance of old Mother Nature; but the closer we examine, the greater our belief that there is no waste in nature—not a grain, an atom or a particle. Instead, there is for each order and family a bountiful table always spread. The motto of this mile square of throbbing life is "Eat or be eaten."

Neglecting the thousands of varieties of living creatures that are visible only to the microscope, we will examine those visible to the naked eye. On every rock and pebble, water-covered root and branch, millions of barnacles may be seen, mostly about the size of a single grain from an ear of corn. The tide is just starting to come in. As it circles about and covers the rocks and pebbles each of these barnacles opens its shell and protrudes a set of long, feathery tongues. These wave in the current, busily fishing. All over the flat rocks, just at high tide edge, thousands of periwinkles can be seen; in fact, so closely do they lie that we hate to walk along these rocks, as we are forced to crush dozens at every footstep. All of these are feeding on the orders below them. Attached to the perpendicular sides of the rocks thousands of limpits cling. These are about a half an inch long. All of this multitude are greedily sucking in their food from the flowing tide. Larger shell-fish than these, the mussels, incrust and cover the big surf rocks farther out. These in their millions, too, are taking their regular meal from the advancing tide.

Creeping on and over these, ever following the incoming water is a regular army of creeping things, those that wear their bones outside their flesh. We were eating our lunch on the "Spit" when we made these notes. Fritz was throwing the bones, very cleanly polished, of a fat bluebill we had just disposed of—for although later the bluebills are fish feeders of the worst type, now they are living on the sea grass and are excellent eating. No sooner would one of these bones, to which little save some strong muscles clung, sink to the bottom than it would be covered by shore crabs, horse-shoe crabs, small spider-crabs, tearing at the muscles—and at one another. Farther out giant blue crabs, huge spider crabs, red crabs, crept on over the bottom. Hermit crabs peered out from the whelk shells into which they had stuck their fragile tails. All over the muddy parts of the bottom long muscular tubes protruded. Touch one of these leathery-looking tubes and it closes and slips down the muddy hole it had formed; these are the largest of the clams, a very coarse shell fish. Two other varieties, one similar to the little neck clam of the Atlantic, literally fill the mud a foot below. At very low tide beds of oysters are disclosed, a very small species, about the size of a twenty-five-cent piece.

Sweeping in with the flood of clear sea-water were numerous jellyfish, using their many tentacles for fishing also. Anemones, those beautiful water flowers that at the same time are living animals, waved from the rocks far below, each big, flower-like head protruding many long leaf-like arms—all busily fishing. On the tide flats, thousands of big cockles, a shell fish as large as good sized apple, lay greedily feeding. Sea cucumbers, a long, semi-transparent, jelly-like fish, were gorging themselves on the tiny orders invisible to our unaided sight.

Scattered among these shellfish were thousands of starfish, tiny, brittle stars as red as an angry loon's eye; larger ones of a terra cotta shade; great five-armed purple ones that clung in bunches to the tide line, looking cold and injurious in the shadows, but brilliant creatures where the sun searched them out. Beneath these, on the sands, lay huge, repulsive, eighteen-armed stars, some that weighed twenty pounds, each and every one of this mass of creatures steadily feeding from the advancing tide.

In the water, over and around these, swam schools of smelt, the young of three varieties of salmon, great schools of garfish, young sea perch and bass. Feeding on these were mighty runs of steelhead, that beautiful sea trout which weighs a dozen pounds and leaps straight up four feet into the brilliant sunlight, great darting masses of silver salmon, and huge, dark, leaping dog salmon. Farther down sped cod-fish, great dogfish, flounders, sea perch, sea bass—while out in front of the bobbing flock of decoys, over which we were photographing, could be seen the winged host that inhabit this mile square of old ocean. Seal popped their whiskered faces out and raised themselves up on their fore-flappers, so that they could see the two strange animals on the "Spit"—then dived below and took as big, plunging salmon in their sharp teeth and savagely tore huge mouthfuls out or swallowed it whole if small enough. Huge porpoises splashed along. Great blue herons drove their sharp bills beneath and morants dived down to the sea grass below. Gulls of five varieties stole their living from the mouths of the mergansers and grebe or were driven to eat from the thousands of salmon that lay dead on the river's bank. Loons, the great northern diver and the black-throated, gorged themselves on the myriad young fish that swam beneath. Three varieties of grebe, western, pied and an unclassified grebe fed on the ready feast. Guillemot, those active sea-pigeons, darted under for their meal. Tiny sea-doves sped along after the finny hosts. Kingfishers and great ospreys fell into the water with sun-sparkling splashes, finding the table ready spread at every entrance; the great fish hawks flew with watchful eyes lest that king of fish robbers, the bald eagle, did not despoil him of his meal.

Dotting the scene, in pairs and bunches and thousands, were the species that is sought for food by man, bird and beast. Eighteen varieties of ducks littered the glittering surface of the harbor—mallard, teal, widgeon, pintail, bluebill, buffle-head, whistle-wing, old squaw, ruddy and surfduck, calling and diving and splashing—yet all busily feeding. So were the coot scattered among them, and the jack-snipe and golden plover, the spotted sandpipers, and the killdeer plover on the flats.

Count them up, this polyglot host, this moving mass of scale, fur and feather, this countless multitude that no man may number. Scan them well, you believers in the new faiths that exclude the One that made and feeds this innumerable mass. So wonderfully ordered is the system that no one is allowed to remain hungry—for on all sides is the bountiful table spread. Nor is a fragment of feast or feasters wasted. All goes to supply new food or foundations for new life.

Over and through all, laying and washing it anew four times a day, comes the beneficent, cleansing, feeding tide, bearing in with it all manner of nourishment, carrying with it to the deeper places of old ocean all trace or taint of decay. Day in and day out, all through the procession of the seasons in every month of the year, the multitudinous host that live with Mother Nature in her ocean home have their rooms garnished and swept.

Mice at Home.

Likely some readers of the club know all these facts, but for some young folks who have not seen a mouse's nest, I will describe one. These little pests hunted and killed wherever found in houses because of the mischief they do are not without interest to the naturalist who sees some wonderful facts about it and its habits. The way the old mice prepare the nests for their little ones is really very clever. They hunt for some nice little corner where they hope to be left undesturbed, and proceed to make a nice soft bed of any material, but probably paper is what suits them best, as I have seen more of that material used than anything else, though sometimes softer stuff is used to line the nest. They cut the paper all up into small pieces, say about the size of a silver five cent piece, and acrry it to the spot chosen to build in. As much cut up stuff as would fill a tea cup has been the home of a family of baby mice. They number from four or five to seven or eight in each family. The old mother mouse carefully covers the babies over with some of the paper the same way a rabbit covers her young ones, while the old mice go after food. If a nest is found the little ones are not in sight but raise up the cut bits of paper and you will see all the little pink-skinned things in a pile fast asleep. Their eyes are not open at first, thus resembling puppies and kittens, and they have no fur on. That grows later. You must know they are very small. I should think at a week old they are only about an inch long, not counting length of tail. It is many years since I have seen such nests but perhaps cats are doing better duty now-a-days. Some little mice have been raised in very expensive nests as has happened sometimes a bank-note has been cut up by the parents for the purpose. It seems wonderful to note the care even these smallest of animals bestow on their young.

N. S.

Biliousness and its Remedy.

When your liver is out of order your whole system suffers. Your food ferments in your stomach and intestines, causing windy spasms, and the impurities that result enter your blood and are carried to every part of your system. The results are nausea, sickness, headache, blurred sight, pains between the shoulders, furred tongue, languor and general depression of spirits. Mother Seigel's Syrup overcomes all that, because it puts your liver right and keeps it right—and your stomach too. Mme. Auguste Ouellette, St. Jean Port Joli, L'Islet Co., P.Q., writing on Jan. 24, 1908, says:—"After meals I had severe pains in the stomach, and I was pale and thin from sleeplessness and headache. Mother Seigel's Syrup cured me when nothing else could."

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP.

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(Time Table No. 6)

EFFECTIVE

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 9th

NORTHBOUND— Daily	NORTHBOUND— Wed., Sat., Sunday		SOUTHBOUND— Daily	SOUTHBOUND— Wed., Sat., Sunday
Lv. 9:00	15:00	VICTORIA	Ar. 12:06	18:55
Lv. 10:70	16:55	SHAWNIGAN LK.	Ar. 10:51	17:35
Lv. 11:00	16:58	DUNCANS	Ar. 10:02	16:58
Lv. 11:32	17:35	CHEMAINUS	Ar. 9:25	16:22
Lv. 11:57	17:55	LADYSMITH	Ar. 9:00	15:58
Lv. 12:35	18:30	NANAIMO	Ar. 8:15	15:15
Ar. 12:53	18:45	WELLINGTON	Lv. 8:00	15:00

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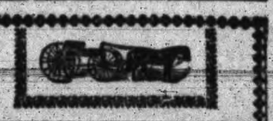

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NOTICE

Subscribers of the Victoria Daily Times are requested to pay their subscriptions to the carriers, and not at the office.

Among the Churches

Church of England.

Christ Church Cathedral.—There was an important and well attended meeting of the vestry last Tuesday evening, when plans were discussed for the improvement of the church edifice. It was decided to paint both the exterior and interior of the church and to reseat the building with comfortable modern pews. The remodelling of the organ was also authorized, the whole to cost in the neighborhood of $3,000.

Archdeacon Scriven has gone on a brief trip to Alberni and expects to return to the city about next Tuesday.

St. Saviour's, Victoria West. — The Rev. R. Connell gave a very interesting historical lecture last Thursday evening in the school room of the church. The lecture was illustrated with lantern views showing some historical scenes in church history, and also copies of historical documents. The early days of the church, and the stirring days of the Reformation, were well depicted. There was a good-sized audience and the people were delighted with the lecture. A collection was taken in aid of the Sunday school library and a goodly sum was netted for this worthy purpose. It is Mr. Connell's intention to give another evening with the lantern in the near future. This time it will be more especially for the children.

Reformed Episcopal.

Church of Our Lord.—The venerable Bishop Cridge will be the preacher at to-morrow morning's service. It is not often that a congregation has the privilege of listening to a preacher who has passed his ninetieth birthday, but the venerable bishop feels well able for the task which he has set for himself. His subject will be, "The Happiness of Being at Peace With God." There should be a large congregation to hear the words of wisdom and experience which the bishop so well knows how to give.

The rector, Rev. T. W. Gladstone, will conduct the evening service. His subject will be, "The Legion of Demons Cast Out."

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Church of Our Lord will resume its meetings on Monday afternoon. The meeting will be held at 515 Superior street at 3 p. m., and it is hoped that every member of the society will be present, as business of importance will be brought forward and plans made for a social event to be held in the near future.

Presbyterian.

First Church.—To-morrow morning the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered at the close of the morning service. There was a good attendance at the pre-communion service held last Thursday, and it is expected that a large number will partake of the Sacrament to-morrow.

The choir, under the leadership of J. G. Brown, resumed its weekly practices last evening, when there was a good turnout of members. The programme for this winter promises to be a most interesting one. First Church choir has always had a reputation for the excellence of its musical services, and for the splendid concerts given during the winter months. This reputation will be enhanced with the work to be accomplished during the coming months. The usual Hallowe'en concert will be given, and also the Burns' concert. In addition to these it is the intention of the choir to give the oratorio "St. Paul" sometime during the winter. The usual choir will be augmented in numbers for this event, and the many friends of the vetern leader, Mr. Brown, will wish him much success in the ambitious undertaking.

St. Andrews.—The quarterly communion service will be held to-morrow morning. The preparatory service was held last Thursday, at which an address was given by the Rev. W. L. Clay, and a number of new members were welcomed into the ranks of church fellowship.

The Young People's Society will hold the first meeting for the season on Monday evening. The meeting will be a business one and preparations will be made for future work. It is hoped that every member of the society will be present.

Knox—Members of Knox church choir and the Sunday school teachers and officers held a very enjoyable picnic at the Gorge park on Wednesday afternoon and evening. The warm weather made picnicking delightful, and the party thoroughly enjoyed the meal spread out on one of the hospitable tables under the trees of the park. The larger number stayed for the moving pictures, returning home about ten o'clock.

The choir, which has recently been reorganized under the leadership of J. Scott Ross, is doing splendid work, and the congregation appreciate their efforts to provide suitable music for church worship.

Methodist.

Metropolitan.—Much interest is being taken in the special service for the aged and infirm to be held in the Metropolitan church to-morrow morning. Those members of the congregation who have carriages and automobiles have been requested to hold them at the call of the officials, and they will be sent to the homes where those who cannot usually attend the church service live, for the purpose of conveying these guests to the building in time for the service. There has been a hearty response to the pastor's appeal, and there will be a sufficient number of carriages ready to convey all who are able and willing to attend the service. The pastor, Rev. T. E. Holling, called upon Bishop Cridge and asked him to assist in the service, but as the venerable bishop is preaching in the Church of our Lord he is not able to attend, but instead has sent a letter to be read to the congregation. The choir of the church will provide suitable music and Mr. Holling will preach a sermon especially of interest to the aged.

There will be a congregational reunion on Tuesday next in the schoolroom of the church. It is hoped that every member and adherent of the church will be present. A very interesting programme has been provided, and the Ladies' Guild will serve ice cream and cake to all. The idea of the reunion is to gather the congregation together in a social way after the summer season in order that all may get acquainted with the newcomers and with the pastor.

The Mission Band resumed its meetings for the fall and winter after the summer recess yesterday afternoon. The band has the prospects of a very successful winter before it, and there will be a larger number in attendance than ever.

Centennial.—On Monday evening the Young People's Society will meet to enjoy an address on "Electricity," by Mr. G. W. Hawkins. The evening promises to be a most enjoyable one, and it is hoped that there will be a full attendance of members.

The Rev. Ebenezer Robson, D.D., pioneer missionary in British Columbia, will deliver a lecture on Wednesday evening on "Early Days in British Columbia." Dr. Robson is well known to all Victorians and there should be a full house to hear his lecture. His experiences in the early days of this land were thrilling indeed, and much of the early history of the province will ever be associated with Dr. Robson's name. The authorities of the church are fortunate in securing the services of Dr. Robson for his lecture. There will be a small charge for admission, and all those who plan to attend are ensured of a most entertaining and instructive evening.

Miss Adair, who went from Revelstoke Methodist church to the Deaconess Training Home, Toronto, when the Rev. S. J. Thompson was pastor there, has been spending a few days in the city the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Thompson. Miss Adair is now a deaconess of All People's Mission, Winnipeg, and speaks in glowing terms of the work accomplished by that mission and under the leadership of the Rev. Jas. Woodsworth, B.D.

Victoria West.—Preparations are being made for the harvest home thanksgiving services to be held on Sunday week in the church. The building will be tastefully decorated for the occasion, and it is hoped that special music will be provided for the day. On Monday, September 21st the Ladies' Aid Society are holding the annual concert and social in the church. A good programme of music and speeches will be provided and refreshments will be served.

Congregational.

The very pleasant reception tendered to the Rev. H. A. Carson last Wednesday evening, was a delightful surprise to the pastor, and showed the unanimity of the congregation. The occasion was taken advantage of to welcome others who had returned from their holidays, and altogether it was one of those events which cement the bond which unite a people working together for the same good end.

To-morrow, the pastor, in addition to his other duties, will visit Goldstream in the afternoon and conduct the service there. This service has been kept up with regularity during the summer months by members of the church, and the opportunity of attending a church service has been greatly appreciated by the people of the district. Mr. Carson will preach the sermon to-morrow afternoon, returning in time for the usual evening service in the Congregational church.

The Young People's Society of Willing Workers expect a very pleasant and profitable evening on Monday, when the six delegates who attended the Provincial C. E. Convention in Vancouver last week will each give a ten minute address upon some phase of the convention work.

At a business meeting of the church held on Thursday evening it was found that the affairs of the church were in very creditable shape. Committees were appointed to canvass among the members of the congregation for subscriptions for the entire decoration of the church, and if it is found that the people support the project with their subscriptions, the work will be proceeded with.

To-morrow evening Mr. Carson will preach upon the subject, "Some Striking Contrasts in Human Character."

Baptist.

First Church.—The Rev. C. Burnett returned from his holiday last evening and will resume his pastorate to-morrow, preaching both morning and evening.

The Barraca class of First church has entered a team in the second division of the Victoria District Football Association. The young men of the class have entered the game with the purpose of doing all they can to help on good clean sport. No one will be allowed to play in the team unless he is a member of the Baracca class, which meets every Sunday afternoon in the A. O. U. W. hall at 3 o'clock. A hearty invitation is given to all young men to attend this class and enjoy the hour of Bible study on Sunday afternoon, and the hours of social enjoyment provided from time to time.

There will be a general business meeting of the Baracca class on Monday evening in the Victoria hall on Blanchard street at 9 o'clock.

The B. Y. P. U. will hold a very interesting session on Monday evening in the Victoria hall at 8 o'clock, when the delegates who attended the recent C. E. convention in Vancouver will give reports of the convention. It is hoped that there will be a large attendance of members and an earnest invitation is extended to all the congregation to unite with the young people in the work for the advancement of righteousness, which they are attempting in the name of God and the church.

W. C. T. U.

The first regular meeting for the season of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union of this city, held on Thursday afternoon, was well attended, and much interest was taken in the proceedings by the ladies. Arrangements were made for tents to be erected at the fair, and there will be a Rest Tent and a refreshment tent. The committee having this matter in hand are making every arrangement for the success of the ladies' work in providing a place for quiet and comfort for tired visitors to the fair. The coming of Miss Murcutt to the city was noted, arrangements having been made for her to speak in the Emmanuel Baptist church from October 4th to 9th. The union was asked to provide for the place of meeting for a series of addresses to be given by this talented lady during the month of November, and this matter will be discussed at the next meeting.

The attention of all Christian workers is called to the pound party to be held at the W. C. T. U. home on Ida street, next Tuesday. The home is doing an excellent work in the city in a quiet yet most efficient manner, and is deserving of the sympathy and co-operation of all Christian people. There is need of help just now, and the committee are confident that their appeal to the sympathies of the people of Victoria will not be in vain. The home will be open next Tuesday afternoon and evening to receive guests who will bring with them such articles as a home of this kind always needs. The ladies hope that there will be a very liberal response to their appeal.

Y. M. C. A.

Preparations are complete for the annual meeting to be held next Tuesday evening. This will be the special opening feature of the winter's work, and the officers are hoping that there will be a large number of the members and friends present on that occasion. Reports will be received from all departments of the work, and the election of directors for the ensuing year will take place. There are eight vacancies on the board of directors, and it is expected, from the nominations that have already been made, that a splendid lot of business men will be elected to the directorate. President McCurdy will be present and will give his report of the past year's work and lay down the policy to be pursued during the coming months. A very interesting programme has been prepared. Miss Evans, late of Toronto, will recite; Mrs. Reed and Mr. Dalzell will sing, and there will be other items of a pleasing nature. The Ladies' Auxiliary will serve refreshments and there will be plenty of opportunity for social intercourse.

Mrs. A. J. Brace, wife of the general secretary, is expected home from her visit to the east on Monday. Secretary Brace goes over to Vancouver on Saturday evening to meet her.

Salvation Army.

The meetings at the Salvation Army last Sunday were very well attended. The night meeting was exceptionally good, and at the close two professed conversion. This Sunday an evangelistic service will be held in their hall, 1412 Broad street, at 7.30 p. m. Staff Captain Hays will speak on "The Great Question." Captain Kundson will sing "What Will Your Answer Be?" The public are invited.

PRESCRIPTION FOR CURING HICCUPS AND HEARTBURN.

Nothing brings such magical relief as slowly sipping a few drops of Nerviline in sweetened water. Nerviline cures the conditions that cause the hiccups, just as it does all other disorders of the stomach and bowels. For stomach pains, bloating, indigestion and cramps nothing can equal the sure cure of Polson's Nerviline.

VICTORIA PRESBYTERY MEETING IN COMOX

Local Clergymen Will Be Represented at Gathering.

The Victoria Presbytery will meet in the regular half-yearly meeting next Wednesday and Thursday in Comox. Moderator Rev. T. Glassford, of Alberni, will preside and the usual routine business will occupy the attention of the delegates. The ministers of the Presbyterian churches in Victoria will leave on Tuesday morning for Comox and will not return till Friday. The Rev. D. MacRae is clerk of the presbytery and among the others attending from this city will be Rev. Dr. Campbell, Rev. W. Leslie Clay, and Rev. Jos. McCoy.

SAVE THE CHILDREN.

Mothers who keep a box of Baby's Own Tablets in the house may feel that the lives of their little ones are reasonably safe during the hot weather months. Stomach troubles, cholera infantum and diarrhoea carry off thousands of little ones every summer, in most cases because the mother does not have a safe medicine at hand to give promptly. Baby's Own Tablets cure these troubles, or if given occasionally to the well child will prevent the trouble coming on. And the mother has the guarantee of a government analyst that the Tablets contain no opiate or harmful drug. Mrs. Geo. Mineault, jr., Mont Louis, Que., says: "Before giving Baby's Own Tablets to my little one she suffered greatly from colic and stomach troubles, and cried a great deal. The Tablets soon cured her and she is now a plump, healthy child who does not look as though she ever had an hour's illness." You can get the Tablets from any dealer in medicine or by mail at 25 cents a box from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

SETTING UP A FURNACE.

The Gurney Foundry Co., manufacturers of the celebrated Gurney-Oxford line of ranges, stoves and furnaces, make the following suggestions. If read carefully, these will prove invaluable to those who desire the very best results from the installation of any heating or cooking apparatus:

1—That the chimney is not less than 9x9 inside, is clear and has a good draft at pipe hole.

2—That two smoke pipes do not enter the same chimney flue.

3—That the pipe fits closely on the stove and in the chimney. No air should go outside of the pipe.

4—That there are no pipe holes open on the opposite side of the chimney, either above or below, and that there is no unused stove with draft-slide open leading into the same chimney.

5—That all the flues are open and clear, so that smoke can freely pass through them. In cleaning flues many do not clean all the flues, and frequently push soot and ashes into back corners, and in that way stop them up.

6—Be sure that you know how to operate the dampers so they may not be open when you think they are closed.

7—Keep the clinkers, ashes and dead coal out of ends and corners of fire box.

8—Be sure to empty the ash pan at least once a day.

It is easier to get divorced than married in Switzerland.

REMARKABLE FINDINGS OF LAMBETH CONFERENCE

Encyclical Letter Showing What Bishops Discussed in Conclave

An encyclical letter, signed by the Archbishop of Canterbury on behalf of the Lambeth conference of bishops, was issued a few weeks ago. It reviews the deliberations and work of the conference, which, it says, have been dominated throughout by the conception of the church as ordained of God for the service of mankind, and it epitomizes the conclusions arrived at in regard to the faith and modern thought, the supply and training of clergy, education, foreign missions, marriage problems, the moral witness of the church, organization, reunion, and other topics. There are appended to the encyclical 78 resolutions formally adopted by the conference. The reports of the various committees will also be issued along with the resolutions, but it is expressly stated that the responsibility for the statements and opinions which they contain rests with the committees by which they were prepared.

The encyclical and the resolutions together are very lengthy. From the latter are made the following extracts:

When we review the work of this conference, and ask what aspect or idea of the church has been predominant in our deliberations, we find that through them all, in the many fields over which they have travelled, there has been ever present the thought of the church as ordained of God for the service of mankind. * * * For He came, "not to be ministered unto, but to minister"; and the church is set to portray and to represent Him amongst men. * * * It must be feared that the church's forgetfulness of this, its obscuring or effacing of this essential characteristic, has at times disastrously hindered the world from recognising the true nature and office of the church. The power to witness to Christ depends on being like Him. Men will always learn of Christ from those whom they see living with Christ-like simplicity for their sake the highest claim must be commended by the loweliest service. * * *

The spirit of service is awake. It inspires fresh activities and increased devotion within the church of Christ, and it extends to regions and to men who are outside the church's borders.

It is seen, first, in the striking revival of missionary enterprise and zeal. * * * That spirit is seen again in the recognition of social responsibility. It has given new vitality to the traditional systems of our pastoral work.

Everywhere men and women are devoting themselves to work in those districts of our great cities where the problems and the distress of poverty still confront us with their urgent and awful claim. * * * Not all who so work may accept fully the claims of our Lord Jesus Christ; but we welcome them as witnesses to that ideal life which the world owes to His teaching and inspiration, and which the church, it must be admitted, has but slowly realized. * * *

In the church's quickened sense of the truth that its calling cannot be fulfilled apart from the service of mankind, we see, beyond all clouds of difficulty and perplexity, the clear shining of a great hope. * * * Round this central thought of service, then, we group the resolutions which we have passed. * * *

The Faith and Modern Thought.

We turn first to the subject of our faith in relation to the thought of the present day. In humble reverence and unalterable devotion we bow before the mystery of the Trinity in Unity, revealed, indeed, once for all, but revealing to each generation, and not least to our own, "new depths of the Divine." We bow before the mystery of God Incarnate in the person of our Lord Jesus Christ, this, too, revealed once for all, but revealing to our times with novel clearness both God and man, and interpreting and confirming to us all that we have hoped or dreamed concerning union between them. We reaffirm the essential place of the historic facts stated by the creeds in the structure of our faith. Many in our days have rashly denied the importance of these facts, but the ideas which these facts have in part generated and have always expressed, cannot be dissociated from them. Without the historic creeds, the ideas would evaporate into unsubstantial vagueness, and Christianity would be in danger of degenerating into a nerveless altruism.

In the intellectuality activity, the ferment of thought and the variety of opinion which are characterized of our day, we have in our holy faith not only a sure and steadfast anchor, but a centre of light which illumines the new truth and blends with the new light for the new truth and new light are ultimately derived from the one source of all truth and all light. We are bound, therefore, by our principles to look with confidence and hope on the progress of thought. But we mark in the present day special reasons for such confidence. Materialism has not, for the minds of our generation, the strength or the attractiveness that once it had. Science displays in an unprecedented way the witness of Nature to the wisdom of God. Men's minds are more and more set towards the spiritual, even when they are set away from Christianity. It is our duty therefore to contend the more earnestly for the truth once delivered to the Saints, which is the secret of life. And, at the same time, it is our duty to learn all that God is teaching us through the studies and discoveries of our contemporaries, whether inside or outside the church, discerning, indeed, the spirits, whether they be of God, but bending with reverent teachableness to the influence of His Spirit, from whatever quarter He may breathe upon us.

But to meet the demands of such a time as ours, to appropriate its blessings, and to repel its dangers, there is need of a far greater effort on the part of the church to deal with the intellectual side of religion and life. * * *

The question of the due provision of secondary education under religious influences, whatever needed, is one that is pressed upon our communion with increasing force, especially in the colonies. There is a real danger lest our failure to grasp the situation we should leave to other communions the ground which we should ourselves be occupying, and thereby neglect duty which we ought to fulfil in the interests of our own children.

Ministries of Healing.

Truths, which the church has failed to set forth fully, have often given strength to the erroneous or disproportionate systems in which they have been emphasized; men have felt the force of teaching which has come to them as new; they have sometimes felt it all the more because it was urged upon them in severance from its context in the Christian creed. We hold that it is somewhat thus that a considerable influence has accrued in our day to certain movements which are described in the report of ministries of healing. Those movements differ widely and deeply one from another in their character, and in the claim which they can make for consideration; we do not think it well here to speak of them in detail; they are carefully estimated and characterized in the report, which, with the resolutions which we have passed (resolutions 31 and 32), indicates the manner in which, according to our judgment, they should be met.

We have also had before us the subject of the unction of the sick with a view to their recovery, and have considered it in regard to its history and to its alleged origin in the precept of St. James (v. 14), and also in relation to the conditions prevailing in the church at the present time. As the result of our investigation, we do not recommend the authorization of the anointing of the sick as a rite of the church. On the other hand, we do not wish to forbid all recourse to a practice which, as we are informed, has been carried out by many persons, both clerical and lay, within and without our communion. We have thought good to advise that the parish priest, in dealing with any request made to him by a sick person who humbly and heartily desires such anointing, should seek the counsel of his bishop. (Resolutions 33-36.)

Marriage Problems.

The purity of family life is the base of all national stability; and it is the function of the church not only to bless the marriage itself, but also to guard the integrity of the family in all its stages. In pursuance of this function it has been our duty to deal with evils arising from a low estimate of marriage, the unfaithfulness of married people to the vows by which they are bound, and the terrible increase of facilities for divorce. In the face of these and similar evils, we have felt it to be our duty to reaffirm the principles on the subject of divorce which were laid down by the Lambeth conference twenty years ago, and to assert our convictions that no view less strict than this is admissable in the church of Christ. But we would lay especial stress upon the fact that it is in the realm of life more than in that of thought that evils of this kind are to be fought and overcome; and we would impress upon all our people the necessity for the formation of a pure and upright public opinion amongst women and men alike, which will not suffer the evils of which we speak to go on unchecked with impunity.

We are aware that upon some of the questions which have been raised on the subject of marriage we are speaking with less decision than may be expected, and that there are questions with regard to which we fail altogether to give such guidance as in some parts of our communion is gravely needed. In so far as we have thus failed, it must be remembered that the conference is fathered from churches differing not only in the conditions under which they have to deal with these questions, but also in the formal canons, diocesan, provincial, or general, by which their action is ruled. In view of this fact we have come to the conclusion that these questions must be dealt with separately in the several churches of our communion. We have on this ground left without an adequate or general declaration of judgment the difficulty which has been constituted for the church of England by recent legislation concerning marriage with a deceased wife's sister.

A further evil with which we have to deal is of such a kind that it cannot be spoken of without repugnance. No one who values the purity of home life can contemplate without grave misgiving the existence of an evil which jeopardizes that purity; no one who treasures the Christian ideal of marriage can condone the existence of habits which subvert some of the essential elements of that ideal. In view of the figures and facts which have been set before us, we cannot doubt that there is a widespread prevalence amongst our peoples of the practice of resorting to artificial means for the avoidance or prevention of child-bearing. We have spoken of these practices and endeavored to characterize them as they deserve, not only in their results, but in themselves and we would appeal to the members of our own churches to exert the whole force of their Christian character in condemnation of them. (Resolutions 37-43.)

Moral Witness of the Church.

By the power of the truth which it carries and declares, the church is constantly serving the cause of true progress. But it has a further duty to be watchfully responsive to the opportunities of service which the movements of civil society provide. The democratic movement of our century presents one of these opportunities. Underlying it are ideals of brotherhood, liberty, and mutual justice and help. In those ideals we recognize the working of our Lord's teaching as to the inestimable value of every human being in the sight of God, and His special thought for the weak and the oppressed. These are practical truths proclaimed by the ancient prophets and enforced by our Lord with all the perfectness of His teaching and His life. We call upon the church to consider how far and wherein it has departed from these truths. In so far as the democratic and industrial movement is animated by them and strives to procure for all, especially for the weaker, just treatment, and a real opportunity of living a true human life, we appeal to all Christians to co-operate actively with it. Only so can they hope to commend to the movement the Spirit of our Lord Jesus Christ, which is at once its true stimulus and its true corrective. Only so can they win for Him that allegiance which is the constant and enduring security for the hopes and progress of human society. (Resolutions 44-50.)

Three subjects of pressing importance, on which the conference did not appoint committees, it treated in resolutions.

The neglect of Sunday we are bound to resist with all the force of corporate opposition in the interest both of the service of God and of the service of man. (Resolution 53.)

As servants of the Prince of Peace we welcome the efforts which have been made in the conference at The Hague to vindicate the methods of peace and to promote arbitration in the affairs of nations; and we desire to record our conviction that the conflicts inevitably arising from race prejudice, from commercial rivalry, and from competing trade interests can best be brought to an end by a resolute use of arbitration and similar methods. (Resolution 52.)

The service of man demands that we should vigorously support efforts to cut off the occasions of stumbling which bring thousands of lives to disaster. Such a purpose dictates our resolution on the subject of opium, in which we express our hearty sympathy with all that governments and individuals are attempting for the abatement of the great evil. (Resolution 51.)

In like manner the growth and expansion of the liquor traffic in West Africa, to the infinite detriment of its peoples, seems to us to be an evil which calls imperatively for redress. (Resolution 50.)

No one can watch the life of our day without noting many gigantic forces of evil active among us, of which intemperance, impurity, and gambling are signal examples. Some of these have been the subjects of detailed treatment by earlier conferences; others may be dealt with by those that follow. But we are persuaded that we shall not strengthen the moral witness of the church by attempting to deal cursorily on each occasion with all, even of the most important subjects. We only desire to make it evident that, if we must perforce omit many subjects of ever-pressing importance, it is not through inadvertence, or because we are not zealous to encourage those whom we address to unremitting and prayerful efforts in combating the manifold forces of evil which are working havoc in the human life around us.

Reunion.

There is no subject of more general or more vivid interest than that of Reunion and Intercommunion. This interest, indeed, is not new. The peculiar position of our Communion, with its power and hope of mediating in a divided Christendom, has long been recognized by members of our own churches and by others. This position is to us a continual call to service, as was abundantly acknowledged by the conferences of 1888 and 1897. But this year's conference has met in circumstances which pressed upon us this same call to service with a new insistence. The winning of the nations to Christ, in fulfillment of His own great commission to His church, is a matter of much more general concern to Christian people than ever before, and we realize the imperative necessity for effective and visible co-operation among the workers. The waste of force in the Mission field calls aloud for unity. Nor is this less necessary for the effective conduct of the war against the mighty forces of evil in Christian lands. With the realization of this need has come a new demand for unity, a penitent acknowledgment of the faults that hinder it, and a quickened eagerness in prayer that, through the mercy of God, it may be attained.

The careful report of our committee and the detailed resolutions may seem to some but cold in comparison with the warmth of the desires of many hearts. But these readers should remember the grave responsibility which attaches to the composition of such documents, and the necessity of accuracy, candour, and self-restraint, if the cause of unity is to be advanced by them.

Such resolutions and reports cannot be summarized; they must be studied It will be observed that, in regard to every one of the churches or groups of churches to which our attention has been directed, we have tried to indicate some lines of definite practical approach. Wherever we have had reason to think that such an advance would be welcomed we have gone far to meet our brethren. Where we have felt it absolutely necessary to sound a note of warning, we have tried to speak the truth in love.

Our resolutions represent for the most part the present situation of our public relations with churches more or less widely separated from us. They may seem to show the remoteness rather than the nearness of corporate reunion. But before that consummation can be reached there must be made by individuals in many ways, by co-operation in moral and social endeavor and in promoting the spiritual interests of mankind, by brotherly intercourse, by becoming familiar with one another's characteristic beliefs and practices, by the increase of mutual understanding and appreciation. All this will be fruitful in proportion as it is dominated by a right ideal of reunion. We must set before us the Church of Christ as He would have it, one spirit and one body, enriched with all those elements of divine truth which the separated communities of Christians now emphasize severally, strengthened by the interaction of all the gifts and graces which our divisions now hold asunder, filled with all the fullness of God. We dare not, in the name of peace, barter away those precious things of which we have been made stewards. Neither can we wish others to be unfaithful to trusts which they hold no less sacred. We must fix our eyes on the Church of the future, which is to be adorned with all the precious things both theirs and ours. We must constantly desire not compromise but comprehension, not uniformity but unity. (Resolutions 55-78.)

COMPLAINT ABOUT THE WATER.

If the water you drink disagrees, causes cramps, diarrhoea or gas—take a few drops of Nerviline three times a day. It tones the stomach, prevents bowel disorders, aids digestion, overcomes ill effects of bad water and unripe fruit. Try a 25c bottle of Polson's Nerviline.

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WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

In keeping with an announcement made last week, readers of the Times are asked to fill in the accompanying coupon and hand it to the Times office, addressed "Rev. Dr. Spencer, care of the Times, Victoria." The object aimed at by Dr. Spencer is to get the popular opinion on whether they think women should have a vote for municipal and parliamentary purposes on the same basis as men. In other words, should the word "person" in the Elections Act mean "women" as well as "men?"

For this purpose will the reader write the word "yes" or "no" on the ocupon below, cut it out, place in an envelope and send it, or hand it in for Rev. Dr. Spencer, care of the Times, Victoria. The question will be continued from September 8th to 12th, and the result published on September 14th.

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(Write "Yes" or "No" Below.)

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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

CALLED FROM EXILE TO A THRONE.

The International Sunday School Lesson for September 13th is: "David Made King Over Israel and Judah." II. Samuel 2: 5.

By William T. Ellis.

The reason there are not more romances of human achievement to stir the heart of humanity is that most men who undertake to achieve great lives either become satisfied too soon or else discouraged too soon. Only the rare spirit can run the gauntlet of fortune's hard testings. We sometimes talk about the great lives lived in obscurity, the men and women who never accomplished fine deeds, who failed to "get there"; after all, though, we are conscious that there is lacking to them some one quality of greatness; for the final proof of ability is arrival. David would have been an unsung and forgotten exile—one of the innumerable, unknown victims of the despotism of Oriental monarchs—had he not finally, in spite of all, won to his goal.

There is a heresy with which many weaklings and failures console themselves, to the effect that only the course and the base are competent to win in life's struggle. This is a grave and fundamental error, were it true, the implication would be that God's programme cannot stand the test of experience; and that all His promises of prosperity for the righteous are void. Surely it is the Lord's desire that the just shall reign in the earth. By the kingship of the heavenly, the kingdom of heaven is to come. The realization of all noble ambitions is in line with the purposes of God; and every time one of His friends settles down in pious complacency to a second-rate life God's designs are thwarted. The Lord would see Davids sitting on the thrones of all the Sauls on earth. No man need fear having too high an ambition if his purposes are worthy; it is not quantity of ambition, but quality, that sometimes makes it wrong. God does not want His friends to wait until they go to heaven for their crowns.

Fear not to build thine eyrie in the heights
Where golden splendors lay;
And trust thyself unto thine inmost soul,
In simple faith alway;
And God will make divinely Real
The highest forms of thine Ideal.
—Anne Preston.

A Life as a Plan.

It was a sudden and complete change which came into the life of David. From being a hunted exile, a man with a price upon his head, he suddenly found himself upon the news of Saul's death, as successor to a crown. He had been anointed by Samuel as Israel's future king; he knew also that the hearts of his own tribe of Judah at least, inclined unto him. In an unexpected access of great fortune character reveals itself. Many a young man has "lost his head" in these circumstances. But not David. He regarded his life as a plan of God. He had learned the great lesson that it is better to find out the Lord's will than to rely upon one's own scheming. "He that believeth shall not make haste." So the first step taken by the prospective king was to inquire of Jehovah what he should do.

There is a deal of foolish talk about the modesty of genius; yet there never was a great man ignorant of his powers. Else how could he use them? The genius knows his skill long before the world discovers it. David knew himself to be of king calibre. He had measured himself with Saul, and had demonstrated his own superiority. His experiences in the wilderness had convinced him, as well as others, that he was competent to rule. In the confidence of this vision and faith he could await God's hour for his clock of destiny to strike. He had entered into the patience of the Lord.

The Magnanimity of the Mighty.

David's ability to wait was no more a sign of his inherent greatness than was his magnanimity. A small man simply cannot be magnanimous. The spirit of petty vindictiveness, of brooding over fancied or real slights and wrongs is a hall-mark of littleness of character. The first act of the new king, after he had moved to Hebron, by divine direction, and had been anointed king by the men of Judah, was to show his appreciation for the bravery of the men of Jabesh-Gilead who had rescued from the Philistines the bodies of Saul and his sons. The eulogy of David was a sort of Victoria Cross to be proudly borne.

In thus honoring Saul's friends, and in his summary punishment of the slayers of Saul's son Ishbosheth (who succeeded to the sivereignty of the northern kingdom for a time), and in his public mourning for Abner, the crafty general over the forces of Saul and his son David proved the mould in which he was cast. A public man must have large capacity for forgiveness. There can be no room in his life for private vengeance and spite. It is noticeable that the smaller and more provincial and ignorant a community the greater the number of petty quarrels and jealousies and neighborhood feuds. Magninimity is a mark of the mighty.

The School That Graduates Kings.

A peculiar quality of this western continent is its genius for producing self-made men. Two empires have been established in North America within little more than a hundred years; and, greater yet, two nations of imperial men, strong, self-reliant and resolute, have been created. In the process of forming the state, the people have themselves won to sovereignty of character. Out of the new, hard conditions have sprung a new and hardy race. It was in that same school of hardship that David was trained. All the toil and severity and suffering of those wilderness years entered into his character. In mastering untoward conditions he learned to master himself and his fellow-men. By a successive facing of emergencies, he equipped himself for the great emergency which, in his soul, he knew would eventuate.

This became a life principle with David; when he relapsed from it, and allowed his character, like his muscles, to become "soft" he fell into shameful sin. Small duties were his preparation for great. As a shepherd lad, he slew the lion and the bear; and so was made ready to meet Goliath. He ruled well his band of turbulent followers in the wilderness, and so was made ready for the crown of Judah. In the seven years of his kingship he exercised his authority with such tact and beneficence that all Israel knew him for a good and great king, and when Saul's son was out of the way, they sent a deputation to David asking him to rule over them also.

Wisely David had refrained from attempting a short-cut to this goal; in his patience he won his soul and the crown he desired also. He might have wrested the sceptre from Ishbosheth by force; instead, he conserved his nation's energies, and prepared the way for a harmonious reign, by a policy of peace. Thus began the glorious reign of Israel's greatest king.

The Price of Victory.

The Italian who fell exhausted within sight of the goal of the recent Marathon race, and the spent condition of the man to whom was awarded the prize, are familiar illustrations of the universal truth that every prize is won at a cost. In contemplation of David's entry into the kingship, we may not fail to look a little more closely to see what manner of man he has become. True, he is wise and masterful and brave and acquainted with the world's ways, and with the nature of men.

We seek in vain, though, for the fresh, buoyant, modest, trustful, single-eyed and enthusiastic youth whom we loved at his first appearing. The ruddiness has gone from his cheek, and the bloom from his innocence. In bitterness of spirit he has become sophisticated and worldly. His treatment by Saul, and his association with the rough characters in the cave of Adullam, has destroyed the fine edge of his open, generous nature. The ideals of his youth have been lowered. As is still common with many public characters, he has become wise at the cost of his goodness. He has made concessions to the world that have marred the delicate spirituality of the young men whom Samuel had anointed and Jonathan had loved. Must success among men ever thus take toll of the dreams of youth?

YOUNG PEOPLE'S SOCIETIES

STANDING BY THE BEST.

Terse Comments on the Uniform Prayer Meeting Topic of the Young People's Societies—Christian Endeavor, Baptist Young People's Union, Epworth League, etc., for September 13th, "Commending Our Society. 1. By Church Attendance." Ps. 26: 1-12; Heb. 10: 21-25.

By William T. Ellis.

It is easier to praise Christianity than to practice it. Persons not a few are trying to substitute the former for the latter. They pay glowing tributes to religion—but are never seen in church on Sunday. They extol the beneficence of the church, but they are not enrolled in her membership or among her contributors. This is meaner than the war-time practice of sending paid "substitutes" to the front. In common consistency and honor, a man should refrain from expressing sentiments which his conduct does not endorse. If Christianity is great and glorious and beneficent and indispensable, then, by all considerations of logic and fairness, the person who so avows should enroll himself among the open and confessed disciples thereof.

• • •

The best people should stand for the best things. That is why, happily, among Anglo-Saxon peoples, it has always been considered somewhat of a social obligation to go to church. The underlying reason for this practice is that thoughtful men and women have regarded the church as the prime conservator of those ideals which underlie civilization, and as the agency which best promotes the well-being and progress of mankind. To support the church, therefore, is to support the forces of law and order and fraternity and philanthropy and intellectuality and idealism.

• • •

The habit of church-going provides the soil for the growth of many other good habits.

• • •

If there are truth, purity, sound morals, and right aims anywhere, you may find them in the Christian church.—J. P. Thompson.

• • •

Because the young people's movement in the churches has not, within twenty-five years, brought in the millennium, there is a tendency to find fault with it. It must not be overlooked that these societies have fixed certain and profitable habits in the lives of millions of young people. Among these is the sense of loyalty to the church. "For Christ and the church," is their ringing motto. They have, by repeated discussions such as the present one, inculcated the idea of the sanctity and practical beneficence of the Christian church. Moreover, they have made trained church-workers and regular church-attendants of myriads of young men and young women who would otherwise have been lost to church and to altruistic ministry of mankind.

• • •

There is no institution on earth so worthy of human ministry and enthusiasm as the Christian church. Whoever becomes her defender and champion and servant is making his life count greatly in his time.

• • •

Christian Endeavor can best be "for Christ" through the church.

• • •

There ought to be such an atmosphere in every Christian church that a man going there and sitting two hours should take the contagion of heaven, and carry home a fire to kindle the altar whence he came.—Beecher.

• • •

There are better reasons for going to church than that of commending Christion Endeavor, which is the reason suggested by the topic. This latter suggestion savors too much of a cheap exploitation of Christian Endeavor itself; whereas by its very nature, Christian Endeavor exists, not to commend itself, but to commend Christ and the church. The day of certain decay has dawned for the young people's movement when it begins to look within, at its own virtues and to take thought for its own honor. Better far is it to emphasize the watchword of the early days of Christian Endeavor, "Not to be ministered unto, but to minister."

• • •

In that interesting and thought-compelling little volume, "The Workingman and Social Problems," Charles Stelze makes an important point, worthy of the consideration of all who are prone to grow impatient with the church. He says: "Since the success of any great social reform is dependent upon a high, unselfish moral character, and since Christianity makes the development of this character its chief business, it follows that the church has a most important part in the great work which concerns the social life of mankind. And the church is trying to do its part. The preacher who left the church because of his interest in the masses, feeling that he was not doing enough for them, was glad to come back after a two year's campaign in their behalf outside of the church, because he discovered that however the church may have fallen short in her work, there is no one outside of her walls who is doing more than she."

• • •

Man is the only animal with an uplook. He alone, among all living creatures, walks upright. In the depths of his nature lies a need for facing toward God, and for recognizing his divine origin. The craving for worship is an ineradicable human instinct. Man must meet God. An essential part of his being is atrophied if he has not opportunity to "worship and bow down, and kneel before the Lord his Maker." Thus church-going is something infinitely more than a custom profitable to one's emotional and social and intellectual nature; it is an exercise essential to the growth of man's higher life.

SEVEN SENTENCE SERMONS

In to-day already walks to-morrow.—Coleridge.

• • •

For success I ask no more than this—to bear unflinching witness to the truth.—James Russell Lowell.

• • •

Faith said, "'Tis brighter farther on."
Hope said, "I see the coming dawn."
Love said—the greatest of the three,
"The morn is here! 'tis found in me!"
—Anon.

• • •

He that brings most of us into his life lives the longest.—Rev. C. L. Gould.

• • •

The wiser and stronger we grow, the more we feel how indispensable and helpful is solitude.—J. L. Spalding.

• • •

Though I cannot measure the sun, I can enjoy the sunlight.—Joseph Parker.

• • •

The mind that is too ready at contempt and reprobation is, I may say, as a clenched fist that can give blows, but is shut up from receiving and holding aught that is precious—though it were heavensent manna.—George Eliot.

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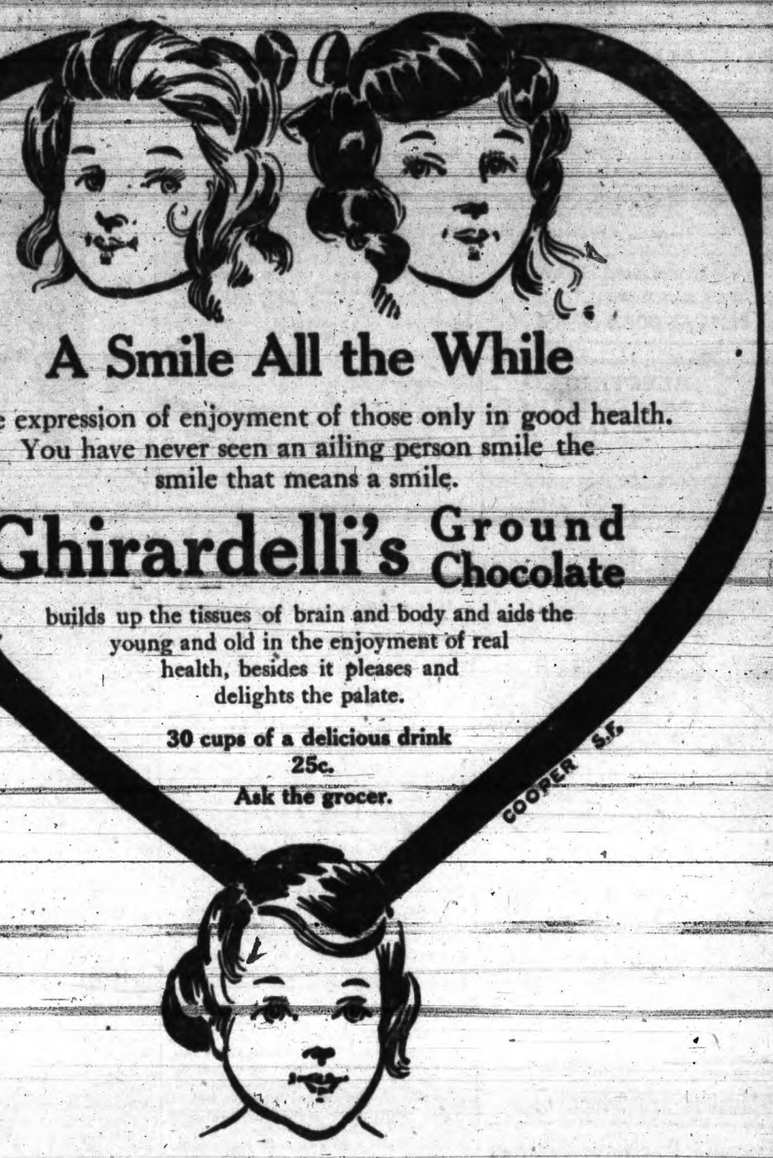

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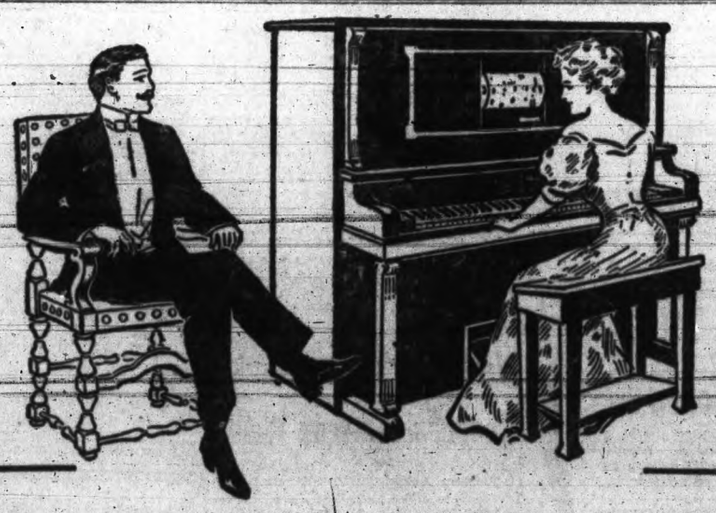

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H. DALLAS HELMCKEN, President.
VINCENT K. GRAY, Secretary.
Dated Sept. 9th, 1908.

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THE TIMES' SPECIAL STORY.

SAUNDERS' GENEROSITY

By Howard Melville.

Chisholm came out on the hotel piazza to join the little group of men gathered about the door. They were an oddly assorted crowd, the cowboys, their sun-burned faces contrasting with the pallor but smoke-grimed railroaders and the flannel-shirted miners. With ready hospitality "Doc" Wrenn made a place for him on the soap box and accepted in return a cigar from the proffered case.

"Goin' t' be here long?" he demanded when the brown cylinder was alight. Chisholm nodded.

"I expect to stay here some time," he agreed with a light laugh.

"Mines?" questioned Wrenn with a curiosity so frank that it was robbed of its impertinence.

"That's what," confirmed Chisholm.

"I can sell you a fine location," offered Wrenn. "It's the property of a chap who had to go back east because his wife couldn't stand this altitude. It's the best little property in seven counties. It's a bargain at any price, but I'll sell low."

"I've bought one already," explained Chisholm. "A friend of mine back east sold it to me. It is part of a legacy."

"You don't mean Barton's old mine?" questioned Wrenn.

"I don't think so," said Chisholm. "This is know as the Franklin's Fortune mine."

The announcement was greeted by a burst of laughter. Cowboys, miners and railroad men alike threw back their heads and guffawed. It was full five minutes before the laughter died down and Chisholm could ask the reason for their mirth.

"Franklin always was the unlucky cuss," explained Wrenn while some of the old-timers still chuckled and rumbled at the humor of the situation. "That claim was named sarcastic like, you know. Fortune means luck and it was Franklin's luck to locate a claim that was so good that it was like to bankrupt him. The only thing that saved him was sellin' it to a yap from the east."

"I understand that ore yielding $8 a ton was not a bad lot," said Chisholm. "The mine was sold to me on a guarantee that it would average that."

"It will," Wrenn hastened to agree. "But when Slick Saunders sold the mine with that guarantee he played the same trick on you that was played on him."

"But where is the trick?" demanded Chisholm. "You admit that the ore will run that much to the ton."

"You know these rich fellows what have fancy farms and tell you to drink milk or champagne as you like because it costs them the same?" asked Wrenn.

"I've heard the story," agreed Chisholm, "but I fail to see the connection."

"Well, running the Franklin is just that sort of expensive luxury," explained Wrenn. "It yields $8 to the ton and takes nine to get it to the railroad."

"But Saunders said that it was only half a mile to the railroad," protested Chisholm.

The remark started a fresh burst of laughter and the tears were streaming down Wrenn's cheeks as he turned again to his seatmate.

"That's one of Saunders' own," he declared. "That's been put on since he bought the mine, because the L. & V. B. didn't run within 10 miles of the place when he got stuck."

"But it does now?" reminded Chisholm.

"Sure," assented Wrenn with a chuckle, "but, man, don't you see—" a fresh outburst of mirth interrupted and it was a full minute before the sentence was completed.

"That half-mile is through solid rock," he finally explained. "The railroad tunnels the mountain and runs within half a mile of the mine at a point about a third of the way in. Just go into te tunnel about 1,700 feet, then turn to the right and begin to dig. You'll get there in time if you're a good digger."

"How far is it around the mountain instead of through?" asked Chisholm, trying to conceal his chagrin.

"About 60 miles," was the startling information. "You can get over the top. There's a sort of gulch that runs to the north about 30 miles. You have to go around that spur to reach the railroad. It's 30 miles each way."

"I suppose that I shall have to use a stamp mill at the mine," said Chisholm. Wrenn shook his head.

"You've been stuck good," he declared. "You see, about every scheme has been tried on that fool mine. You can't use coal because it costs as much to take coal in as it does to bring the ore out. There's no water power to speak of for the slant is all toward the other side of the divide. One chap was going to lay a cable over the mountain and run electricity over until he figured the cost. The best thing you can do is to go back east and sell it to some other fellow on the same guarantee you got stuck with."

Chisholm looked about the circle of grinning faces.

"I'm going to make that mine a go," he announced as he rose to his feet. "Can I get over there to-morrow?"

"I'll show you the way," volunteered Wrenn. "I guess you won't talk that way after you've seen it."

"I said that I'm going to make a go of it and that is what I mean," was the quiet answer. "And now, since the laugh appears to be on me, if you gentlemen will—"

There was no need to complete the sentence. The door to the bar stood invitingly open and the crowd filed in. With real good will they drank a toast to Chisholm's success, for they liked his gameness in not turning back as half a dozen others had done since Franklin had completed the first sale.

Chisholm went up to his room and Wrenn went with him. "Doc" Wrenn was an old character about the little town of Marathon. It had been a mining camp when he had first drifted into the place. Now the town was a division point on the L. & V. B. and it had grown into a place of importance, but "Doc" Wrenn was still a personage of local celebrity.

His title was purely honorary; a tribute to some small skill at rough surgery in the early days. No one knew just what he had done "back east," but it was known that he was a man of good education with an unfortunate fondness for strong waters which had probably been responsible for his departure for the west.

He dabbled in real estate in a small way and he ran survey lines for prospectors, but there was little that he could not turn a hand to and he was a mine of information as to local history and geography.

Before Wrenn left the room, Chisholm realized that Eben Saunders had deliberately swindled him in selling him the mine. He had gone to ask the hand of Saunders' ward, Helen Hale, in marriage, and Saunders had skillfully diverted the conversation to talk of mines, explaining that he wanted his ward to marry someone who had a definite fortune.

In a burst of impulsive generosity he had offered to sell Chisholm this mine for half its real value, hinting that as a mine owner his suit would be regarded with greater favor. If Helen married without Saunders' consent her little fortune was to revert to her guardian. Harry Chisholm did not care for the money, but he wanted to spare her the unpleasantness of a quarrel with her guardian and he thought well of the mining scheme.

Now he knew that it was all a swindle. The impulsive offer was a clever bit of acting, the guarantee, which had seemed so fair back east was but a trick repeatedly played on the unsuspecting and the assurance of the railroad's proximity was a ghastly bit of humor which added to Saunders' offense.

There was little sleep for Chisholm that night and it was with heavy heart that he fared forth the next morning with Wrenn. Even travelling light, they could not do better than 30 miles a day and it was late in the afternoon of the second day when at last they reined their tired ponies before the mouth of the tunnel which was the visible part of Franklin's Fortune. An old shack, the only sign of habitation, was slowly rotting away and the decaying boards served only to furnish them fuel for their camp fire.

"These boards cost about $3 apiece," declared Wrenn as he broke one up with a hatchet. "Franklin was too high-toned for a log hut and he wanted boards. You can imagine the time they had getting them in over the trail."

Chisholm nodded. The reference to the trail reminded him of the task it would be to get the ore down the tortuous path. There was not even width for a wagon road, while a cable way 30 miles long was out of the question. He had seen a place some 10 miles down the gulch where a trail might be made over the divide, but even that would be useless with anything except high grade ore. He had not lost his determination to succeed, but he was depressed by the desperate outlook.

Long into the night he tossed restlessly on the rude bed of fir boughs they had built in the mouth of the tunnel. Plan after plan suggested itself to him, only to be dismissed as impractical, and finally he dropped off to sleep through sheer brain weariness.

It seemed but a few minutes before he was wakened by some one roughly shaking his shoulder, and he half-roused to become conscious that Wrenn was trying to wake him.

"Is it daylight already?" he asked sleepily.

"Daylight be hanged," said Wrenn. "I don't know what time it is but it's not daylight. Get up and come with me."

He took Chisholm's hand and led him down the tunnel. They had torches and Wrenn stopped to light one of these. The faint illumination was scarcely sufficient to show them their way, but Wrenn stumbled on after a look at his watch nor did he pause until they had brought up at the far end of the tunnel which had been sunk deep into the side of the mountain. Franklin had run the tunnel well in. There was always the possibility of striking higher grade stuff, and he had worked until his last penny was gone. Most of the ore lay outside the tunnel mouth, forming an artificial platform in front of the entrance. It was perfectly safe there, for no one was so foolhardy as to attempt to carry it off.

"Now, I'll tell you," announced Wrenn as he huddled close to the rock. "I'll swear that I heard the eastbound Overland a little while ago. There's a westbound freight that goes through as soon as the Overland clears. If we hear that—Well!"

"How can we hear through half a mile of rock?" questioned Chisholm.

"That's just it," explained Wrenn. "If we hear the freight it's because the rock's not there. When they built the tunnel they ran into a sort of cave. I've been in it, but no one ever explored it fully. I've an idea that it goes back further than we believed and that it is near the end of this tunnel that the cave terminates. If it is—"

With a dull rumble, the westbound freight rattled past and the torch fell from Wrenn's hand as he sprang to his feet.

"I win," he cried. "It's a long cave, and the sound comes up like a speaking tube. We'll drill through and ship our ore down into the cave. We can get the railroad people to run a siding into the cave and load right there. Then we can run it over to Caldwell and—say 1-4—bet there's nobody been in this tunnel since the railroad tunnel was built. If Saunders had taken a look he might have found out, but as soon as he heard what he was up against he went back east to slip the mine to some one else."

"And you think that you can break through?" asked Chisholm.

"We'll get the picks and picks and go to work on it," declared Wrenn, striking a match and relighting the torch.

He fairly danced down the tunnel to the mouth and after they had boiled coffee and fried some bacon, they cared for the horses, then armed with picks and drills they pushed their way into the tunnel again.

It was late in the evening when the drill holes were ready for the charges of dynamite they had brought with them in the expectation of taknig out some samples, and while Chisholm made his way back to the mouth of the tunnel Wrenn remained to light the fuses. Presently he joined his companion and together they listened for the detonation of the blast.

Wrenn dispatched Chisholm for more smoke to clear from the tunnel before he hurried down to see the result. The end of the tunnel had been blown down, and now by tapping the rock with a drill, a hollow sound was given forth. Impatiently they waited for the passage of the west-bound passenger train and the increased distinctness of the sound told them that Wrenn's conclusions were correct. They were close to the end of the cave which opened into the tunnel.

Wrenn dispatched Chisholm for more dynamite, while he remained behind to make the drill holes. Four days later Chisholm was back with the supplies and that night the shot broke through the barrier and Wrenn, lowered by a rope, made his way to the mouth of the cave.

"It's all right, he reported on his return. "A little blasting will enable us to tumble the quarts down a chute and then load on the cars, using the cave as a switching yard. Got a girl?"

Chisholm nodded. "She is a ward of Saunders," he explained. "It is on her account that I am out here."

"Send for her," commanded Wrenn. "She can take out an adjoining claim and so will I. That will give us enough surface to control the tunnel and take toll from ore from other mines passing through ours. There may be more prospects. In any event it's worth while taking precautions."

"Then you are sure it's all right?" questioned Chisholm.

"Right?" echoed Wrenn. "Why, man, it's the slickest joke that's ever been played on "Slick" Saunders. He did me in a deal once. Now we're square. He sold it to you for $12,000, you say?"

"That was what he got," assented Chisholm. "He said that he wanted to see Nell married to a man of property, and he sold me the mine for half of its real value."

"And three time what he paid for it," said Wrenn with a chuckle. "And it was all because he wanted to see you get ahead. Well, he got his wish all right. Here's hoping that he's happy when he finds it out."

A CHILD'S ADVICE.

The Sunday school was about to be dismissed when the superintendent arose, to the disgust of nearly all the children, who thought the session had been long enough, and announced:

"And now, children, let me introduce Mr. Smith, who will give us a short talk."

Mr. Smith smilingly arose, and, after gazing impressively around the classroom, began with "I hardly know what to say," when the whole school was convulsed to hear a small, thin voice back in the rear lisp:

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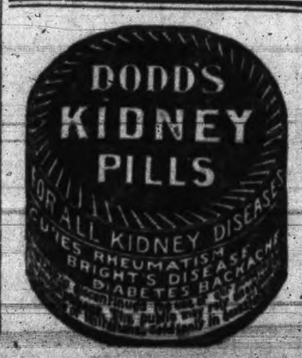

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THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of the Corporation of the City of Victoria having determined that it is desirable:

To pave by means of wooden blocks, treated with creosote, and placed on a suitable foundation, Belleville street, from the westerly line of Government street to the westerly line of St. John street, and that said work should be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the Local Improvement General By-Law and Amendment thereto, and the City Engineer and City Assessor having reported to the Council in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 of the said By-Law, upon said work of Local Improvement, giving statement showing the amount estimated to be chargeable in each case against the various portions of real property to be benefited by the said work, and the report of the City Engineer and City Assessor, as aforesaid, having been adopted by the Council;

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the said report is open for inspection at the office of the City Assessor, City Hall, Douglas street.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
Victoria, B. C., 9th September, 1908.

Victoria Waterworks

Tenders for Iron Work.

Tenders sealed, endorsed, and addressed to the undersigned, will be received up to 4 p. m. on Monday, the 14th September 1908, for the supplying of certain iron work for the High Level Tank, as per specification, copies of which can be obtained at the City Hall. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

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PAUL'S DYEING AND CLEANING WORKS, 120 Fort street. Tel. 624.

Employment Agencies

THE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY.
MRS. P. K. TURNER.
658 (54) Fort St. Hours, 10 to 5. Phone 1552.

WING ON—Chinese Employment and Labor Contractor. All kinds of Chinese help furnished; washing and ironing, wood cutting, land clearing, house work, cooks, farm hands, gardening, scavengering, for city and country; terms very moderate. 1709 Government St. Phone 23.

JAPANESE, HINDU AND CHINESE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE—All kinds of labor supplied at short notice. 1601 Government street. Tel. 1620.

ALL KINDS of Chinese labor supplied. Yin Thom, 1620 Government street. Phone A1749.

Engravers

GENERAL ENGRAVER. Stencil Cutter and Seal Engraver. Geo. Crowther, 816 Wharf street, behind Post Office.

Furrier

MRS. E. R. ROBERTS—Manufacturing and repairing furs. Room 50, Five Sisters' Block. Phone 1766.

FRED. FOSTER, Taxidermist and Furrier, 424 Johnson street.

Hardy Plants

SEE ROSES GROWING at Flewin's Gardens, 806 Heywood Ave. The exhibition table is not the best place to choose garden roses. You ought to see the plant which produces the bloom.

Horse-shoeing

HORSE-SHOEING—Work executed in first-class manner by most competent men. John McKay, successor to Wm. Hodge, 740 Johnson street, Victoria, B.C.

Machinists

L. HAFER, General Machinist, No. 150 Government street. Tel. 930.

Buy The Times

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

Merchant Tailors

CREDIT ON CLOTHING—We have a large stock of fine imported woollens on hand. If you need an up-to-date suit in fit and style please call on our place and we will fix you out on very easy terms. J. Sorensen, merchant tailor, 92 Government street, opposite Trounce avenue (upstairs).

WING FOOK YUEN, 21 or 627 Cormorant street. Clothes cleaned, pressed and repaired.

Metal Polish

GLOBE METAL POLISH cleans silver, copper and brass. For sale by The Shore Hardware Co., Ltd.

Moving Picture Machines

EDISON, POWERS, and all standard makes of machines and supplies at lowest prices, ready for immediate shipment; also slightly used films from 2c. per foot up; try our 20th century rental service; shipments prompt, prices right; write to-day for price list to Canada's first and largest exchange, Dominion Film Exchange, 32-34 Queen St., East, Toronto.

MOTION PICTURES—A new supply of first-class "Pathe" film and projecting lanterns for sale, at Maynard's Photo Stock House, 115 Pandora street.

Nursing Homes

MRS. WALKER, 1017 Burdette avenue. Comfortable home, skilled nursing, moderate terms. Phone A1400

NURSING HOME—Private and comfortable rooms, with best of care and attention. 2026 Fernwood road. Tel. 981.

MISS E. H. JONES, 731 Vancouver St.

Painter and Decorator

JAMES SCOTT ROSS, 916 Pandora Ave., expert paperhanger and decorator; rooms papered or painted cheap. Signs. Estimates. Write or telephone A1389.

PAINTER AND DECORATOR, FRANK MELLOR. Phone 1564. 901 YATES ST.

Pottery Ware, Etc.

SEWER PIPE, Field Tile, Ground Fire Clay, Flower Pots, etc. B. C. Pottery Co., Ltd., corner Broad and Pandora streets, Victoria, B. C.

Scavenging

VICTORIA SCAVENGING CO.—Office, 710 Yates street. Phone 963. Ashes and garbage removed.

WING ON & SON—All kinds of scavenger work, yard cleaning, etc. Office, 1709, Government St. Phone 23.

Second-Hand Goods

WANTED—Old coats and vests, pants, boots and shoes, trunks, valises, shotguns, revolvers, overcoats, etc. Highest cash prices paid. Will call at any address. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 572 Johnson street, four doors below Government St. Phone 1747.

WANTED—Scrap brass, copper zinc, lead, cast iron, sacks and all kinds of bottles and rubber; highest cash prices paid. Victoria Junk Agency, 1620 Store street. Phone 1336.

MISFIT and second-hand clothing bought and sold. "Lash's" Cleaning Tailoring and Repairing Co., 843 View street. Phone A1207.

Signs

UP-TO-DATE SIGN and glass painting of all kinds. Bulletins, Show Cards, Window Tickets. Victoria Sign Works, 721 Pandora. Phone A476.

Stump Pulling

TO FARMERS—The Stump Puller recently patented and made in Victoria, more powerful than any other ever made, catches from one to twenty stumps in one pull. Most surprising to all who have seen it work, and is just what the farmer and contractor needs. Will clear up a radius of 230 feet round without moving; can be removed with ease in thirty minutes; it doesn't matter whether your land is hilly or covered with green or old stumps. Those having land to clear should have one of these. Apply 466 Burnside road.

Teaming

TRIMBLE & SON, general teaming, ploughing and excavating. 17 Putman street. Phone A1439.

Truck and Dray

TRUCKING—Quick service, reasonable charges. I. Walsh & Sons, Baker's Feed Store, 540 Yates street.

VICTORIA TRUCK AND DRAY CO.—Telephone 13. Stable Phone 23.

Watch Repairing

A. PETCH, 99 Douglas street. Specialty of English watch repairing. All kinds of clocks and watches repaired.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of the Pacific Northern & Omineca Railway Company will be held at the office of Messrs. Bodwell & Lawson, No. 918 Government street, Victoria, B. C., at twelve o'clock noon, on Wednesday, the 16th day of September, A. D. 1908, for the purpose of receiving a report from the directors, for the election of directors, and for the transaction of other business connected with or incident to the undertaking of the company.

HENRY PHILIPS,
Secretary.
Victoria, B. C., August 12, 1908.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND OTHERS To insure quick sales of properties should get them photographed by

FLEMING BROS.

Maps and plans copied or blue printed. Enlargements from films or prints to any size. Finishing and supplies for amateurs. Kodaks for sale or hire.
PHONE 105A. 501 GOVERNMENT ST.

JUST ARRIVED

Large shipment of Chinese Pongee Silks, best qualities; also Japanese Cotton Crepe, of all colors and prices, for sale by piece or by yard, or in any quantity required, at lowest prices.
18 and 20 Cormorant Street, Next the Fire Hall.
WAH YUN & CO.

Houses to Rent

FOR RENT—Modern eight roomed house, bath, pantry, scullery, conservatory, nice lawn and garden, rent moderate to suitable tenant, 1023 North Park street. Apply 810 Queen's avenue.

TO RENT—Rockland Ave., comfortable 6-room house, 3 bedrooms, per month, $30. McPherson & Fullerton Bros., 618 Trounce Ave. Phone 1377.

TO LET—Furnished house, on Florence road, $30 per month. Apply Beaumont Post Office.

Houses for Sale

FOR SALE—New 3 roomed cottage and two lots, cheap. 129 Ladysmith street.

FOR SALE—We are building a modern bungalow on South Rudlin street. This house is planned by a woman to make the house work easy; everything is first-class. Fine view from the front veranda. An ideal home for a person of moderate means, as it is situated close to the High school and public schools, and a short walk from the business section of the city. If you are renting or intending to purchase you should look this house over, it will likely suit you. The price is $3,000, small cash payment and the balance by the month. The Victoria Fuel Co., No. 618 Trounce Ave. Telephone 1377.

FOR SALE—8 room cottage, 1 or 2 lots, bearing fruit trees, 2 minutes from car line, cheap for cash. 1044 Davie street, Oak Bay.

FOR SALE—5 room modern cottage, 1163 North Park street, $250 cash and $20 per month, interest 6 per cent. Inquire 915 Pandora Ave., or The Griffith Co., 1242 Government street.

FOR SALE—New 5 room cottage, nicely finished. Come and see. Full lot, good garden. Terms can be arranged for part of price. Will sell cheap. Owner intends going ranching. Call at 2751 Graham street, city.

Houses Wanted

WANTED—A house near the car line; must have 14 rooms or over. Phone A259.

WANTED—5 or 6 roomed cottage, with garden preferred, near tram. Write Box 454, Times Office.

Help Wanted—Male

DRUG APPRENTICE—Boy wanted as apprentice, one having passed High school entrance preferred. Apply John Cochrane, druggist.

WANTED—Shoe shiner, good proposition for the right man. Apply at Spencer's.

WANTED—Messengers, with wheels. Apply Hasty Messenger Co., 1219 Langley street.

Help Wanted—Female

GIRLS—Experienced in paper box making. Hibben & Co., 1121 Langley St.

EXPERIENCED GIRL WANTED for small family, $25 monthly. F. L., P. O. Box 233, Victoria.

WANTED—General servant. Apply Box 43, this office.

DRESSMAKERS WANTED AT ONCE—Waist hands, skirt hands, apprentices; steady work assured to good hands. Henry Young & Co.

Lots for Sale

FOR SALE—6 lots, 60x120 each, on Carey road, good high land; would sell the block, 240x180 feet; price right. Box 926, Times Office.

FOR SALE—8 good lots, $250 each, near Cook street; 1 lot, Rudlin street, $400; 1 lot, Bay street, between Government and Douglas, $1,000; a fine new bungalow and 2 lots, James Bay (something good). Hodgson, 1223 Douglas street and 612 Yates street.

WOULD YOU BUY A LOT if you had 2 years to pay for it See Maysmith & Co., Mahon Bldg.

FOR SALE—Lot on Adelaide street, close to May street; new car line; one good lot for $350, easy terms; must be sold. Lee & Fraser, 11 Trounce ave.

PROVIDED YOU HAD THE MONEY, could you advance an argument against Central Park lots? Maysmith & Co., Mahon Bldg.

OVER 50 SATISFIED BUYERS of Central Park lots. A few left, $550 up. Maysmith & Co., Mahon Bldg., will take you to the property.

2 LOTS on Victoria ave., near Gorge car line, only $300 each, a snap. McPherson & Fullerton Bros., 618 Trounce ave., Victoria, B. C.

Miscellaneous

WE HAVE SEVERAL CLIENTS requiring houses and cottages; owners having same to let please list. Empire Realty Co., 612 Yates street.

THE ANNUAL FOUND PARTY will be held at the W. C. T. U. Home (near Jubilee Hospital), on Tuesday, 15th inst., to which all friends are cordially invited.

NOTICE—To sportsmen and others, Lake Farm, Colquitz. Notice is hereby given that shooting or trespassing on these lands is strictly forbidden. H. Watts Jones.

MADAME DESPAND, Medium. Seance Wednesday, 8 p. m. 1044 Davie street, Oak Bay. Seats, 25c.

FORD & GREENWOOD, Auctioneers. Parties intending having a sale will do well to consult with them at 502 Simcoe street. G. R. Ford, auctioneer, valuator, collector, etc.

MIDDLE-AGED WIDOW LADY of some means and seriously inclined, wishes to correspond with a gentleman. Please address Box 898, Times Office.

INFANTS' SCHOOL, 1010 Yates street.

TO LET—Offices in Bank of Montreal Chambers. Apply Bank of Montreal.

FOR SALE—South Wellington coal, the best coal mined—less ashes, less soot, more heat. Order your next ton from the Victoria Fuel Co., tel. 1377, McPherson & Fullerton Bros., 618 Trounce ave., Victoria, B. C.

HANBURY'S "MOTHER'S BREAD"—A high-class family bread.

NOTICE—The B. C. Steam Dye Works, 831 Yates street, has suspended business until further notice. Customers having goods at above place can have same by addressing J. C. Renfrew, 1126 Johnson street.

HANBURY'S "MOTHER'S BREAD"—Ask your grocer for it.

THE LATEST sheet metal electric signs. J. Morkel, maker, Victoria, B. C.

Lost and Found

LOST—To-day, on Yates street, an automobile handle. Please return to D. R. Ker, cor. Broad and Pandora streets.

LOST—A $50 bill, in V. & S. railway station, on Thursday. Reward for its return to Times Office.

LOST—Between city and Esquimalt cannery, some days ago, one pair rimless spectacles and leather case; also note book. Reward Times Office.

FOUND — Gentleman's silver watch. Owner can have same by paying for this ad. Apply 1237 Johnson street, between 12 and 1.

Miscellaneous Goods for Sale

FOR SALE—Cheap, 30 shares Silica Brick & Lime Co., 5 shares Nootka Marble Co., fully paid up; auto, 4 seats, good repair; or will exchange above for lots in Oak Bay district, outside city limits preferred. Apply J. B. W., 649 Yates St.

A GOOD HORSE for general use for sale, cheap, will take $83; also one incubator and one brooder, $15. 1214 Government street, Room 3.

FOR SALE—Pedigreed English setter bitch, 1 year and 5 months old, from Malwyd Bob, broke to the gun. Address T. F. G., 1323 Waddington Alley.

A SNAP—Parlor suite, 5 pieces, $18; new Brussels carpet, 162 yards, 12 ft. 6 in. by 9 ft. (cost $1.25 a yard), $10; good writing desk, $5. 826 Bay street.

DROP-HEAD SEWING MACHINE, new, for sale, at a bargain. P. O. Box 82.

GENT'S 2-speed English bicycle, in perfect condition, for sale, cheap. Pimley Auto Co., 813 Government street.

FOR SALE—Cheap, team good work horses, weight about 1,500 lbs.; also harness and wagon. Apply G. Skinner, Esquimalt road.

FOR SALE—60 canaries; also young chickens. Reasonable offer refused. 1288 Gladstone Ave., Spring Ridge.

FOR SALE—A new launch, length 17 feet; speed, 7 miles; cheap for cash. Apply S. Doncaster, Esquimalt.

FOR SALE—A good paying business. Box 890 Times Office.

FOR SALE—Shop fittings, complete. Address Box 881, Times Office.

FOR SALE—Hunting dogs, 1 English setter dog, broken to retrieve; 2 black retriever pups, $25 each; decoy geese, wild geese tamed, at $5 each; and Toulouse geese, $1.50 each. Address Mrs. A. Le Lievre, Glanford Ave., Maywood P. O.

FOR SALE—Lady's new bicycle, best American make, $30. Apply 639 Fort St.

AUTO FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for realty or active stocks. Auto, care Times.

HORSE FOR SALE. Apply 1626 Menzies street

RIGHT for island, fast selling article; a snap. Box 909.

FOR SALE—Bargains in guns. Repeater shotgun, $12.50; repeater rifle, 22 cal., $6.50; 25.35 cal. rifle, $10.50. Rivetted overalls, 75c., reg. $1. Other bargains at the XL Second-Hand Store, opp. Pantages Theatre, in alley.

FOR SALE—Southdown sheep, pure bred and registered rams. Address A. T. Watt, P. O. Box 790, Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE—Rover motor car, in first-class running order, at a low figure, or will exchange for Victoria real estate and pay difference in cash. Box 474, Times Office.

SINGER MOTOR CYCLE FOR SALE—At a sacrifice; owner going to England. See it at Pimley's, 813 Government St.

FOR SALE—Shotgun, 12 bore, $12; revolver, 22 cal., $3.50; barometer, 50c.; large mirrors, $2.50; key chains, ring, etc., 25c.; teapot knobs, 6 for 25c.; stereoscopes, 2 doz. views, $1.75; stage diamonds, 25c. Jacob Aaronson's new and second-hand store, 56 Johnson street, 4 doors below Government. Phone 1747.

FOR SALE—A few new buggies, latest style, second-hand buggies, wagons and carts, two good fresh calved cows; also all kinds of horses. Apply at I. J. J. Fisher's Carriage Shop, 642 Discovery street.

Property for Sale

FOR SALE—Gordon Head road, seven acres cleared land for $320 per acre; must be sold. Lee & Fraser, 11 Trounce avenue.

FOR SALE—160-acre farm on Galiano Island, 2½ miles from new government wharf, 75 acres of good land, 10 to 15 acres cleared, 25 acres slashed, 2 roomed shack, plenty of good spring water, a few fruit trees, a portion of land fenced, a good road to property. $700 has been laid out by former owner in clearing and fencing, coal right goes with the land, two companies own coal rights in the vicinity, plenty of good timber; $2,200 cash, $2,500, $1,500 down, balance to arrange. Apply 735 Broughton street.

FOR SALE—10 acres, house, out buildings, fruit trees, plenty of water. T. Morley, Swan Lake.

WATER FRONTAGE on the Gorge at a snap. McPherson & Fullerton Bros., 618 Trounce ave., Victoria, B. C.

FOR SALE—3½ acres Cadboro Bay, 100 yards water front, 8 roomed house, bathroom, etc., with space for 3 extra rooms upstairs, good well, water in house; boat house, summer cottage and all necessary outbuildings, stable, etc.; grand view; price reasonable. Apply to Alan S. Dumbleton, Law Chambers, Bastion street.

TIMBER—Before buying or selling timber in B. C. call and see my list, comprising more than 100 of the best properties, aggregating a total cut of twenty-five billion (25,000,000,000) feet. A. T. Prampton, Mahon Bldg., Victoria. Phone 1695.

Wanted—Miscellaneous

WANTED—To buy, from two to three acres, cheap, from 3 to 4 miles out. Address "R.," Times Office.

WANTED—Furnished bedroom, near the embankment; rent not exceeding $6; permanent. Box 922, Times.

WANTED—To purchase, plate camera to take pictures 5x7; hand and stand equipment; must have good lens, to work at F. 6.8; reliable shutter for time and instantaneous work; view finders; three plate carriers. Apply, stating terms, to "Photographer," Times Office.

WANTED—A few young chickens or pullets, must be cheap (common kind only); state lowest price. Box 551, Times.

WANTED—A party to share six-roomed house near Beacon Hill Park; car and sea. Box 515, Times.

WANTED—Dressmaking to do at home, or at ladies' houses. Apply 1412 Quadra street.

J. GREENWOOD
REAL ESTATE AND TIMBER
Above Northern Bank. Tel. A322

COBBLE HILL—10 ACRES at Cobble Hill, of good land fronting on the new Mill Bay Road, will sell on terms, for $350

STRAWBERRY VALE—5 ACRES, all under cultivation. Fine house, good stable, and an excellent orchard. Terms $5,000

COLQUITZ, about four miles from City—42 ACRES, 20 acres cultivated, six room house. Two good wells, barns and chicken houses. A big snap, only $6,500

Situations Wanted—Female

ENGLISHWOMAN seeks situation as help or working housekeeper, domesticated, good needlewoman. Address Box 897, Times Office.

AN EXPERIENCED maternity nurse, just arrived from England; open for engagements; good references. Apply 1520 Yates street.

Rooms and Board

TO LET—Furnished bedroom, large, comfortable, central. 829 Broughton street. Phone 1509.

TO LET—Comfortably furnished rooms, with or without board. 725 Vancouver street.

TO RENT—Large pleasant furnished housekeeping rooms, fourth house from Menzies. 463 Belleville street.

TO RENT—In modern, well furnished house, good locality, bedroom, with use of sitting room and kitchen, to careful tenant, no children. Write F. B. Webb, P. O. Box 434, Victoria.

COMFORTABLY FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for one or two gentlemen. 1042 Yates street.

TO LET—Unfurnished, a large double front room, suitable for a dressmaker, newly decorated, electric light, terms moderate. 848 Yates street, near Dominion hotel.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms. 728 Hillside Ave., near the car line.

ROOMS TO LET—Furnished or unfurnished, board optional, electric light and bath; terms moderate. Inquire 313 Kingston street.

FURNISHED ROOMS—With or without board, piano and phone. 461 Quebec St.

FURNISHED ROOMS from $6 a month, rooms and board, $5.50 a week. 731 Fisguard street, city.

TO LET—2 unfurnished rooms. 427 Government street.

TO LET—Nicely furnished rooms; every convenience. Phone B1243. 949 Fort St.

ROOMS TO LET. 1010 Yates street.

TO LET—Nice little rooms, 25 cents per night; $1.50 per week, at The Thorold, 1407 Government street.

TO LET—2 nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Apply 974 Fisguard street.

ROOMS AND BOARD—756 Rae street.

COMFORTABLY furnished rooms, with or without board. 725 Vancouver St.

PRINCE RUPERT HOUSE, Bastion Square. Furnished housekeeping and single rooms.

Lodges

ROYAL TEMPLARS OF TEMPERANCE meet in K. of P. Hall, cor. Pandora and Douglas, every 1st and 3rd Wednesday, 8 p. m.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Odd Fellows' Hall, Douglas street. R. W. Fawcett, Rec. Sec., 237 Government street.

COURT CARIBOO, NO. 748, I.O.F.—Meets on second Tuesday and fourth Monday of each month in K. of P. Hall, corner Pandora and Douglas streets. Visiting Foresters welcomed. F. Sec., E. Parsons, Lee & Fraser, Trounce ave.; J. W. H. King, R. Sec., 1261 Pandora street.

COMPANION COURT FAR WEST, I. O. F., No. 276, meets first and third Mondays each month in K. of P. Hall, corner Douglas and Pandora streets. Isabelle Moore, Financial Secretary, 969 Burnside road, city.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD—Victoria Camp, No. 13, Canadian Order of the Woodmen of the World, meets in K. of P. Hall, corner Douglas and Pandora streets, 1st and 3rd Fridays in the month. Wm. Jackson, clerk.

K. OF P.—No. 1, Far West Lodge, Friday, K. of P. Hall, cor. Douglas and Pandora Sts. H. Weber, K. of R. & S. Box 544.

VICTORIA, NO. 17, K. of P., meets at K. of P. Hall every Thursday. D. S. Mowat, K. of R. & S. Box 164.

A. O. F., COURT NORTHERN LIGHT, No. 1985, meets at K. of P. Hall 2nd and 4th Wednesdays. W. F. Fullerton, Secy.

VICTORIA LODGE, No. 1, A. O. U. W., meets every second and fourth Wednesday in month at A. O. U. W. Hall. Members of Order visiting the city cordially invited to attend. R. Dunn, recorder.

Rates for Classified Ads

The rate for all "Want" advertisements is 1c. per word per issue. No advertisement is taken for less than 10c. Each figure and initial counts as a word. Six insertions for the price of four.

WANT AD. DEPOTS.

Branch offices for the receiving of "Want" advertisements of the Daily Times will be found at the following addresses:

T. Redding, grocer, Catherine St., Victoria West.
F. W. Fawcett, druggist, cor. King's Rd. and Douglas St.
Dodds' Grocery, Esquimalt.
J. T. McDonald's Grocery, Oak Bay Junction.
Schroeder's Grocery, Menzies St., James Bay.
E. B. Jones, grocer, cor. Cook and North Park streets.

Advertisements left at any of the above depots will be telephoned to the Times office and will be inserted as promptly and for the same price as if left at the Times office itself.

DISPLAY RATES.

$5.00 per inch per month. Contract rates and full information on application to Times Office.

HOLMES & GREEN
REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE
575 YATES ST., PHONE 1698.

OUR WEEKLY SPECIALS.

ON NEW CAR LINE.
ROSS BAY—8 ROOMED HOUSE, 4 bedrooms $2,150
VIEW STREET—2 COTTAGES, 5 rooms, pantry, bath, electric light, quite new, each $3,000

SWINERTON & OODY
102 GOVERNMENT ST. Est. 1892.

FOR QUICK SALE
50 ACRES.
CHEMAINUS DISTRICT.

1,500 Feet Railway Frontage.
3 acres in orchard; 450 trees.
1½ acres in potatoes, ½-acre in onions, 1 acre in oats.
34 acres slashed, 10 acres timber.
150 loganberries, 200 rhubarb, strawberries, asparagus, vegetables, etc.
Good creek, summer and winter.
Close to post office, stores, church, school, etc.
2-roomed house, new large rooms.
Stable, cowshed, poultry houses.
Glass house with furnace.
2 cows, chickens and pigs.
Implements, incubators, etc.
PRICE, $5,000.

MONEY TO LOAN
At Current Rates.

C. NEWTON YOUNG
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
DUNCAN, VANCOUVER ISLAND, B. C.

OFFERS FOR SALE
BUSINESS AND BUILDING LOTS,
And
RESIDENTIAL PROPERTIES
In
DUNCAN, VICTORIA AND NANAIMO.

Also
FARMS in the Cowichan Valley.
WRITE FOR FURTHER INFORMATION AND PARTICULARS.

J. STUART YATES
22 BASTION STREET, VICTORIA.

FOR SALE.

80 ACRES—Sooke District, just inside Sooke Harbor.

FINE SEA FRONTAGE—At Esquimalt, about three acres, cheap.

TWO LOTS—On Victoria harbor, with large wharf and sheds and 2 large warehouses, in good condition, on easy terms.

THREE LOTS—On Yates street, with 10 stores, bringing in good rentals.

TO RENT—Large wharf, at foot of Yates street, rent $120 per month.

8½ ACRES—On Colquitz river, Victoria District, cheap.

For further particulars apply to above address.

LEE & FRASER
9 AND 11 TROUNCE AVENUE.

BEACON HILL PARK—Modern bungalow and 2 lots, only $5,000, and on easy terms.

NORTH PARK STREET—6 roomed cottage and large grounds. Inquire at office for terms and price.

LOTS FOR SALE—On Ladysmith, Blackwood and Prior streets, on very easy terms.

CORDOVA BAY—Fine acreage on water front, $150 per acre.

CIVIC NOTICE.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria having determined that it is desirable to construct the works hereunder mentioned on the following streets, name):

1. Permanent sidewalk on the north side of Cormorant street, from Government street to the Market Building. (With stone or iron curb.)
2. Permanent sidewalk on the south side of Pandora avenue from Broad street to Douglas street. (With stone or iron curb.)
3. Permanent sidewalk on the north side of Johnson street from Broad street to the west side of Porter's Building.
4. Permanent sidewalk on the west side of Government street from Fisguard street to the south line of Lot 403. (With stone or iron curb.)
5. Permanent sidewalk on the west side of Government street from Cormorant street to Fisguard street.
6. Permanent sidewalk on the east side of Government street from Cormorant street to the south line of Lot 601.
7. Permanent sidewalk on the south side of Bithet street from Menzies street to Turner stret.

And that each and all of said works should be carried out in accordance with the provisions of the "Local Improvement General By-Law, and amendment thereto; and the City Engineer and City Assessor having reported to the Council, in accordance with the provisions of Section 4 of the said By-Law, upon each and every of said works of Local Improvement, giving statements showing the amounts estimated to be chargeable in each case against the various portions of real property to be benefited by the said works, and the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor aforesaid having been adopted by the Council,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the said reports are open for inspection at the office of the City Assessor, City Hall, Douglas street.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.
Victoria, B. C., Sept. 1st, 1908.

The Seaman's Institute
525 BASTION SQUARE.
(In affiliation with the British and Foreign Sailors' Society, England).
Open daily, for free use of seamen only, from 1 to 10 p. m.; Sunday, 3 to 5 p. m.

R. S. DAY & B. BOGGS
Established 1890.
620 FORT STREET
VICTORIA, B. C.

FOR SALE,
STORE UPON GOOD CORNER,
JAMES BAY,
PRICE $2,000.

TO LOAN,
THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS,
AT SEVEN PER CENT.
MUST BE GOOD SECURITY.

FOR SALE,
SIXTY ACRES, TEN CULTIVATED
HOUSE, BARN, ORCHARD,
GOOD CREEK.
PRICE $2,500.

FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE,
FURNISHED,
AND OTHERS.

FOR SALE,
A CHOICE FRUIT FARM
AT
GORDON HEAD
AT A SACRIFICE PRICE.

WE PUBLISH "HOME LIST."
A CATALOGUE OF ALL THE DESIRABLE FARMS FOR SALE ON VANCOUVER ISLAND.

BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND & INVESTMENT AGENCY, LIMITED.
49 GOVERNMENT STREET.

$1,900,
NEW, MODERN COTTAGE,
EAST END,
And Good Lot,
Can Be Had on Easy Terms.

$1,050 EACH,
Your Choice of Two,
FOUR-ROOMED HOUSES
In James Bay,
Close to Sea,
Easy Terms.

HALF-ACRE,
$900,
FOUL BAY,
Close to Fine Beach,
Very Pretty Spot.

$2,300,
SECOND STREET,
SIX-ROOMED HOUSE,
Good Lot, Front and Back Entrance,
Modern, Every Respect.

$3,500,
SEVEN-ROOMED MODERN HOUSE
And Lot 54 x 120
Close to Park and Sea.
Terms.

$2,000,
SIX-ROOMED HOUSE,
Close In,
Modern, Every Respect.
Terms Quarter Cash.

S. A. BAIRD
REAL ESTATE, FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE AGENT.
NEW ADDRESS, 1210 DOUGLAS ST.

FOR SALE.

$2,500—FOUR ROOMED COTTAGE and one-half acre of land, fruit trees and small fruit, good buy, terms can be arranged.

$4,200—EIGHT ROOMED MODERN BUNGALOW, lawn tennis court, splendid vegetable garden, fruit trees and small fruits.

$1,600—SMALL MODERN COTTAGE, with good lot, Victoria West.

$775 EACH—For FIVE GOOD LOTS, on Pembroke street, between Cook and Chambers streets.

$2,000—Buys a GOOD COTTAGE and two lots; terms can be arranged.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN IN NON-TARIF COMPANIES.

NOTICE.

In the matter of the title to part of City Lots 405 and 406, Victoria, and in the matter of the "Quieting Titles' Act,"

Pursuant to an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia dated the 19th day of August, 1908, notice is hereby given that an application was made on behalf of Charles Edward Adams, of Rossland, B. C., John Benbow Adams and George Daniel Adams, both of Victoria, B. C., under the "Quieting Titles' Act" for a declaration of title to the northerly strip of Lots 406 and 405 in said city having a frontage of 25 feet on Broad street by a uniform depth from front to rear of 75 feet as shown on the official map of the said city, and any person having or pretending to have any title to or interest in the said premises or any part thereof is required within six (6) weeks from the first publication of this notice to file a statement of his or her claim with the District Registrar of the Supreme Court of British Columbia at Victoria, B. C., pursuant to the "Quieting Titles Act," otherwise the declaration of title will be granted as applied for.

Dated this 19th day of August, 1908.

CREASE & CREASE,
Solicitors for the Petition,
521 Fort Street,
Victoria, B. C.

NOTICE.

THE SILVER SPRING BREWERY, LIMITED.

In Liquidation.

WHEREAS the above named Company, incorporated the 13th day of August, 1907, having disposed of its entire assets to the Company now doing business under the same name, is in process of being voluntarily wound up;

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that creditors and other persons having any claims or demands upon or against the said first named Company are hereby required to send the particulars in writing thereof to the undersigned, liquidator of the Company, at his office, 1122 Broad street, Victoria, B. C., before the 5th day of October, 1908, after which date he will proceed to distribute the assets of the said first named Company amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which he shall then have had notice, and the said liquidator shall not be liable for the assets or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person of whose claim or demand he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria, B. C., this 4th day of September, 1908.

J. MUSGRAVE,
1122 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.,
Liquidator.

25c **Ross' Bargain FINE FRUIT** 25c

BANANAS, very large, Saturday, per dozen 25c
PINEAPPLES, large, ripe and juicy, to-day, each 25c

FINNAN HADDIE, per pound 20c
SPRING CHICKENS, nice for your Sunday dinner, a very fancy lot, choice and plump, per lb 25c
SUGAR CORN, especially fine and young, per dozen 25c
CRUMPETS, just fresh made, per dozen 20c

DIXI H. ROSS & CO.
UP-TO-DATE GROCERS 1317 GOVERNMENT ST.
Tels. 52, 1052 and 1590
JELL-O DEMONSTRATION NOW ON HERE.
Come in and taste the new Cream Pudding. It's delicious.

'The Exchange'
718 FORT ST.
Phones 1737 and Res. A280
BUY, SELL OR EXCHANGE FURNITURE, ETC.
HAVE FOR SALE SOME MAHOGANY
BEDROOM FURNITURE
Old Sideboards and Chests of Drawers, Couches, Stepladders, Whatnots, Kitchen Shelves and Utensils.
Iron and Wood Beds, Springs and Mattresses, new and second-hand.
FURNITURE MADE TO ORDER
Upholstered by competent men.

BROWN'S AUCTION MART
742 FORT STREET
BIG SALE OF
Horses, Cattle, Rigs, Harness, Farm Implements, Etc.
AT THE ROOMS
On
TUESDAY, SEPT. 15th
AT 2 P. M.
Persons having anything in this line to dispose of can send them in up to day of sale.
The Auctioneer JOHN BROWN

Stewart Williams. Hilton Keith.
Stewart Williams & Co.
AUCTIONEERS
AND COMMISSION AGENTS
HOLD WEEKLY SALES OF FURNITURE.
SALES HELD AT PRIVATE HOUSES BY ARRANGEMENT
City agents for the ATLAS ASSURANCE COMPANY of England.
'Phone 1324.
The Auctioneer, Stewart Williams.

Maynard & Son
AUCTIONEERS
Under instructions from Major Bennett we will sell without reserve
NEXT FRIDAY
2 P. M.
At his residence, Work Point Barracks,
ALL HIS
ELEGANT AND COSTLY
FURNITURE
EXCEPTIONALLY RARE AND CHOICE COLLECTION OF STEEL ENGRAVINGS AND OIL PAINTINGS
This is a splendid line of furniture and the engravings and paintings could never be duplicated. Will be on view Thursday afternoon. Full details of above pictures will appear later.
MAYNARD & SON, Auctioneers

Is There Sickness In Your Home?
THEN WHO IS FILLING YOUR PRESCRIPTIONS?
You cannot hope to get proper results unless your prescriptions are filled exactly as ordered. One thing is certain, our prescription filling is accurate—it is done by registered pharmacists, and only fresh potent drugs are used. This service costs no more than any other. Let us fill your prescriptions.
JOHN COCHRANE
CHEMIST
N. W. Cor
Yates and Douglas Sts.

"A DYING NATION."

Only Country Where Deaths Exceed Births.

The steadily progressive decline in the birth-rate of France is a subject of constant preoccupation among political economists. Certainly a statistical review of the situation published in Opinion by M. de Foville, member of the institute and president of the Academie des Sciences Morales et Politiques, accentuates the national gravity of the question.

The latest figures prove that France as a nation is slowly but surely dying. In 100 years the birth-rate has fallen from 32 per 1,000 to 19.7, and at the present moment, for the first time in history, and in France alone among nations, the deaths exceed the births.

Since the twentieth century began the decline has continued at the following alarming rate: Excess of births over deaths—1902, 84,000; 1903, 73,000; 1904, 57,000; 1905, 37,000; 1906, 27,000.

Last year, 1907, there were 20,000 more deaths than births. The official returns are 794,000 and 774,000 under these respective heads.

The word "depopulation," M. de Foville points out, is, therefore, no exaggeration. Is it, he asks, the beginning of the end? At this rate, France will soon be ripe for invasion. It is the only fate waiting a country which is capable of supporting 80,000,000 inhabitants and is content with half that number. In another twenty years there will be two Germans for every Frenchman.

As to the causes, the writer contends that they are political and economic as well as moral. The law is lax in regard to certain criminal practices, it has made divorce ridiculously easy, and it winks at pernicious teachings. Nothing, in fact, is being done to arrest the gradual extinction of a great race.

—Rev. E. D. McLaren, D. D., of Toronto, will assist the pastor at First Presbyterian church, corner of Blanchard and Pandora streets, to-morrow morning. Dr. McLaren will preach the sermon. The doctor is a racy, clear, practical and forceful preacher.

COAL
J. KINGHAM & CO.
Office, 1210 Broad Street.
Telephone 647.

BUGGIES! BUGGIES!
THE CANADA CARRIAGE COMPANY'S BUGGIES ALWAYS LEAD.
WHY?—Because they are built to wear, and because they are the best finished and most up-to-date rigs on the market today—THAT'S WHY.
Call and see the stock at 510 Johnson St.
B. C. HARDWARE CO., LTD.

Soap That Sings "Home, Sweet Home"
MATCHLESS CLEANSER, 6 CAKES IN CARTON
GRAND SATURDAY SNAP, ONLY 20c
SATURDAY FRUIT BARGAINS
As usual we are offering our regular week-end "specials"; note our fine window display; note the low figures for quick sale.
The West End Grocery Co. Ltd.
1002 Government St. Phones 88 and 1761

POTATOES AND ONIONS
GOOD GOODS. RIGHT PRICES. FREE DELIVERY.
POTATOES, at .... $1.00 per 100
ONIONS, at $2.00 per 100; 10 lbs. for 25c
SYLVESTER FEED CO. 709 YATES

"PACKINGS."
RAINBOW SHEET, PEERLESS PACKING, ROUND AND SQUARE CAR-LOCK PACKING.
HEMP AND FLAX PACKINGS.
TUCK'S ROUND AND SQUARE PACKING, FIBRE PACKING.
KLINGERITE SHEET PACKING.
FOR SALE BY
PETER McQUADE & SON
78 (1214) WHARF STREET VICTORIA, B. C.

LOCAL EXHIBITION WILL BE GRAND ONE

Entries Are Pouring in and All Previous Records Will Be Beaten--Horse Show to Be a Leading Feature

The Victoria fair, commencing Tuesday, 22nd inst., and lasting five days, will take in all exhibits in the way of agriculture and will give considerable time and space to the horse show and will also cover four days' horse racing. The Victoria Agricultural Society has spent the sum of $85,000 in fresh buildings and other improvements. No pains or expense have been spared to achieve a brilliant success for the 1908 fall fair. As far as lies in the power of the association the grounds at the terminus of the Willows beach car line have been improved up to the highest standard of efficiency both for the accommodation of patrons and for the purpose of the exhibition of agricultural products, implements, machinery and animals.

The large expenditures which have been made on the rehabilitation of the show grounds since the late fire, have not only included the erection of new buildings to replace those destroyed, but have also provided for more substantial and commodious premises for the show this year. Included among them are the new machinery hall, the picturesque restaurant building, the main hall and auditorium and the large building erected for the showing of poultry.

In addition to the actual show propaganda the management has spent a considerable sum in the improvement of the race track accommodation and to the equipment of the half mile track itself, which is by the association and also by prominent western and eastern racing men pronounced the best half mile track west of Salt Lake, while it is well known to all in the Canadian racing business as the best half mile track in Canada. There will be four days' racing included in the week commencing on Wednesday afternoon and continuing every afternoon through the week. For the races there are already over a score of horses stabled at the grounds and in preparation for the meet. The Seattle horses go to Vancouver to-morrow and will then at the close of that meeting, come across the bay and locate here for four days' racing. The St. James stable, owned by James Wheatcroft of St. James Island, has written for accommodation for exactly twenty horses for the races which the owner intends to race. A. R. Dennis will have three. McNeill is bringing Nonnie Lucielle, Gabriel will have four horses at least and several other owners who were here at the spring meeting will again be present.

For the horse show the secretary has received up to yesterday sixty-five entries with a large number coming by post to-night. There are already fifty-five cattle entries without encroaching on the Fraser river district, whence there will be other exhibits as announced from the owners of stock. The Pemberton stock farm has entered eighteen head of pure Clydesdale horses, and from the Iverholme stock farm at Ladner, T. W. Paterson is sending a big entry of Short Horn cattle and Clydesdale horses. J. T. Maynard of Chilliwack, has written for accommodation for his sheep, dairy cattle and swine.

J. M. Considine of Seattle, will have ten horses in all classes. J. D. Farrell, president of the Oregon-Washington Railway Company, has reserved accommodation for eight horses, among which patrons of the show will have the pleasure of seeing the famous high jumper, Fox Catcher, which jumped a height of six feet six inches in Seattle last week. Another high jumper will be seen in Golden Crest, owned by J. A. Russell, president of the Vancouver Hunt Club, which jumped five feet eleven inches against Fox Catcher's six feet one inch, when the two animals were in competition recently. From the Terminal City there are entries for the horse show from most of the members of the Vancouver Hunt Club. The total number will be in the neighborhood of forty horses. P. Burns & Co. will enter the high school horse Fancy Pat, and W. S. Holland, of Vancouver, will have thirteen entries including the fancy team of high steppers from Toronto which were recently purchased there by the exhibitor and will be shown in British Columbia for the first time the week after next. The pair are now on the way out here. From Vernon S. R. O'Neill will bring nine horses, among which will be the undefeated champion heavy geldings of the Dominion, Charlie and Sir Thomas, which have taken first prize at the Toronto exhibition and the Toronto horse show, first at Montreal, Ottawa, Galt, Ont., and at Winnipeg, where they also secured the grand championship. There will also be two teams of high steppers. From Chilliwack also there are horses coming, also stock. For the latter exhibit a request has been received for a boat to bring down two hundred head. This exhibit does not apply to the whole of the Fraser river, but to Chilliwack alone. Spokane, Calgary, Seattle, Vancouver and several other centres are to be represented in the show in all events. Seventy-five new stalls have been erected for the accommodation of exhibits as the management found that entries coming in would be above the accommodation provided at the time.

Nan and Plover, a pony pair tandem, will be driven by Miss Helen Farrell at the horse show. J. D. Farrell's Premier from Seattle; Endurance, a hackney stallion owned by Hadwen and Cathcart, Duncans, and J. D. Farrell's Merry Widow will also exhibit. Mrs. A. M. McDonald, of Vancouver, has entered Pedro, and there are many others fast coming in. The horse show will be held each night during the week and will provide a two hours' performance. The show will be opened by the Lieutenant-Governor on Tuesday at 2 p. m. and will be open thereafter day and night for the balance of the week. The charges of admission have been fixed at 50 cents during the day and at half that figure at night while children in the afternoon and morning will be admitted for 25 cents. An extra charge of 25 cents will be made for admission to the stand for the pavilion and to the horse show at night. The management has provided a number of private boxes for the horse show, which are now being reserved by patrons. The boxes will hold eight persons and are sold at $25 for the season. The judges number the best experts that can be obtained, some of them having international reputations in their respective work. They are: Heavy horses, George W. Gray, of Newcastle, Ont.; light horses, W. Staley Park, of Berks Hamsted, England; beef cattle, J. G. Barron, of Calgary, Alta.; dairy cattle and sheep and stock, R. W. Hodson, B.S.A., live stock commissioner of British Columbia; standard bred horses, F. M. Logan, Vancouver; fruit, J. R. Sheppard, Salem, Ore.; vegetables and grain, L. H. Newham, Ottawa; dairy produce, F. M. Logan, Vancouver; poultry, Dr. A. W. Bell, Winnipeg; pigeons, T. Wilkinson, Nanaimo; schools, drawing and brushwork, W. H. Burns; maps, drawing and penmanship, E. W. Clarke; manual training, S. J. Willis, B. A., high school, and A. Smith, M. A., and Henry Dunnell.

The total entries for the year from the estimates to hand at this date will exceed by double those of last year. In the fruit exhibit there is already a shipment landed here from Summerland which at present is in cold storage.

The management has provided also for free entertainment to patrons a long amusement programme in which will be the special attraction of Professor Frank Sylvan, the aeronaut. He has contracted to make a balloon ascension and parachute drop every afternoon of the show at 1:30 p. m.

Explaining his performance, Prof. Sylvan says: "I am shackled with four pairs of regulation police handcuffs, the locks of which are sealed. I am placed in a sack and then deposited in a bound trunk. The latter is attached to the balloon and the latter is sent aloft. Then the question is to get unshackled, liberate myself from the trunk and climb to the balloon. This I do. Afterwards I send the trunk and general paraphernalia down on my small parachute. This done I go through my trapeze act in midair before descending on my large parachute."

Entries in the industrial exhibits have been heavy and as the date of the opening approaches the exhibitors are fast preparing their stands for the accommodation of their goods. The interior of the new building having been completed and all the space allotted workmen are now engaged at this work in every part of the building and among the structures being erected are those for the displays by the Brackman Ker Milling Company. The management are now awaiting the opening day with the hope of the fine weather continuing and given the same the success of the 1908 fall show is more than assured. A list of the doners of cups and special prizes is as follows:

The B. C. Saddlery Co., Ltd., Messrs. B. Williams & Co., Messrs. Dixi H. Ross & Co., Messrs. W. S. Fraser & Co., Ltd., J. Wenger, E. R. Stephen, Messrs. D. Spencer & Co., Ltd., Weiler Bros., J. W. Morris, Messrs. Challoner & Mitchell, Thos. D. Veitch, Messrs. Hall & Walker, W. H. Wilkerson, Messrs. E. G. Prior & Co., Messrs. Fletcher Bros., C. E. Redfern, The J. M. Whitney Co., Messrs. Henry Young & Co., The Victoria Book & Stationery Co., H. Dallas Helmcken, J. Savannah, Messrs. Cameron & Calwell, Dr. S. F. Tolmie, T. W. Paterson, Ald. A. Henderson, J. E. Smart, J. S. Todd & Sons, Messrs. R. P. Rithet & Co., H. J. Scott, J. A. Virtue, Dr. Lewis Hall, Messrs. Wilson Bros., The British-American Live Stock Association (Vancouver), The B. C. Hardware Co.

Provincial Exhibition
VICTORIA, - B.C.
British Columbia's Premier Fair
SEPTEMBER 22, 23, 24, 25 & 26
4 Days Great Horseracing
Trotting, Pacing, Running, Steeplechasing
New Grounds New Buildings New Attractions
HORSE SHOW EVERY EVENING
Cash Tombola Prizes Every Day
Everything New, Modern and Up-to-the-Minute
EXCURSION RATES FROM EVERYWHERE
For Prize Lists or Information Address:
J. E. SMART, Manager.

The total income of the English bar is estimated at $2,500,000 a year, or an average income per member of $1,575.

—See opening announcement of Rink in amusement column.

—So far the commencement of the shooting season has been very free from those distressing accidents which so often accompany the ushering in of the autumn sport. Now, however, word has been received that Thorn Forest, of Duncans, met with a serious accident, shooting himself in the leg with his own rifle. Just how it happened has not been learned, but it seems that the hunter slipped when walking through the forest with his rifle cocked. The weapon was discharged and the bullet entered his leg near the foot. Mr. Forest is now at St. Joseph's hospital and is doing well. The bullett has been extracted and he will probably soon be around again.

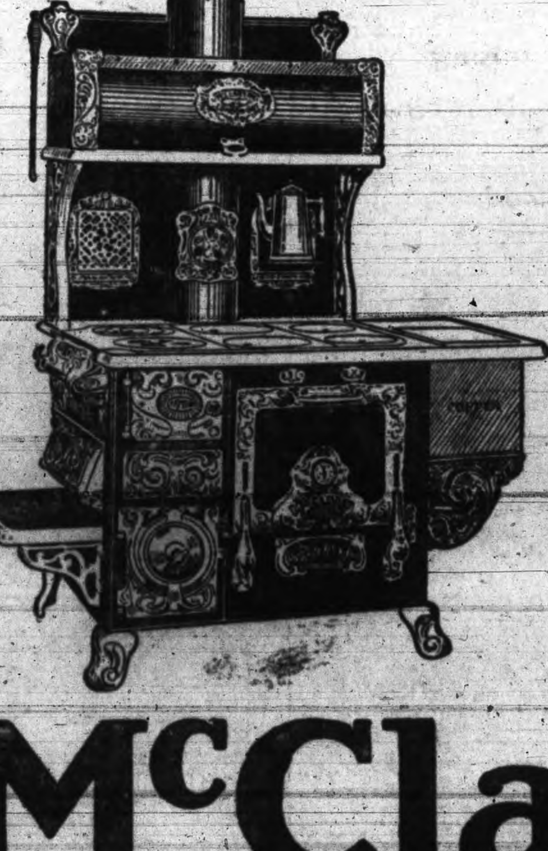
AVOID HEADACHE POWDERS.

When your liver is wrong, cheeks are pale, head aches—don't deaden the trouble with drugs, help out the system with Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Safe, mild and sure are Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Buy a 25c box.

A good locomotive should, with ordinary care, last twelve years.

Sask-alta Steel Range

They might have discovered "America" without Columbus—
They might have discovered "Electricity" without Franklin—
They might have discovered "blood circulation" without Harvey—
They might have discovered "Sask-alta" without McClary's.
MIGHT HAVE—BUT NOT SO SOON.



Application, preparation, devotion, determination, made all these successes possible at the right moment.

SIXTY-ONE years' preparation, backing up the McClary application, devotion, and determination, made possible the development of the "Sask-alta" ideal:—

The Automatic Lift Top and Broiler Door—The Direct Draft at Front—The Readily Attachable or Detachable Reservoir—The Extra Roomy Oven—The Easily-Cleaned-Out Flue, etc., etc.

McClary's
London, Toronto, Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, St. John, Hamilton, Calgary.
For Sale by CLARKE & PEARSON, Victoria, B. C.